NCHS Response to Health Policy Data Requests 2015

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Table. Percentage (and standard error) of persons who were uninsured at the time of interview, for selected time periods, by state Medicaid expansion status, age group and poverty status: United States, 2013–June 2014

Medicaid Expansion status, age group, and poverty status ¹	2013	April-June 2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states			
All ages	14.4 (0.26)	11.2 (0.45)	†3.2
≤138% FPL	25.5 (0.55)	21.0 (1.09)	†4.5
>138% and ≤400% FPL	16.6 (0.37)	12.4 (0.55)	†4.2
>400% FPL	4.0 (0.18)	3.3 (0.36)	0.7
0–17 years	6.5 (0.26)	5.6 (0.59)	0.9
≤138% FPL	8.6 (0.59)	7.4 (1.02)	1.2
>138% and ≤400% FPL	7.6 (0.44)	6.2 (0.80)	1.4
>400% FPL	1.6 (0.24)	*1.0 (0.33)	0.6
18–34 years	25.9 (0.53)	20.3 (0.81)	[†] 5.6
≤138% FPL	40.1 (1.20)	35.5 (2.04)	4.6
>138% and ≤400% FPL	26.7 (0.73)	19.9 (1.13)	†6.8
>400% FPL	8.4 (0.51)	7.6 (1.16)	0.8
35–44 years	20.9 (0.54)	17.4 (0.95)	†3 . 5
≤138% FPL	44.8 (1.37)	38.1 (2.89)	†6.7
>138% and ≤400% FPL	24.4 (0.85)	20.2 (1.50)	†4.2
>400% FPL	4.2 (0.39)	3.7 (0.71)	0.5
45–64 years	15.4 (0.40)	10.6 (0.53)	[†] 4.8
≤138% FPL	36.0 (1.01)	24.1 (1.64)	†11.9
>138% and ≤400% FPL	21.2 (0.72)	14.8 (1.03)	[†] 6.4
>400% FPL	4.2 (0.29)	3.1 (0.39)	†1.1
55 and over	1.1 (0.10)	1.2 (0.23)	-0.1
≤138% FPL	3.1 (0.43)	4.0 (1.16)	-0.9
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.8 (0.15)	0.9 (0.26)	-0.1
>400% FPL	*0.2 (0.11)	*0.5 (0.23)	-0.3
States moving forward with Medicaid expansion at this time ²			
All ages	13.0 (0.35)	8.9 (0.45)	[†] 4.1
≤138% FPL	22.7 (0.71)	15.7 (1.05)	[†] 7.0
>138% and ≤400% FPL	15.8 (0.53)	10.4 (0.67)	[†] 5.4
>400% FPL	3.9 (0.21)	2.9 (0.33)	†1.0
0–17 years	5.6 (0.33)	4.1 (0.59)	†1.5
≤138% FPL	7.8 (0.78)	5.8 (1.00)	2.0
>138% and ≤400% FPL	6.6 (0.59)	4.6 (1.05)	2.0
>400% FPL	1.2 (0.25)	*1.1 (0.53)	0.1
18–34 years	23.5 (0.67)	15.8 (0.86)	[†] 7.7
≤138% FPL	35.2 (1.56)	25.4 (2.46)	†9.8
>138% and ≤400% FPL	25.6 (0.98)	16.2 (1.35)	†9.4
>400% FPL	8.4 (0.70)	5.7 (0.85)	†2.7
See footnotes at end of table.			

Table. Percentage (and standard error) of persons who were uninsured at the time of interview, for selected time periods, by state Medicaid expansion status, age group and poverty status: United States, 2013–June 2014—Continued

Medicaid Expansion status, age group, and poverty status ¹	2013	April-June 2014	Difference (percentage points)
35–44 years	18.5 (0.64)	14.6 (1.09)	†3.9
≤138% FPL	39.1 (1.70)	28.9 (2.29)	†10.2
>138% and ≤400% FPL	23.0 (1.09)	19.5 (2.13)	3.5
>400% FPL	3.8 (0.43)	2.5 (0.70)	1.3
45-64 years	13.9 (0.57)	8.6 (0.64)	[†] 5.3
≤138% FPL	30.9 (1.32)	17.4 (1.80)	†13.5
>138% and ≤400% FPL	20.8 (1.06)	12.1 (1.19)	⁺8.7
>400% FPL	3.9 (0.37)	3.3 (0.58)	0.6
65 and over	1.0 (0.14)	1.2 (0.31)	-0.2
≤138% FPL	2.7 (0.52)	*3.5 (1.61)	-0.8
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.8 (0.21)	*0.6 (0.28)	0.2
>400% FPL	*0.3 (0.18)	*0.6 (0.29)	-0.3
States not moving forward with Medicaid expansion at this time ³			
All ages	16.0 (0.41)	13.6 (0.75)	[†] 2.4
≤138% FPL	28.6 (0.84)	26.9 (1.72)	1.7
>138% and ≤400% FPL	17.4 (0.52)	14.4 (0.88)	†3.0
>400% FPL	4.3 (0.31)	3.9 (0.66)	0.4
0–17 years	7.5 (0.40)	7.2 (0.99)	0.3
≤138% FPL	9.3 (0.89)	9.0 (1.72)	0.3
>138% and ≤400% FPL	8.5 (0.66)	7.7 (1.25)	0.8
>400% FPL	2.2 (0.41)	*0.8 (0.33)	†1.4
18–34 years	28.7 (0.86)	25.5 (1.36)	†3.2
≤138% FPL	45.6 (1.78)	48.1 (2.75)	-2.5
>138% and ≤400% FPL	27.8 (1.12)	23.9 (1.82)	3.9
>400% FPL	8.3 (0.74)	9.8 (2.04)	-1.5
35–44 years	23.8 (0.90)	20.4 (1.60)	3.4
≤138% FPL	51.7 (2.13)	48.3 (5.00)	3.4
>138% and ≤400% FPL	25.7 (1.29)	20.7 (2.18)	[†] 5.0
>400% FPL	4.7 (0.70)	5.1 (1.33)	-0.4
45-64 years	17.0 (0.56)	12.7 (0.84)	[†] 4.3
≤138% FPL	41.5 (1.45)	31.8 (2.74)	†9.7
>138% and ≤400% FPL	21.6 (0.97)	17.2 (1.61)	[†] 4.4
>400% FPL	4.5 (0.45)	2.8 (0.51)	†1.7
65 and over	1.2 (0.15)	1.2 (0.35)	0.0
≤138% FPL	3.4 (0.70)	*4.7 (1.68)	-1.3
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.7 (0.20)	*1.1 (0.45)	-0.4
>400% FPL	*0.1 (0.06)	*0.4 (0.36)	-0.3

[†]Significant difference between 2013 and April-June 2014 estimates of the percentage who lacked health insurance coverage at the time of interview (p<0.05). The reliability or precision of the differences was not evaluated.

^{*}Estimate has an RSE greater than 30% and should be used with caution as it does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

^{&#}x27;FPL is federal poverty level. FPL is based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status is 9.6%. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income.

²States moving forward with Medicaid expansion include AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, HI, IL, IA, KY, MD, MA, MI, MN, NV, NJ, NM, NY, ND, OH, OR, RI, VT, WA, and WV (as of October 31, 2013).

³States not moving forward with Medicaid expansion include AL, AK, FL, GA, ID, IN, KS, LA, ME, MS, MO, MT, NE, NH, NC, OK, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, WI, and WY (as of October 31, 2013).

NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from April through June. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 1. Percentages of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
		Percent (sta	andard error ⁵)	
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	•••	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	•••	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	•••	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	•••	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)		23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)		23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	•••	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	•••	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)	•••	23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)		23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)		23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)		23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)		22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)		24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)		23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)		23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	•••	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)		22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)		23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)		24.5 (0.68)
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	13.7 (0.30)	63.2 (0.51)	2.1 (0.11)	24.3 (0.40)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)

^{...} Category not applicable.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 2. Percentages of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
4	2	Percent (stand		
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)		39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)		38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)		39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	•••	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)		41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)		41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	•••	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)		40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	•••	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)		41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)		42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)		43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	•••	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	•••	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	•••	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)		42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	•••	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)		40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	•••	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)		43.6 (1.24)
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	5.9 (0.32)	53.3 (0.75)	0.8 (0.10)	42.1 (0.73)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)		16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)	•••	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	•••	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	•••	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)		17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	•••	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)		17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)		16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)		17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)		16.8 (0.75)
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)		17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	•••	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	•••	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	•••	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	•••	16.6 (0.77)

Table 2. Percentages of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014—Continued

Age group, year, and guarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴		
rige gioup, year, and quarter	Percent (standard error ⁵)					
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)		16.9 (0.46)		
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)		18.1 (0.88)		
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	•••	17.1 (0.87)		
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)		16.1 (0.90)		
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)		16.5 (0.91)		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	21.2 (0.56)	61.0 (0.74)	2.0 (0.16)	18.7 (0.55)		
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)		
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)		
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)		
30-64 years						
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)		14.5 (0.31)		
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)		13.6 (0.53)		
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)		13.9 (0.48)		
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)		14.5 (0.54)		
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)		16.0 (0.56)		
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)		15.6 (0.29)		
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	•••	15.4 (0.52)		
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)		15.5 (0.52)		
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)		15.5 (0.50)		
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)	•••	16.0 (0.58)		
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)	•••	16.0 (0.30)		
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	•••	15.3 (0.52)		
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	•••	15.4 (0.51)		
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	•••	16.6 (0.57)		
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)		16.8 (0.53)		
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)		16.7 (0.31)		
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	•••	16.4 (0.56)		
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	•••	16.1 (0.52)		
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	•••	16.6 (0.52)		
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)		17.6 (0.59)		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	15.1 (0.34)	69.1 (0.48)	2.8 (0.15)	17.2 (0.36)		
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)		
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)		
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)		

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 3. Percentages of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
		Percent (stan	idard error ⁵)	
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)		15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)		14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)		14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)		15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)		16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)		15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	•••	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)	•••	15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)	•••	15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	•••	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)		16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	•••	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)	•••	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)		17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)		16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)		16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)	•••	16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)		16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)	•••	16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)		17.3 (0.57)
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	16.7 (0.35)	67.0 (0.47)	2.6 (0.13)	17.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicard, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

^{&#}x27;Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

Table 4. Percentages of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

 Male		coverage ²	coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
— Male		Percent (stanc	dard error⁵)	
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)		12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)		12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)		11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)		12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)		14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)		13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)		13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)		13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)		14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)		14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)		14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	•••	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)		13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	•••	14.3 (0.57)
Ouarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	•••	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)		14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	•••	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	•••	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)		14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	•••	14.3 (0.56)
2014 (Jan.–Sept.)	18.7 (0.43)	67.3 (0.51)	2.3 (0.13)	15.3 (0.39)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Female	(0.00)	<i>c,</i> i.e (e.e.e.,	=17 (\$1= 1)	1311 (3.33)
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	•••	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	•••	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	•••	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	•••	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	•••	18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	•••	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)		18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)		17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)		17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)		18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)		18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	•••	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)		18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	•••	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)		18.9 (0.59)

Table 4. Percentages of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014—Continued

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴		
	Percent (standard error⁵)					
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	•••	19.1 (0.36)		
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	•••	19.3 (0.65)		
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	•••	18.4 (0.59)		
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	•••	18.7 (0.57)		
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)		20.2 (0.73)		
2014 (Jan.–Sept.)	14.9 (0.36)	66.7 (0.52)	2.8 (0.16)	19.7 (0.39)		
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)		
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)		
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)		

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

Table 5. Percentages of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴	
	Percent (standard error ⁵)				
Hispanic or Latino ⁶					
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)		16.3 (0.64)	
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	•••	15.4 (1.10)	
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)		15.8 (0.92)	
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	•••	15.8 (0.98)	
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)		18.1 (1.00)	
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)		18.1 (0.63)	
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)		17.1 (1.18)	
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	•••	19.0 (0.86)	
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	•••	18.6 (1.10)	
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)		17.6 (1.00)	
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)		19.0 (0.64)	
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	•••	17.1 (1.02)	
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)		19.3 (1.04)	
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)	•••	20.1 (1.39)	
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	•••	19.7 (1.03)	
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)		18.0 (0.62)	
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	•••	18.6 (1.17)	
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	•••	17.5 (0.94)	
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	•••	18.1 (1.11)	
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	•••	17.7 (0.95)	
2014 (Jan.–Sept.)	34.3 (0.83)	46.3 (0.98)	2.6 (0.36)	20.1 (0.75)	
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (0.73)	
Quarter 2		47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)	
Quarter 3	33.2 (1.42) 34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)	
Non-Hispanic white, single race	34.0 (1.40)	40.0 (1.44)	3.4 (0.33)	19.0 (1.12)	
Non-Hispanic Write, single race					
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	•••	12.8 (0.34)	
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	•••	12.5 (0.60)	
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	•••	11.7 (0.49)	
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	•••	13.0 (0.63)	
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)		14.1 (0.61)	
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)		13.4 (0.31)	
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)		13.6 (0.57)	
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	•••	12.6 (0.50)	
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)		13.3 (0.61)	
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)		14.1 (0.62)	
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	•••	13.7 (0.33)	
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)		13.1 (0.58)	
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	•••	13.1 (0.51)	
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)		14.7 (0.61)	
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)		13.9 (0.57)	
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)		14.4 (0.32)	
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	•••	14.6 (0.62)	
Zaditel i	. 5.2 (0.02)	, 1.0 (0.51)	•••	1 1.0 (0.02)	

Table 5. Percentages of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plaı coverage⁴	
_	Percent (standard error ⁵)				
2013 full year—Con.	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)		14.4 (0.32)	
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	•••	14.0 (0.52)	
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)		14.7 (0.67)	
2014 (Jan.–Sept.)	12.0 (0.32)	74.9 (0.51)	2.3 (0.15)	14.5 (0.40)	
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)	
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)	
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)	
Non-Hispanic black, single race					
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	•••	25.3 (0.70)	
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	•••	24.3 (1.41)	
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	•••	25.7 (1.32)	
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	•••	24.8 (1.31)	
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)		26.3 (1.46)	
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)		26.2 (0.75)	
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	•••	25.8 (1.18)	
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	•••	26.5 (1.44)	
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	•••	25.9 (1.27)	
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)		26.6 (1.49)	
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)		27.0 (0.68)	
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	•••	29.1 (1.21)	
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)		25.8 (1.40)	
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	•••	25.7 (1.27)	
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)		27.3 (1.34)	
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)		26.6 (0.80)	
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)	•••	25.0 (1.37)	
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	•••	26.7 (1.32)	
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	•••	26.0 (1.25)	
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)		28.7 (1.55)	
2014 (Jan.–Sept.)	17.9 (0.64)	52.9 (0.94)	2.8 (0.28)	30.7 (0.81)	
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)	
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)	
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)	

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

⁶Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

 ${\sf DATA\ SOURCE:\ CDC/NCHS,\ National\ Health\ Interview\ Survey,\ 2010-2014,\ Family\ Core\ component.}$

Table 6. Percentages of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health pla coverage⁵		
	Percent (standard error ⁶)					
Poor (<100% FPL)						
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)		38.8 (0.97)		
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	•••	39.1 (1.82)		
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	•••	37.5 (1.83)		
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	•••	40.0 (1.75)		
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)		38.6 (1.74)		
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	•••	39.6 (0.93)		
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	•••	39.3 (1.67)		
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	•••	39.9 (1.87)		
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	•••	41.7 (1.64)		
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)		37.5 (1.83)		
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)		40.8 (0.94)		
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	•••	38.6 (1.60)		
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	•••	41.3 (1.71)		
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	•••	42.3 (1.82)		
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)		40.9 (1.62)		
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)		42.4 (0.95)		
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	•••	42.4 (1.91)		
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	•••	42.7 (1.76)		
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	•••	42.3 (1.76)		
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	•••	42.3 (1.77)		
2014 (Jan. –Sept.)	33.5 (1.06)	20.8 (1.04)	1.8 (0.23)	46.6 (1.06)		
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)		
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)		
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)		
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)						
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	•••	23.7 (0.55)		
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	•••	22.8 (1.15)		
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	•••	22.1 (1.17)		
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	•••	23.5 (1.14)		
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)		26.6 (1.35)		
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)		25.9 (0.69)		
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)		25.4 (1.21)		
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)		25.7 (1.14)		
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)		26.0 (1.25)		
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)		26.5 (1.27)		
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)		25.2 (0.57)		
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)		24.4 (1.13)		
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)		25.7 (1.12)		
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)		25.1 (1.16)		
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	•••	25.4 (1.21)		

Table 6. Percentages of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–September 2014—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plar coverage⁵
		Percent (sta	ndard error ⁶)	
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)		26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	•••	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	•••	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	•••	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)		28.5 (1.44)
2014 (Jan. –Sept.)	31.5 (0.79)	41.6 (0.90)	4.2 (0.38)	28.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)		8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)		7.8 (0.45)
Ouarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)		7.4 (0.36)
Ouarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)		8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)	•••	9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)		8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)		8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	•••	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)		8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)	•••	8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	•••	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	•••	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)		8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	•••	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	•••	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	•••	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)		9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)		8.8 (0.47)
2014 (Jan. –Sept.)	9.1 (0.27)	83.5 (0.39)	2.3 (0.14)	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	10.1(0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)

^{...} Category not applicable.

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013 and 8.6% in the first three quarters of 2014. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

^{&#}x27;Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

[&]quot;The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2014

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.1 (0.11)	5.6
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Age 0– 17		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	0.8 (0.10)	0.6
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Age 18– 64		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.6 (0.13)	5.0
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Age 18– 29		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.0 (0.16)	1.0
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Age 30– 64		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.8 (0.15)	4.0
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9

The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data filles. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–September 2014

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.3 (0.13)	2.2
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Female		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.8 (0.16)	2.8
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.6 (0.36)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.3 (0.15)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.8 (0.28)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	1.8 (0.23)	0.5
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	4.2 (0.38)	1.5
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 (Jan. – Sept.)	2.3 (0.14)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6

^{&#}x27;The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

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³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.6% in the first three quarters of 2014. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data filles. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from January through September. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Insurance Status by State Medicaid Expansion Status: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2013-September 2014

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Highlights

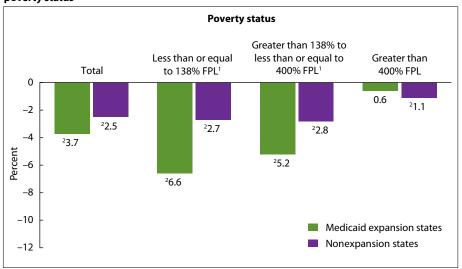
- The percentage of adults aged 18-64 who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 20.4% in 2013 to 15.9% in April-September 2014.
- Adults aged 18-64 with family incomes less than or equal to 138% of the federal poverty level (FPL) in Medicaid expansion states had a larger decrease in the percentage uninsured (10.2 percentage points) than those with similar income in nonexpansion states (3.3 percentage points) from 2013 to April-September 2014.
- Between 2013 and April-September 2014, the percentage of uninsured adults aged 18-34 with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL decreased 9.1 percentage points in Medicaid expansion states, compared with only 0.7 percentage points in nonexpansion states.
- The greatest absolute decrease in the percentage uninsured from 2013 to April-September 2014 (12.1 percentage points) was among adults aged 45-64 with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL in Medicaid expansion states.

Introduction

Under the Affordable Care Act (ACA), states have the option to expand Medicaid coverage to all eligible persons with incomes up to 138% of the federal poverty level (FPL) (1,2). Previous research has shown that there have already been significant decreases in the percentages of persons who were uninsured between 2013 and the first 9 months of 2014 (3). Using data from 2013 and the second and third quarters (April through September) of the 2014 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), this report examines changes in the percentage of persons who were uninsured, by state Medicaid expansion status, age, and poverty status. Data from the second and third quarters of the 2014 NHIS were chosen for this analysis because they capture the surge in enrollment in the Health Insurance Marketplace and state-based exchange plans that occurred in March and the beginning of April 2014 (4). Data from the fourth quarter of the 2014 NHIS are not yet available.

This report is produced by the NHIS Early Release (ER) Program, which releases selected preliminary estimates prior to final microdata release. These estimates are available from the NHIS website at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. For more information about NHIS and the ER Program, see the "Technical Notes" and "Additional Early Release Program Products" sections of this report.

Figure 1. Percentage point decreases from 2013 to 2014 (April-September) for persons of all ages who were uninsured at the time of interview, by state Medicaid expansion status and poverty status



 1 Significant difference in the absolute percentage point decrease between Medicaid expansion and nonexpansion states (p < 0.05). 2 Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 estimates of the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview (p < 0.05). NOTES: FPL is federal poverty level. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from April through September. State Medicaid expansion categorization is based on status as of October 31, 2013. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013 and 2014, Family Core component.

Results

Data from NHIS show that the percentage of persons of all ages who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 14.4% in 2013 to 11.3% in April-September 2014 (Table). Among adults aged 18-64, the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 20.4% in 2013 to 15.9% in April-September 2014. In general, significant decreases were observed only for persons under age 64 with incomes below 400% FPL. Overall, adults aged 45-64 with family incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL had the greatest decrease in the percentage uninsured (9.4 percentage points).

In 2013, 13.0% of persons of all ages in Medicaid expansion states were uninsured, compared with 16.0% in nonexpansion states (Table). Similarly, for nearly every age and income group, there were smaller percentages of uninsured persons in expansion states than in nonexpansion states in 2013.

Among persons residing in Medicaid expansion states, the percentage uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 13.0% in 2013 to 9.3% in April-September 2014 (Table). Among persons residing in nonexpansion states, the percentage uninsured at the time of interview decreased from 16.0% in 2013 to 13.5% in April-September 2014.

For persons with family incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL and those with incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL, there were significantly greater decreases in the percentage uninsured for those in Medicaid expansion states than for those in nonexpansion states (Figure 1). Persons with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL had a 6.6 percentage point decrease in the percentage uninsured between 2013 and April-September 2014, compared with a 2.7 percentage point decrease among those with similar incomes in nonexpansion states. A similar pattern was seen for those with incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL.

Focusing on adults aged 18-64 with family incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL and with incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL, there were significantly greater decreases in the percentage uninsured in Medicaid expansion states than in nonexpansion states (Figure 2). In Medicaid expansion states, those aged 18-64 with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL had a 10.2 percentage point decrease in the percentage uninsured between 2013 and April-September 2014, compared with a 3.3 percentage point decrease in nonexpansion states. Persons aged 18-64 with incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL in Medicaid expansion states had a 7.7 percentage point decrease in the percentage uninsured, compared with a 4.3 percentage point decrease in nonexpansion states. There were no significant changes in the percentage aged 18-64 with family incomes greater than 400% FPL who were uninsured from 2013 to April-September 2014 in either Medicaid expansion states or nonexpansion states.

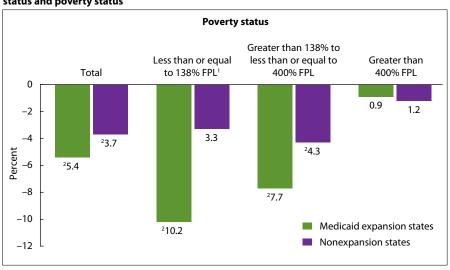


Figure 2. Percentage point decreases from 2013 to 2014 (April-September) for persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by state Medicaid expansion status and poverty status

 1 Significant difference in the absolute percentage point decrease between Medicaid expansion and nonexpansion states (p < 0.05). ²Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 estimates of the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview (p < 0.05). NOTES: FPL is federal poverty level. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from April through September. State Medicaid expansio categorization is based on status as of October 31, 2013. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.
DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013 and 2014, Family Core component

Overall, most adult age groups in both Medicaid expansion and nonexpansion states exhibited significant decreases in the percentage uninsured over time. The 18-34 age group was the only age group where there were greater absolute decreases in the percentage uninsured for Medicaid expansion states than for nonexpansion states (Table). Those aged 18–34 in Medicaid expansion states had a decrease in the percentage uninsured of 6.6 percentage points, whereas those in nonexpansion states had a decrease of 3.4 percentage points.

Also within the 18–34 age group, those with family incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL and those with family incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL were the only groups where there were greater absolute decreases in the percentage uninsured for Medicaid expansion states compared with nonexpansion states (Figure 3). The largest difference was among those with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL; in Medicaid expansion states, there was a 9.1 percentage point decrease in the percentage uninsured between 2013 and April–September 2014, compared with a nonsignificant 0.7 percentage point decrease in nonexpansion states. Among those aged 18–34 with incomes greater than 138% to less than or equal to 400% FPL, there was an 8.5 percentage point decrease in the percentage uninsured in expansion states compared with a 3.5 percentage point decrease in nonexpansion states. Adults aged 18–34 with family incomes greater than 400% FPL had no significant changes in the percentage who were uninsured from 2013 to April–September 2014 in either Medicaid expansion states or nonexpansion states.

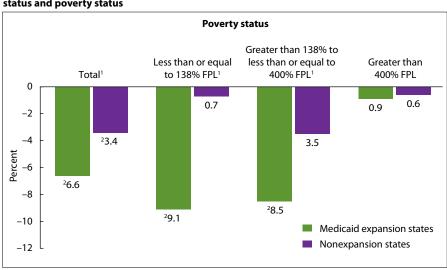


Figure 3. Percentage point decreases from 2013 to 2014 (April–September) for persons aged 18–34 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by state Medicaid expansion status and poverty status

Significant difference in the absolute percentage point decrease between Medicaid expansion and nonexpansion states (p < 0.05). Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 estimates of the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview (p < 0.05). NOTES: FPL is federal poverty level. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from April through September. State Medicaid expansion categorization is based on status as of October 31, 2013. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013 and 2014, Family Core component.

The greatest differences between 2013 and April–September 2014 in the percentage uninsured were observed among persons aged 45–64 with incomes less than or equal to 138% FPL in Medicaid expansion states (12.1 percentage point decrease) (Table). However, this decrease was not statistically larger than the 6.2 percentage point decrease among those in the same age and income groups in nonexpansion states.

Table. Percentage (and standard error) of persons who were uninsured at the time of interview, for selected time periods, by state Medicaid expansion status, age group and poverty status: United States, 2013–September 2014

Medicaid expansion status, age group, and poverty status ¹	2013	April-September 2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states			
All ages	14.4 (0.26)	11.3 (0.30)	⁺–3.1
≤138% FPL	25.5 (0.55)	20.9 (0.70)	† -4.6
>138% and ≤400% FPL	16.6 (0.37)	12.6 (0.42)	† -4.0
>400% FPL	4.0 (0.18)	3.3 (0.24)	†–0.7
0–17 years	6.5 (0.26)	5.5 (0.35)	[†] –1.0
≤138% FPL	8.6 (0.59)	6.7 (0.65)	[†] –1.9
>138% and ≤400% FPL	7.6 (0.44)	6.6 (0.57)	-1.0
>400% FPL	1.6 (0.24)	1.4 (0.34)	-0.2
18–64 years	20.4 (0.37)	15.9 (0.40)	[†] –4.5
≤138% FPL	39.7 (0.85)	32.8 (1.07)	[†] –6.9
>138% and ≤400% FPL	24.1 (0.51)	18.1 (0.56)	[†] -6.0
>400% FPL	5.4 (0.24)	4.3 (0.31)	[†] –1.1
18–34 years	25.9 (0.53)	20.9 (0.59)	[†] –5.0
≤138% FPL	40.1 (1.20)	34.9 (1.41)	[†] -5.2
>138% and ≤400% FPL	26.7 (0.73)	20.6 (0.87)	[†] –6.1
>400% FPL	8.4 (0.51)	7.6 (0.72)	-0.8
35–44 years	20.9 (0.54)	17.1 (0.63)	[†] -3.8
≤138% FPL	44.8 (1.37)	38.4 (1.87)	[†] -6.4
>138% and ≤400% FPL	24.4 (0.85)	19.5 (1.01)	[†] –4.9
>400% FPL	4.2 (0.39)	3.6 (0.47)	-0.6
45–64 years	15.4 (0.40)	10.9 (0.41)	[†] –4.5
≤138% FPL	36.0 (1.01)	26.6 (1.33)	[†] –9.4
>138% and ≤400% FPL	21.2 (0.72)	14.6 (0.72)	[†] -6.6
>400% FPL	4.2 (0.29)	2.8 (0.29)	[†] –1.4
65 and over	1.1 (0.10)	0.9 (0.14)	-0.2
≤138% FPL	3.1 (0.43)	2.8 (0.65)	-0.3
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.8 (0.15)	0.6 (0.15)	-0.2
>400% FPL	*0.2 (0.11)	*0.5 (0.20)	0.3
Medicaid expansion states ²			
All ages	13.0 (0.35)	9.3 (0.35)	[†] -3.7
≤138% FPL	22.7 (0.71)	16.1 (0.81)	^{†‡} –6.6
>138% and ≤400% FPL	15.8 (0.53)	10.6 (0.53)	^{†‡} –5.2
>400% FPL	3.9 (0.21)	3.3 (0.30)	-0.6
0–17 years	5.6 (0.33)	4.2 (0.40)	[†] -1.4
≤138% FPL	7.8 (0.78)	5.4 (0.76)	[†] -2.4
>138% and ≤400% FPL	6.6 (0.59)	5.0 (0.74)	-1.6
>400% FPL	1.2 (0.25)	*1.6 (0.50)	-0.4
18-64 years	18.4 (0.49)	13.0 (0.47)	[†] –5.4
≤138% FPL	34.7 (1.04)	24.5 (1.18)	^{†‡} –10.2
>138% and ≤400% FPL	23.2 (0.72)	15.5 (0.73)	^{†‡} –7.7
>400% FPL	5.2 (0.31)	4.3 (0.37)	-0.9
See footnotes at end of table.			

Table. Percentage (and standard error) of persons who were uninsured at the time of interview, for selected time periods, by state Medicaid expansion status, age group and poverty status: United States, 2013–September 2014—Continued

Medicaid Expansion status, age group, and			Difference
poverty status ¹	2013	April-September 2014	(percentage points)
18–34 years	23.5 (0.67)	16.9 (0.65)	^{†‡} –6.6
≤138% FPL	35.2 (1.56)	26.1 (1.52)	^{†‡} –9.1
>138% and ≤400% FPL	25.6 (0.98)	17.1 (1.05)	^{†‡} –8.5
>400% FPL	8.4 (0.70)	7.5 (0.75)	-0.9
35–44 years	18.5 (0.64)	14.4 (0.75)	[†] –4.1
≤138% FPL	39.1 (1.70)	30.3 (2.18)	[†] –8.8
>138% and ≤400% FPL	23.0 (1.09)	18.0 (1.34)	[†] –5.0
>400% FPL	3.8 (0.43)	3.0 (0.55)	-0.8
45–64 years	13.9 (0.57)	9.0 (0.54)	[†] –4.9
≤138% FPL	30.9 (1.32)	18.8 (1.78)	[†] –12.1
>138% and ≤400% FPL	20.8 (1.06)	12.3 (0.97)	[†] –8.5
>400% FPL	3.9 (0.37)	3.1 (0.44)	-0.8
	()	()	
55 and over	1.0 (0.14)	1.0 (0.20)	0.0
≤138% FPL	2.7 (0.52)	*2.7 (0.95)	0.0
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.8 (0.21)	*0.5 (0.17)	-0.3
>400% FPL	*0.3 (0.18)	*0.7 (0.32)	0.4
Nonexpansion states ³			
All ages	16.0 (0.41)	13.5 (0.48)	[†] –2.5
≤138% FPL	28.6 (0.84)	25.9 (1.05)	[†] –2.7
>138% and ≤400% FPL	17.4 (0.52)	14.6 (0.66)	† -2.8
>400% FPL	4.3 (0.31)	3.2 (0.38)	-2.5 †-1.1
0–17 years	7.5 (0.40)	6.8 (0.58)	-0.7
≤138% FPL	9.3 (0.89)	7.9 (1.04)	-1.4
>138% and ≤400% FPL	8.5 (0.66)	8.1 (0.88)	-0.4
>400% FPL	2.2 (0.41)	*1.1 (0.43)	-1.1
18–64 years	22.7 (0.59)	19.0 (0.66)	[†] –3.7
≤138% FPL	45.4 (1.30)	42.1 (1.57)	-3.3
>138% and ≤400% FPL	25.0 (0.73	20.7 (0.84)	†–4.3
>400% FPL	5.6 (0.37)	4.4 (0.51)	-4.3 -1.2
18–34 years	28.7 (0.86)	25.3 (1.02)	[†] -3.4
≤138% FPL	45.6 (1.78)	44.9 (2.00)	-0.7
>138% and ≤400% FPL	27.8 (1.12)	24.3 (1.43)	-3.5
>400% FPL	8.3 (0.74)	7.7 (1.28)	-0.6
35–44 years	23.8 (0.90)	20.1 (1.08)	[†] –3.7
≤138% FPL	51.7 (2.13)	47.1 (2.96)	-4.6
≥138% and ≤400% FPL	25.7 (1.29)	20.8 (1.53)	† -4.9
>400% FPL	4.7 (0.70)	4.3 (0.84)	-0.4
45–64 years	17.0 (0.56)	13.1 (0.63)	†-3.9
≤138% FPL	41.5 (1.45)	35.3 (1.92)	[†] -6.2
>138% and ≤400% FPL	21.6 (0.97)	16.9 (1.06)	[†] –4.7
>400% FPL	4.5 (0.45)	2.5 (0.36)	[†] –2.0
55 and over	1.2 (0.15)	0.9 (0.20)	-0.3
≤138% FPL	3.4 (0.70)	*2.9 (0.90)	-0.5
>138% and ≤400% FPL	0.7 (0.20)	0.8 (0.24)	0.1
/ 130/0 UTIU 2700/0 LLE	0.7 (0.20)	0.0 (0.24)	U. I

See footnotes at end of table.

†Significant difference between 2013 and April-September 2014 estimates of the percentage who were uninsured at the time of interview (p<0.05). The reliability or precision of the differences was not evaluated

¹FPL is federal poverty level. FPL is based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status is 9.6%. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income.

²Medicaid expansion states are AZ, AR, CA, CO, CT, DE, DC, HJ, IL, IA, KY, MD, MA, MI, MN, NV, NJ, NM, NY, ND, OH, OR, RI, VT, WA, and WV (as of October 31, 2013).

3Nonexpansion states are AL, AK, FL, GA, ID, IN, KS, LA, ME, MS, MO, MT, NE, NH, NC, OK, PA, SC, SD, TN, TX, UT, VA, WI, and WY (as of October 31, 2013).

NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Estimates for 2014 are based on data collected from April through June. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

 $^{^{\}ddagger}$ Significant difference in the absolute percentage point decrease between Medicaid expansion states and nonexpansion states (p<0.05).

^{*} Estimate has a relative standard error greater than 30% and should be used with caution as it does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

Technical Notes

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) is releasing the percentage of uninsured by state Medicaid expansion status for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population based on data from the 2013–2014 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS). Estimates for 2013 through 2014 are stratified by year, age group, poverty status, and state Medicaid expansion status.

The 2013 and 2014 estimates are based on preliminary microdata files. The 2014 estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from NHIS. Differences between estimates calculated using preliminary data files and those using final data files are typically less than 0.1 percentage point. However, preliminary estimates of persons without health insurance coverage are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than the final estimates due to the editing procedures used for the final data files.

Data source

Data used to produce this ER report are derived from the NHIS Family Core component for January 2013 through September 2014. Estimates for 2014 are presented for the second and third quarters combined. This component collects information on all family members in each household. Data analysis was based on information collected on 104,519 persons in 2013 and 57,792 persons in 2014. More information on the design, content, and use of NHIS is available on the NHIS website at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm.

Estimation procedures

NCHS creates survey weights for each calendar quarter of the NHIS sample. Estimates were calculated using the NHIS survey weights, which are calibrated to census totals for the sex, age, and race/ethnicity of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population. Weights for 2013 and 2014 NHIS data were derived from 2010 census-based population estimates. The NHIS data weighting procedure is described in more detail elsewhere (5).

Point estimates, and estimates of their variances, were calculated using SUDAAN software to account for the complex sample design of NHIS. The Taylor series linearization method was chosen for variance estimation.

Unless otherwise noted, all estimates shown meet the NCHS standard of having less than or equal to 30% relative standard error. Differences between percentages or rates were evaluated using two-sided significance tests at the 0.05 level. Terms such as "more likely" and "less likely" indicate a statistically significant difference. Terms such as "similar" and "no difference" indicate that the estimates being compared were not significantly different. Lack of comment regarding the difference between any two estimates does not necessarily mean that the difference was tested and found to be not significant.

Definitions of selected terms

Uninsured at interview—A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have, at the time of interview, any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). Data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for both years were created using these same procedures. Health insurance information is collected for all persons in a family and is reported on an individual basis.

Medicaid expansion status—Under provisions of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111–148, P.L. 111–152) (ACA), states have the option to expand Medicaid eligibility to cover adults who have incomes up to 138% of the federal poverty level. There is no deadline for states to choose to implement the Medicaid expansion, and they may do so at any time. As of October 31, 2013, 26 states and the District of Columbia had expanded Medicaid.

Poverty status—Poverty status was based on the ratio of the family's income in the previous calendar year to the appropriate poverty threshold (given the family's size and number of children) defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for that year (6,7). The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status for 2013 was 16.3% and for the second and third quarters of 2014 was 10.2%. For more information on unknown income and unknown poverty status, see the NHIS Survey Description Document for 2013, available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. NCHS provides imputed income files, which are released a few months after the annual release of NHIS microdata and are not available for the ER updates. Therefore, estimates stratified by poverty status in this ER report are based on reported income only and may differ from similar estimates produced later that are based on both reported and imputed income.

Additional Early Release Program Products

Three periodical reports are published through the NHIS ER Program:

- Early Release of Selected Estimates Based on Data From the National Health Interview Survey is published quarterly and provides estimates of 15 selected measures of health: health insurance coverage, having a usual place to go for medical care, obtaining needed medical care, influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination, obesity, leisure-time physical activity, current smoking, alcohol consumption, HIV testing, general health status, personal care needs, serious psychological distress, diagnosed diabetes, and asthma episodes and current asthma.
- Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published quarterly and provides detailed estimates of health insurance coverage.
- Wireless Substitution: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published biannually and provides selected estimates of telephone coverage in the United States.

In addition to these reports, preliminary microdata files containing selected NHIS variables are produced as part of the ER Program. For the 2014 NHIS, these files were made available three times: in September 2014, December 2014, and March 2015. NHIS data users can analyze these files through the NCHS Research Data Center without having to wait for the final annual NHIS microdata files to be released.

New measures may be added as work continues and in response to changing data needs. Feedback on these releases is welcome (nhislist@cdc.gov).

Announcements about ER reports, other new data releases, publications, or corrections related to NHIS will be sent to members of the HISUSERS e-mail list. To join, visit the CDC website at http://www.cdc.gov/subscribe.html.

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Suggested citation

Black LI, Cohen RA. Insurance status by state Medicaid expansion status: Early release of estimates from the National Health Interview Survey, 2013–September 2014. National Center for Health Statistics. 2015. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis/releases.htm.

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)	•••	22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	•••	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)		21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)		22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)		23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)		23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)	•••	22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)	•••	22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)		23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)		23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)		23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)	•••	23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)		22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)		24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)		23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)		23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)	•••	23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)		22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)		23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)		24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

^{&#}x27;Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)		39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	•••	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	•••	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	•••	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)		41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)		41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)	•••	40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	•••	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)		42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)		41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)		42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	•••	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	•••	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	•••	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	•••	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)		42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	•••	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	•••	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	•••	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)		43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)		16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)		16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)		14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)		16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)		17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)		16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)		17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)		16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)		17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)		16.8 (0.75)
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)		17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)		17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	•••	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	•••	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)		16.6 (0.77)

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plai coverage ⁴
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)		16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	•••	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	•••	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)	•••	16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	•••	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)		14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)		13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)		13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)		14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)		16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)		15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	•••	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	•••	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	•••	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)		16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)		16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	•••	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)		15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)		16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)	•••	16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	•••	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)		16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)		16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)		16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	•••	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicard, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2014

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)		15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)		14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)		14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)		15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)		16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)		15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)		15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)		15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)		15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)		16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)		16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)		16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)		16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)		17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)		16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)		16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)		16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)		16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)		16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)		17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicard, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	•••	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	•••	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)		11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	•••	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)		14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	•••	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	•••	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	•••	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	•••	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	•••	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)		14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	•••	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	•••	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	•••	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	•••	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	•••	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	•••	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)		14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	•••	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)		14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
Female	17.5 (0.05)	00.7 (0.92)	2.0 (0.21)	15.1 (0.00)
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	•••	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	•••	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	•••	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	•••	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)	•••	18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	•••	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)	•••	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)		17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	•••	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	•••	18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	•••	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)		18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)		18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)		19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	•••	18.9 (0.59)

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014—

Continued

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)	•••	19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	•••	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	•••	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	•••	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)	•••	20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)

^{...} Category not applicable.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

fincludes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴
Hispanic or Latino⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)		16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)	•••	15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	•••	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	•••	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)		18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)		18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)		17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	•••	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)		18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)		17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)		19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)		17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)		19.3 (1.04)
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)		20.1 (1.39)
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)		19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)		18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	•••	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	•••	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	•••	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)		17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (0.70)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
Non-Hispanic white, single race	2.1.2 (11.1.7)	,	(,	
2040 (11	16.4 (0.25)	72.2 (0.52)		12.0 (0.24)
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)	•••	12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	•••	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	•••	11.7 (0.49)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	•••	13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	•••	14.1 (0.61)
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)		13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)		13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)		12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 3	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	•••	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)		14.1 (0.62)
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)	•••	13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)		13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	•••	13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	•••	14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)		13.9 (0.57)
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)		14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	•••	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)		14.2 (0.61)

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
2013 full year—Con.	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)		14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	•••	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	•••	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	•••	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	•••	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	•••	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	•••	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	•••	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	•••	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)	•••	25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	•••	26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	•••	25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	•••	26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)	•••	27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	•••	29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	•••	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	•••	25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	•••	27.3 (1.34)
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)	•••	26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)		25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)		26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)		26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	•••	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicard, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plar coverage⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	•••	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)		39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	•••	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	•••	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	•••	38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	•••	39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)		39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	•••	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)		41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	•••	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)		40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)		38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)		41.3 (1.71)
Ouarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)		42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	•••	40.9 (1.62)
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)		42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)		42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)		42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)		42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	•••	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)				
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)		23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)		22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)		22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)		23.5 (1.14)
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	•••	26.6 (1.35)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)		25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)		25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)		25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)		26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)	•••	26.5 (1.27)
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)		25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)	•••	24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)	•••	25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)		25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)		25.4 (1.21)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–December 2014—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plar coverage⁵
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)		26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)		28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	•••	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	•••	24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)		28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)		8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	•••	7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	•••	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	•••	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)		9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)		8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	•••	8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	•••	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	•••	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)		8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	•••	8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)	•••	9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)		8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	•••	8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)	•••	8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)	•••	9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)	•••	9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	•••	8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1(0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)

^{...} Category not applicable.

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013 and 8.6% in the first three quarters of 2014. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicard, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

^{&#}x27;Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2014

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions	
Age group			
Under age 65			
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9	
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7	
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3	
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8	
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7	
Age 0– 17			
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7	
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4	
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7	
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8	
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9	
Age 18– 64			
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2	
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3	
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7	
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1	
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7	
Age 18– 29			
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1	
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6	
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2	
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2	
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3	
Age 30– 64			
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1	
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6	
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4	
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9	
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4	

'The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

 ${\sf DATA\ SOURCE:\ CDC/NCHS,\ National\ Health\ Interview\ Survey,\ 2010-2014,\ Family\ Core\ component.}$

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2014

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
Non-Hispanic white, single race		
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4
Non-Hispanic black, single race		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
See footnotes at end of table.		

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–December 2014—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
lot-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.6% in the first three quarters of 2014. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014, Family Core component.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

Table 1. Percentage (and standard error) of persons under 65 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
II states ²	16.6 (0.24)	13.3 (0.22)	† - 3.3
Alabama	13.0 (1.64)	11.8 (1.74)	-1.2
Arizona	21.1 (1.88)	16.9 (1.70)	-4.2
Arkansas	21.2 (2.03)	12.7 (1.80)	⁺ –8.5
California	19.1 (0.59)	13.4 (0.56)	† - 5.7
Colorado	14.7 (1.65)	10.7 (1.42)	-4.0
Connecticut	10.5 (1.48)	8.0 (1.42)	-2.5
Delaware	10.7 (1.72)	5.4 (1.21)	⁺ –5.3
District of Columbia	3.8 (1.00)	3.3 (0.98)	-0.5
Florida	24.7 (1.03)	18.8 (1.11)	⁺ –5.9
Georgia	22.5 (1.97)	16.1 (1.65)	†–6.4
Idaho	19.4 (2.25)	15.2 (1.72)	-4.2
Illinois	14.2 (1.00)	12.0 (1.13)	-2.2
Indiana	14.6 (1.66)	13.8 (1.60)	-0.8
Iowa	8.5 (1.37)	6.4 (1.10)	-2.1
Kansas	14.8 (1.77)	10.8 (1.37)	-4.0
Kentucky	18.8 (1.92)	12.5 (1.53)	†–6.3
Louisiana	14.8 (1.72)	15.2 (1.73)	0.4
Maine	12.6 (1.89)	13.8 (1.72)	1.2
Maryland	13.4 (1.67)	9.3 (1.46)	-4.1
Massachusetts	5.2 (1.00)	3.2 (0.87)	-2.0
Michigan	12.7 (1.16)	9.3 (1.12)	†–3.4
Minnesota	8.1 (1.29)	6.5 (1.19)	-1.6
Mississippi	19.6 (1.94)	18.0 (1.95)	-1.6
Missouri	17.2 (1.86)	14.2 (1.75)	-3.0
Nebraska	15.1 (2.05)	12.8 (1.63)	-2.3
Nevada	24.8 (2.17)	17.6 (1.82)	†–7.2
New Hampshire	12.6 (1.84)	9.5 (1.52)	-3.1
New Jersey	13.8 (1.33)	10.8 (1.28)	-3.0
New York	11.0 (0.81)	11.0 (0.89)	0.0
North Carolina	19.9 (1.27)	17.3 (1.30)	-2.6
Ohio	13.4 (1.00)	8.9 (0.78)	†–4.5
Oklahoma	23.3 (2.11)	21.5 (1.91)	-1.8
Oregon	17.1 (1.84)	10.7 (1.56)	†–6.4
Pennsylvania	13.5 (1.17)	9.5 (1.02)	†–4.0
Rhode Island	10.7 (1.69)	7.4 (1.28)	-3.3
South Carolina	19.1 (1.99)	17.1 (1.97)	-3.3 -2.0
Tennessee	11.9 (1.63)	12.5 (1.61)	0.6
Texas	22.8 (1.08)	21.5 (0.83)	-1.3
Utah	16.5 (1.62)	14.4 (1.46)	-1.3 -2.1
Virginia	13.3 (1.37)	12.5 (1.49)	-2.1 -0.8
Washington	18.3 (1.66)	10.9 (1.37)	-0.6 †-7.4
West Virginia	23.8 (2.16)	9.0 (1.42)	†–14.8
Wisconsin	9.4 (1.43)	7.5 (1.39)	-14.6 -1.9

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

¹Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.

³Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare in Note or other government possored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 2. Percentage (and standard error) of persons under 65 with public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states ²	23.8 (0.30)	24.5 (0.33)	0.7
Alabama	25.6 (2.36)	28.0 (2.77)	2.4
Arizona	25.3 (2.21)	28.7 (2.34)	3.4
Arkansas	28.6 (2.48)	25.9 (2.71)	-2.7
California	24.8 (0.81)	26.8 (0.93)	2.0
Colorado	22.1 (2.14)	18.4 (2.04)	-3.7
Connecticut	24.2 (2.29)	25.6 (2.62)	1.4
Delaware	25.6 (2.68)	25.7 (2.68)	0.1
District of Columbia	27.2 (2.59)	32.4 (2.92)	5.2
Florida	24.5 (1.08)	26.0 (1.41)	1.5
Georgia	24.1 (1.14)	24.7 (1.41)	0.6
Idaho	17.1 (2.37)	19.7 (2.18)	2.6
Illinois	20.6 (1.39)	24.3 (1.79)	3.7
Indiana	22.7 (2.17)	22.9 (2.23)	0.2
lowa	21.6 (2.25)	18.8 (2.00)	-2.8
Kansas	18.9 (2.16)	19.5 (2.00)	0.6
Kentucky	28.1 (2.44)	36.0 (2.53)	†7.9
Louisiana	29.2 (2.44)	27.5 (2.46)	-1.7
Maine	24.7 (2.72)	24.2 (2.44)	-0.5
Maryland	24.2 (2.32)	24.8 (2.47)	0.6
Massachusetts	28.2 (2.23)	25.8 (2.47)	-2.4
Michigan	20.0 (1.46)	25.0 (1.99)	[†] 5.0
Minnesota	18.2 (2.01)	18.6 (2.14)	0.4
Mississippi	30.6 (2.48)	26.2 (2.55)	-4.4
Missouri	19.8 (2.17)	20.0 (2.29)	0.2
Nebraska	16.4 (2.35)	20.8 (2.25)	4.4
Nevada	20.1 (2.23)	21.3 (2.24)	1.2
New Hampshire	16.4 (2.28)	14.9 (2.11)	-1.5
New Jersey	18.0 (1.65)	15.8 (1.71)	-2.2
New York	29.9 (1.59)	30.3 (1.47)	0.4
North Carolina	24.0 (1.85)	28.2 (1.98)	4.2
Ohio	24.8 (2.08)	26.3 (1.86)	1.5
Oklahoma	28.5 (2.49)	28.3 (2.39)	-0.2
Oregon	18.2 (2.08)	28.5 (2.60)	†10.3
Pennsylvania	20.3 (1.30)	21.0 (1.48)	0.7
Rhode Island	27.7 (2.70)	22.1 (2.32)	-5.6
South Carolina	31.6 (2.60)	29.3 (2.72)	-2.3
Tennessee	29.9 (2.55)	27.3 (2.48)	-2.6
Texas	22.6 (1.10)	20.4 (0.87)	-2.2
Utah	12.8 (1.61)	13.2 (1.61)	0.4
Virginia	22.0 (1.85)	20.7 (2.08)	-1.3
Washington	23.0 (1.99)	23.3 (2.12)	0.3
West Virginia	31.5 (2.61)	33.4 (2.67)	1.9
Wisconsin	21.3 (2.22)	20.4 (2.42)	-0.9

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

¹Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.

³Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: Public coverage includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 3. Percentage (and standard error) of persons under 65 with private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states ²	61.0 (0.42)	63.6 (0.41)	†2.6
Alabama	64.4 (3.18)	63.4 (3.38)	-1.0
Arizona	54.6 (3.11)	55.9 (2.93)	1.3
Arkansas	51.4 (3.38)	62.7 (3.41)	†11.3
California	57.0 (1.08)	60.6 (1.18)	†3.6
Colorado	64.4 (3.04)	71.8 (2.70)	7.4
Connecticut	65.7 (3.11)	67.2 (3.21)	1.5
Delaware	65.7 (3.58)	70.6 (3.18)	4.9
District of Columbia	69.5 (3.29)	64.7 (3.40)	-4.8
Florida	51.3 (1.49)	55.9 (1.47)	†4.6
Georgia	54.0 (2.28)	59.8 (2.05)	5.8
Idaho	64.9 (3.70)	66.6 (2.94)	1.7
Illinois	66.5 (1.94)	65.5 (1.92)	-1.0
Indiana	65.1 (3.04)	64.5 (2.89)	-0.6
Iowa	72.2 (3.00)	76.4 (2.47)	4.2
Kansas	67.8 (3.17)	71.8 (2.59)	4.0
Kentucky	56.2 (3.31)	53.3 (3.00)	-2.9
Louisiana	58.1 (3.25)	58.4 (3.09)	0.3
Maine	63.8 (3.73)	63.9 (3.12)	0.1
Maryland	63.6 (3.20)	67.3 (3.06)	3.7
Massachusetts	67.9 (2.84)	72.2 (2.88)	4.3
Michigan	69.3 (2.04)	67.5 (2.70)	-1.8
Minnesota	74.7 (2.79)	76.7 (2.65)	2.0
Mississippi	50.9 (3.31)	57.9 (3.27)	7.0
Missouri	65.2 (3.19)	67.2 (3.07)	2.0
Nebraska	70.8 (3.55)	67.6 (2.96)	-3.2
Nevada	55.5 (3.39)	63.1 (3.01)	7.6
New Hampshire	71.6 (3.40)	76.9 (2.84)	5.3
New Jersey	69.4 (2.43)	74.4 (2.34)	5.0
New York	60.3 (1.80)	60.0 (1.77)	-0.3
North Carolina	56.8 (2.72)	56.2 (2.93)	-0.6
Ohio	63.6 (2.27)	66.6 (2.06)	3.0
Oklahoma	50.6 (3.39)	52.0 (3.02)	1.4
Oregon	66.0 (3.15)	62.3 (3.18)	-3.7
Pennsylvania	68.2 (1.80)	70.8 (1.83)	2.6
Rhode Island	64.4 (3.55)	73.1 (2.82)	8.7
South Carolina	50.8 (3.44)	54.4 (3.40)	3.6
Tennessee	60.5 (3.35)	62.1 (3.08)	1.6
Texas	55.4 (1.92)	59.0 (1.38)	3.6
Utah	71.8 (2.68)	74.6 (2.36)	2.8
Virginia	66.5 (2.59)	68.3 (2.73)	1.8
Washington	60.4 (2.85)	67.3 (2.68)	6.9
West Virginia	46.9 (3.45)	59.9 (3.17)	†13.0
Wisconsin	70.5 (3.04)	74.7 (2.98)	4.2

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

 $^{{}^{1}\!}Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.$

³Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: Private coverage includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 4. Percentage (and standard error) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states ²	20.4 (0.29)	16.3 (0.26)	† - 4.1
Alabama	17.3 (2.14)	14.8 (2.05)	-2.5
Arizona	23.4 (1.26)	19.5 (1.01)	[†] -3.9
Arkansas	27.5 (2.40)	15.6 (2.50)	† - 11.9
California	23.7 (0.73)	16.7 (0.67)	[†] –7.0
Colorado	18.3 (1.59)	13.3 (1.43)	[†] –5.0
Connecticut	13.2 (2.44)	10.0 (2.55)	-3.2
Delaware	13.8 (2.56)	*6.0 (2.23)	[†] –7.8
Florida	29.1 (1.21)	23.0 (1.34)	[†] –6.1
Georgia	27.2 (2.10)	20.2 (2.21)	[†] –7.0
Idaho	24.3 (2.92)	21.9 (1.81)	-2.4
Illinois	17.8 (1.16)	15.0 (1.26)	-2.8
Indiana	19.0 (2.29)	18.3 (2.09)	-0.7
Iowa	11.3 (1.91)	8.4 (1.51)	-2.9
Kansas	19.5 (2.60)	13.9 (1.87)	[†] –5.6
Kentucky	24.1 (2.19)	15.6 (2.00)	† - 8.5
Louisiana	19.8 (2.33)	18.9 (2.16)	-0.9
Maine	15.9 (1.84)	16.9 (0.95)	1.0
Maryland	16.4 (2.21)	12.3 (2.13)	-4.1
Massachusetts	*6.0 (2.12)	*3.8 (1.84)	-2.2
Michigan	15.8 (1.38)	11.6 (1.30)	[†] –4.2
Minnesota	9.7 (1.72)	8.0 (1.52)	-1.7
Mississippi	24.2 (1.74)	22.4 (1.57)	-1.8
Missouri	20.1 (2.03)	16.9 (1.97)	-3.2
Nebraska	18.5 (2.87)	16.9 (2.14)	-1.6
Nevada	29.3 (2.32)	20.4 (1.86)	[†] –8.9
New Hampshire	16.1 (2.27)	11.6 (2.07)	-4.5
New Jersey	17.5 (1.90)	12.9 (1.44)	-4.6
New York	13.6 (0.87)	12.9 (0.90)	-0.7
North Carolina	25.6 (1.80)	22.5 (1.84)	-3.1
Ohio	16.3 (1.09)	10.9 (0.91)	[†] –5.4
Oklahoma	28.3 (2.26)	26.6 (1.78)	-1.7
Oregon	20.4 (2.35)	13.3 (2.00)	⁺ –7.1
Pennsylvania	16.4 (1.43)	11.9 (1.20)	† -4.5
Rhode Island	13.1 (2.23)	9.0 (1.75)	-4.1
South Carolina	23.2 (2.15)	21.0 (2.03)	-2.2
Tennessee	16.2 (2.26)	14.8 (2.10)	-1.4
Texas	28.4 (1.32)	25.7 (1.03)	-2.7
Utah	20.7 (2.04)	16.2 (1.78)	-4.5
Virginia	16.0 (1.72)	15.2 (1.66)	-0.8
Washington	23.4 (1.77)	13.3 (1.77)	†–10.1
West Virginia	28.8 (2.17)	12.2 (2.05)	† – 16.6
Wisconsin	11.1 (2.06)	8.7 (1.91)	-2.4

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

^{*} Estimate has a relative standard error of greater than 30% and less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution as it does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.

³Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures was differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 5. Percentage (and standard error) of persons aged 18-64 with public health plan coverage, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states ²	16.7 (0.25)	17.7 (0.29)	†1.0
Alabama	18.6 (1.97)	20.7 (2.46)	2.1
Arizona	18.9 (1.89)	22.4 (2.22)	3.5
Arkansas	17.8 (1.96)	17.7 (2.31)	-0.1
California	16.6 (0.67)	20.4 (0.77)	†3.8
Colorado	14.7 (1.74)	12.3 (1.74)	-2.4
Connecticut	19.6 (1.96)	20.5 (2.35)	0.9
Delaware	17.8 (2.15)	20.2 (2.35)	2.4
Florida	17.0 (1.08)	16.9 (1.20)	-0.1
Georgia	15.0 (1.05)	16.5 (1.28)	1.5
Idaho	10.8 (1.83)	10.4 (1.71)	-0.4
Illinois	14.9 (1.10)	17.4 (1.49)	2.5
Indiana	15.0 (1.76)	13.9 (1.84)	-1.1
lowa	14.1 (1.79)	13.1 (1.71)	-1.0
Kansas	11.0 (1.66)	12.8 (1.71)	1.8
Kentucky	20.7 (2.03)	29.5 (2.35)	*8.8
Louisiana	18.4 (1.95)	20.0 (2.14)	1.6
Maine	19.7 (2.27)	18.4 (2.11)	-1.3
Maryland	17.2 (1.90)	18.7 (2.23)	1.5
Massachusetts	25.5 (1.99)	23.7 (2.32)	-1.8
Michigan	15.4 (1.13)	19.9 (1.82)	†4.5
Minnesota	15.7 (1.81)	13.5 (1.86)	-2.2
Mississippi	20.8 (2.04)	17.0 (2.14)	-3.8
Missouri	14.4 (1.77)	14.0 (1.94)	-0.4
Nebraska	11.9 (1.89)	10.4 (1.69)	-1.5
Nevada	13.1 (1.76)	15.0 (1.94)	1.9
New Hampshire	10.3 (1.72)	9.4 (1.63)	-0.9
New Jersey	12.5 (1.31)	11.9 (1.47)	-0.6
New York	24.6 (1.40)	25.1 (1.42)	0.5
North Carolina	14.5 (1.31)	16.9 (1.70)	2.4
Ohio	18.8 (1.72)	21.3 (1.52)	2.5
Oklahoma	17.6 (1.95)	19.2 (2.09)	1.6
Oregon	13.0 (1.69)	21.3 (2.28)	†8.3
Pennsylvania	14.1 (0.96)	13.8 (1.45)	-0.3
Rhode Island	21.6 (2.28)	18.3 (2.13)	-3.3
South Carolina	23.5 (2.19)	22.9 (2.43)	-0.6
Tennessee	21.1 (2.14)	20.5 (2.22)	-0.6
Texas	12.9 (0.76)	11.7 (0.66)	-1.2
Utah	8.8 (1.33)	10.5 (1.51)	1.7
Virginia	17.5 (1.57)	15.6 (1.81)	-1.9
Washington	13.5 (1.51)	16.7 (1.86)	3.2
West Virginia	24.6 (2.19)	27.8 (2.47)	3.2
Wisconsin	16.5 (1.88)	14.1 (2.04)	-2.4

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

¹Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.

²Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: Public coverage includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 6. Percentage (and standard error) of persons aged 18-64 with private health insurance coverage, by selected states: United States, 2013 and 2014

Selected states ¹	2013	2014	Difference (percentage points)
All states ²	64.2 (0.38)	67.3 (0.37)	†3.1
Alabama	67.1 (2.86)	68.3 (3.10)	1.2
Arizona	58.9 (2.85)	59.4 (2.87)	0.5
Arkansas	56.0 (3.06)	68.0 (3.10)	†12.0
California	60.7 (0.99)	63.9 (1.10)	†3.2
Colorado	68.3 (2.75)	75.1 (2.52)	6.8
Connecticut	67.6 (2.78)	70.3 (2.91)	2.7
Delaware	70.3 (3.10)	74.8 (2.79)	4.5
Florida	54.5 (1.53)	61.0 (1.32)	†6.5
Georgia	58.6 (1.94)	64.3 (1.96)	†5.7
Idaho	66.3 (3.35)	68.9 (2.84)	2.6
Illinois	68.8 (1.81)	69.2 (1.78)	0.4
Indiana	68.0 (2.77)	68.8 (2.70)	0.8
Iowa	75.9 (2.65)	79.2 (2.26)	3.3
Kansas	71.1 (2.90)	75.0 (2.43)	3.9
Kentucky	57.7 (2.98)	56.6 (2.80)	-1.1
Louisiana	63.9 (2.91)	62.1 (2.85)	-1.8
Maine	65.4 (3.27)	66.1 (2.82)	0.7
Maryland	67.6 (2.83)	70.9 (2.85)	3.3
Massachusetts	69.4 (2.53)	73.8 (2.63)	4.4
Michigan	70.5 (1.93)	69.8 (2.61)	-0.7
Minnesota	75.5 (2.58)	79.4 (2.42)	3.9
Mississippi	56.1 (3.00)	63.0 (3.02)	6.9
Missouri	67.5 (2.84)	70.4 (2.80)	2.9
Nebraska	72.1 (3.15)	73.9 (2.67)	1.8
Nevada	58.2 (3.10)	66.4 (2.81)	†8.2
New Hampshire	74.3 (2.98)	80.5 (2.43)	6.2
New Jersey	71.3 (2.16)	76.3 (2.12)	5.0
New York	63.2 (1.61)	63.3 (1.72)	0.1
North Carolina	60.7 (2.41)	62.5 (2.69)	1.8
Ohio	66.0 (2.08)	69.6 (1.87)	3.6
Oklahoma	56.0 (3.06)	55.8 (2.88)	-0.2
Oregon	67.8 (2.82)	67.1 (2.87)	-0.7
Pennsylvania	71.3 (1.69)	75.6 (1.73)	4.3
Rhode Island	68.0 (3.11)	74.7 (2.63)	6.7
South Carolina	54.5 (3.10)	57.7 (3.13)	3.2
Tennessee	65.3 (3.01)	66.8 (2.84)	1.5
Texas	59.9 (1.52)	63.5 (1.19)	3.6
Utah	71.7 (2.55)	75.0 (2.35)	3.3
Virginia	68.8 (2.31)	70.9 (2.49)	2.1
Washington	64.8 (2.54)	71.2 (2.47)	6.4
West Virginia	49.3 (3.07)	62.7 (2.92)	†13.4
Wisconsin	73.8 (2.68)	78.4 (2.65)	4.6

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ Significant difference between 2013 and 2014 (p < 0.05).

¹Estimates are presented for fewer than 50 states and the District of Columbia due to considerations of sample size and precision.

²Includes all 50 states and the District of Columbia.

NOTES: Private coverage includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2013–2014, Family Core component.

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)		22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	•••	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)		21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)		22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)		23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)		23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)		22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)		22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)		23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)		23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)		23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)		23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)		22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)		24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)		23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)	•••	23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)		23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)		22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)		23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)		24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)

^{...} Category not applicable.

'A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)		39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)	•••	38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	•••	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	•••	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	•••	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)	•••	41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)		40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	•••	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	•••	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)	•••	41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)		42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1				
Quarter 2	6.7 (0.55) 6.4 (0.57)	51.6 (1.35) 55.3 (1.34)	•••	43.0 (1.24) 39.9 (1.38)
			•••	
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	•••	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	•••	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	•••	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)	•••	42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)	•••	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)	•••	42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)	•••	43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)	•••	16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (1.34)		16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)	•••	14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	•••	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	•••	17.4 (0.86)
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)	•••	16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)		17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02)	57.4 (1.23)	•••	16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 3	28.1 (1.10)	55.6 (1.28)	•••	17.0 (0.87)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)		16.8 (0.75)
			•••	
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)		17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	•••	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	•••	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)	•••	18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)	•••	16.6 (0.77)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015—Continued

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)		16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)	•••	18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)	•••	17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)		16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)		16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)		14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)	•••	13.6 (0.53)
Quarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)	•••	13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)	•••	14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)		16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)		15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	•••	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)	•••	15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)	•••	15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)		16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)		16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	•••	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	•••	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	•••	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)		16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)	•••	16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)		16.4 (0.56)
Quarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)		16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	•••	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)		17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.51)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.7 (0.66)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.45)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.60)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)		15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)		14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)		14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)		15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)	•••	16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)		15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)	•••	15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)		15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)		15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)	•••	16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)	•••	16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)		16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)		16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)		17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)	•••	16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)		16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)		16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)		16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)		16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)	•••	17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

^{&#}x27;Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	•••	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	•••	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	•••	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	•••	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)		14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	•••	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)	•••	13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)		13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)		14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)		14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)	•••	14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)	•••	13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	•••	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	•••	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	•••	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	•••	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)		14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	•••	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	•••	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)		14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)	•••	17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)	•••	16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	•••	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	•••	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)		18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	•••	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)		18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)	•••	17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)	•••	17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)		18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	•••	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)	•••	18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	•••	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	•••	19.5 (0.66)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.59)	63.9 (0.76)	•••	18.9 (0.59)

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015—

Continued

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)		19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	•••	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	•••	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	•••	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)		20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)

^{...} Category not applicable.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

 ${\sf DATA\ SOURCE:\ CDC/NCHS,\ National\ Health\ Interview\ Survey,\ 2010-2015,\ Family\ Core\ component.}$

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
Hispanic or Latino⁵				
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	•••	16.3 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72)	42.9 (1.67)		15.4 (1.10)
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	•••	15.8 (0.92)
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	•••	15.8 (0.98)
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)		18.1 (1.00)
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)		18.1 (0.63)
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)	•••	17.1 (1.18)
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	•••	19.0 (0.86)
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)	•••	18.6 (1.10)
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)	•••	17.6 (1.00)
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)		19.0 (0.64)
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)	•••	19.0 (0.64) 17.1 (1.02)
Quarter 1 Quarter 2	42.6 (1.72) 39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	•••	17.1 (1.02) 19.3 (1.04)
Ouarter 3			•••	
Quarter 4	40.5 (1.55) 42.2 (1.58)	39.8 (1.34)	•••	20.1 (1.39)
-		38.8 (1.42)	•••	19.7 (1.03)
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)	•••	18.0 (0.62)
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	•••	18.6 (1.17)
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)	•••	17.5 (0.94)
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)	•••	18.1 (1.11)
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	•••	17.7 (0.95)
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)
Non-Hispanic white, single race				
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)		12.8 (0.34)
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	•••	12.5 (0.60)
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	73.4 (0.93)	•••	12.3 (0.00)
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)		13.0 (0.63)
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)		14.1 (0.61)
			•••	
2011 full year	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48)		13.4 (0.31)
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)		13.6 (0.57)
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)		12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	15.7 (0.64)	72.6 (0.86)	•••	13.3 (0.61)
Quarter 4	14.8 (0.59)	72.8 (0.94)	•••	14.1 (0.62)
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)		13.7 (0.33)
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	•••	13.1 (0.58)
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)		13.1 (0.51)
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)		14.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	•••	13.9 (0.57)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)	•••	14.4 (0.32)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)	•••	14.6 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)	•••	14.2 (0.61)
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)	•••	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)	•••	14.7 (0.67)
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)
Non-Hispanic black, single race				
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)	•••	25.3 (0.70)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.41)	49.5 (1.60)	•••	24.3 (1.41)
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	•••	25.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	•••	24.8 (1.31)
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	•••	26.3 (1.46)
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	•••	26.2 (0.75)
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)		25.8 (1.18)
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)		26.5 (1.44)
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)		25.9 (1.27)
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)		26.6 (1.49)
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)		27.0 (0.68)
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)		29.1 (1.21)
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	•••	25.8 (1.40)
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)		25.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)	•••	27.3 (1.34)
2013 full year	24.9 (0.62)	50.0 (0.91)		26.6 (0.80)
Quarter 1	25.5 (1.16)	50.6 (1.58)		25.0 (1.37)
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	•••	26.7 (1.32)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.23)	50.3 (1.45)	•••	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	24.6 (1.39)	48.3 (1.70)	•••	28.7 (1.55)
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

fincludes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plar coverage⁵
Poor (<100% FPL)				
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	•••	38.8 (0.97)
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79)	17.6 (0.68)	•••	39.1 (1.82)
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	•••	37.5 (1.83)
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	•••	40.0 (1.75)
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)		38.6 (1.74)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)		39.6 (0.93)
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	•••	39.3 (1.67)
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	•••	39.9 (1.87)
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	•••	41.7 (1.64)
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	•••	37.5 (1.83)
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)		40.8 (0.94)
Quarter 1	40.1 (0.90) 42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)	•••	38.6 (1.60)
Quarter 2	42.7 (1.62) 38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	•••	41.3 (1.71)
Quarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)	•••	42.3 (1.82)
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)	•••	40.9 (1.62)
			•••	
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)	•••	42.4 (0.95)
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	•••	42.4 (1.91)
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	•••	42.7 (1.76)
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	•••	42.3 (1.76)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	•••	42.3 (1.77)
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Ouarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
2010 full	42.0 (0.74)	247(074)		22.7 (0.55)
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)	•••	23.7 (0.55)
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	•••	22.8 (1.15)
Quarter 2 Quarter 3	44.2 (1.52) 43.9 (1.50)	35.0 (1.44)	•••	22.1 (1.17)
Quarter 4		34.3 (1.54)	•••	23.5 (1.14)
	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	•••	26.6 (1.35)
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)		25.9 (0.69)
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)		25.4 (1.21)
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	•••	25.7 (1.14)
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	•••	26.0 (1.25)
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)		26.5 (1.27)
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)		25.2 (0.57)
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	35.8 (1.44)		24.4 (1.13)
Quarter 2	37.8 (1.42)	38.4 (1.46)		25.7 (1.12)
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	•••	25.1 (1.16)
Quarter 4	40.0 (1.44)	35.9 (1.45)	•••	25.4 (1.21)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–March 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plar coverage⁵
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	36.4 (0.78)		26.6 (0.78)
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)	•••	28.4 (1.42)
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)	•••	25.4 (1.33)
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)		24.1 (1.19)
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)		28.5 (1.44)
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)	32.8 (1.43)
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)				
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	•••	8.1 (0.27)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)		7.8 (0.45)
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	•••	7.4 (0.36)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	•••	8.1 (0.51)
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)		9.0 (0.46)
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)	•••	8.3 (0.23)
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)		8.3 (0.40)
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	•••	8.4 (0.39)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	•••	8.0 (0.39)
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)		8.6 (0.43)
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)		8.7 (0.29)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.52)
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.44)
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)		9.3 (0.51)
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)		8.7 (0.49)
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)		8.9 (0.26)
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)		8.1 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)		9.0 (0.45)
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)		9.6 (0.44)
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)		8.8 (0.47)
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)
Quarter 1	10.1(0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.3% in the first quarter of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

*Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁵Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Age 0– 17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Age 18– 64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Age 18– 29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Age 30– 64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2015

Percent (standard error¹)	Number in millions
2.4 (0.12)	2.3
1.6 (0.14)	1.5
2.7 (0.24)	2.6
2.7 (0.24)	2.6
2.8 (0.21)	2.7
	3.7
3.9 (0.31)	3.7
2.9 (0.13)	2.9
1.8 (0.18)	1.8
3.1 (0.23)	3.1
3.5 (0.28)	3.4
3.1 (0.23)	3.1
4.8 (0.30)	4.8
4.8 (0.30)	4.8
2 6 (0 30)	0.9
	0.5
	1.0
	1.1
	0.9
	1.8
	1.8
2.5 (0.13)	3.0
	1.9
	3.2
	3.5
	3.4
	4.9
	4.9
(3.00)	2
2.9 (0.27)	0.7
	0.3
	0.9
	0.8
	0.8
	1.0
	1.0
	1.6 (0.14) 2.7 (0.24) 2.7 (0.24) 2.8 (0.21) 3.9 (0.31) 3.9 (0.31) 2.9 (0.13) 1.8 (0.18) 3.1 (0.23) 3.5 (0.28) 3.1 (0.23) 4.8 (0.30)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–March 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 (Jan.–Mar.)	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014 and 8.3% in the first quarter of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

Table 1. Percentage (and standard error) of privately insured adults aged 18–64 with a high deductible health plan, by poverty status and source of coverage: United States, 2014

Poverty status ¹	Enrolled in HDHP ²	Enrolled in a HDHP ² through employment based coverage ³	Enrolled in a HDHP ² through directly- purchased coverage ⁴
Under 100% FPL	32.2 (2.10)	32.0 (2.40)	32.5 (3.84)
100% to less than 200% FPL	32.3 (1.34)	32.0 (1.53)	33.7 (2.63)
200% or more FPL	38.0 (0.56)	35.9 (0.58)	61.5 (1.61)
Under 139% FPL	32.4 (1.61)	33.1 (1.87)	30.7 (2.91)
139% to less than or equal to 400% FPL	36.8 (0.76)	34.8 (0.81)	52.3 (2.06)
Greater than 400% FPL	38.1 (0.72)	36.0 (0.75)	64.9 (2.20)
Under 100% FPL	32.2 (2.10)	32.0 (2.40)	32.5 (3.84)
100% to less than or equal to 250% FPL	35.5 (1.08)	34.2 (1.18)	42.2 (2.40)
More than 250% to less than or equal to 400% FPL	37.3 (0.97)	35.0 (1.02)	58.0 (2.98)
Greater than 400% FPL	38.1 (0.72)	36.0 (0.75)	64.9 (2.20)

¹Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau federal poverty level (FPL) for 2013.

²A high deductible health plan (HDHP) was defined in 2014 as a health plan with an annual deductible of at least \$1,250 for self-only coverage and \$2,500 for family coverage. The deductible is adjusted annually for inflation.

³Employment-based coverage refers to private insurance that was originally obtained through a present or former employer or union or professional association.

⁴Directly purchased coverage refers to private insurance that was originally obtained through direct purchase or other means not related to employment. SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014 Family Core Component.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: This table was produced by Colleen N. Nugent, Maria A. Villarroel, and Robin A. Cohen of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Division of Health Interview Statistics.

Table 2. Percentage (and standard error) of privately insured adults aged 18-64 with a high deductible health plan, by state: United States, 2014

States ¹	Enrolled in a HDHP ²	
All states ¹	37.4 (0.52)	
Alabama	19.1 (2.50)	
Alaska	40.6 (2.99)	
Arizona	46.6 (2.76)	
Arkansas	47.0 (3.14)	
California	26.4 (1.26)	
Colorado	51.6 (2.76)	
Connecticut	39.1 (2.97)	
Delaware	26.6 (2.69)	
District of Columbia	24.3 (2.65)	
Florida	37.3 (3.12)	
Georgia	42.8 (3.11)	
Hawaii	46.1 (3.19)	
Idaho	34.8 (2.77)	
Illinois	40.5 (2.41)	
Indiana	36.6 (2.65)	
lowa	47.6 (2.63)	
Kansas	41.7 (2.61)	
Kentucky	53.1 (2.67)	
Louisiana	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Maine	35.9 (2.67)	
	51.2 (2.82)	
Maryland	35.2 (2.85)	
Massachusetts	30.1 (2.60)	
Michigan	42.2 (3.10)	
Minnesota	56.6 (2.82)	
Mississippi	26.7 (2.62)	
Missouri	39.6 (2.84)	
Montana	40.5 (3.25)	
Nebraska	50.0 (2.87)	
Nevada	31.0 (2.61)	
New Hampshire	46.0 (2.89)	
New Jersey	25.1 (2.79)	
New Mexico	42.2 (3.04)	
New York	20.0 (1.97)	
North Carolina	44.8 (2.50)	
North Dakota	42.6 (2.91)	
Ohio	40.5 (2.49)	
Oklahoma	26.4 (2.42)	
Oregon	39.7 (2.83)	
Pennsylvania	35.0 (3.04)	
Rhode Island	36.9 (2.78)	
South Carolina	32.1 (2.80)	
South Dakota	54.6 (2.88)	
Tennessee	46.6 (2.86)	
Texas	46.2 (1.49)	
Utah	45.5 (2.55)	
Vermont	40.7 (3.31)	
Virginia	32.3 (2.42)	
Washington	36.0 (2.48)	
West Virginia	25.7 (2.50)	
Wisconsin	52.5 (3.04)	
Wyoming	50.8 (2.95)	
Includes the District of Columbia.	JU.U (2.9J)	

¹Includes the District of Columbia.

²A high deductible health plan (HDHP) was defined in 2014 as a health plan with an annual deductible of at least \$1,250 for self-only coverage and \$2,500 for family coverage.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014 Family Core Component.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: This table was produced by Colleen N. Nugent, Maria A. Villarroel, and Robin A. Cohen of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Division of Health Interview Statistics.

Table 1. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by state and year: United States, 2010–2014

State ¹	Uninsured ² in 2010	Uninsured ² in 2011	Uninsured ² in 2012	Uninsured ² in 2013	Uninsured ² in 2014
All states ³	22.3 (0.33)	21.2 (0.29)	20.9 (0.29)	20.5 (0.29)	16.3 (0.26)
Alabama	23.6 (2.47)	23.0 (2.21)	18.2 (2.09)	17.0 (2.07)	15.1 (2.14)
Alaska	†	†	†	†	22.6 (2.40)
Arizona	31.3 (2.29)	22.7 (2.10)	27.3 (2.33)	24.5 (2.26)	21.1 (2.12)
Arkansas	31.2 (3.69)	25.9 (2.77)	28.0 (2.50)	27.5 (2.49)	15.3 (2.13)
California	25.9 (0.87)	25.1 (0.76)	24.2 (0.68)	23.9 (0.73)	16.7 (0.67)
Colorado	19.0 (2.04)	20.7 (1.93)	16.7 (2.00)	18.3 (2.06)	13.3 (1.76)
Connecticut	15.6 (2.41)	11.8 (1.87)	13.6 (1.77)	13.4 (1.83)	9.9 (1.71)
Delaware	†	†	†	13.4 (2.08)	5.8 (1.34)
District of Columbia	†	†	†	4.5 (1.16)	4.2 (1.16)
Florida	29.0 (1.16)	28.0 (1.33)	29.0 (1.43)	29.2 (1.21)	23.0 (1.32)
Georgia	27.7 (1.84)	25.9 (2.31)	25.5 (1.81)	27.0 (2.18)	20.1 (2.21)
Hawaii	†	†	9.3 (1.94)	9.0 (2.03)	*3.3 (1.08)
Idaho	†	†	26.8 (2.58)	24.2 (2.73)	21.8 (2.26)
Illinois	19.4 (1.24)	19.7 (1.65)	18.2 (1.28)	17.8 (1.16)	14.9 (1.22)
Indiana	21.8 (2.24)	19.7 (2.08)	17.8 (2.05)	18.7 (2.09)	18.1 (1.99)
lowa	+	10.4 (1.70)	12.9 (1.88)	11.1 (1.75)	8.5 (1.38)
Kansas	+	20.8 (2.45) 22.0 (2.41)	19.2 (2.25) 22.2 (2.31)	19.7 (2.30) 23.9 (2.33)	13.7 (1.71) 15.3 (1.81)
Kentucky Louisiana	29.8 (2.85)	25.1 (2.25)	21.4 (2.28)	19.9 (2.20)	19.0 (2.05)
Maine	29.0 (2.03)	23.1 (2.23)	11.2 (1.99)	15.9 (2.26)	17.0 (1.99)
Maryland	16.3 (2.14)	13.4 (1.73)	12.3 (1.68)	16.6 (2.03)	12.6 (1.86)
Massachusetts	5.4 (1.19)	5.6 (1.14)	6.3 (1.28)	5.9 (1.18)	3.8 (1.02)
Michigan	17.4 (1.63)	17.1 (1.05)	16.0 (1.55)	16.6 (1.50)	11.6 (1.30)
Minnesota	10.7 (1.67)	10.9 (1.44)	9.7 (1.61)	9.9 (1.62)	8.0 (1.45)
Mississippi	` ŕ	27.6 (2.89)	27.4 (2.37)	24.0 (2.33)	22.6 (2.33)
Missouri	24.2 (2.35)	20.3 (1.93)	21.9 (2.24)	20.1 (2.18)	17.0 (2.05)
Montana	†	†	†	†	17.7 (2.37)
Nebraska	†	†	17.0 (2.27)	19.0 (2.49)	17.8 (2.06)
Nevada	†	27.3 (2.59)	24.8 (2.30)	29.4 (2.59)	20.4 (2.14)
New Hampshire	†	†	20.3 (2.45)	16.9 (2.31)	11.4 (1.73)
New Jersey	20.2 (1.98)	17.4 (1.45)	16.4 (1.84)	17.4 (1.93)	12.7 (1.44)
New Mexico	†	27.7 (2.88)	27.7 (2.95)	†	18.9 (2.27)
New York	15.5 (0.97)	16.1 (0.87)	14.8 (0.90)	13.5 (0.86)	13.1 (0.92)
North Carolina	26.4 (1.59)	28.8 (2.43)	26.8 (2.37)	25.6 (1.81)	22.6 (1.83)
North Dakota	†	†	†	†	10.9 (1.73)
Ohio	18.9 (1.44)	14.8 (1.13)	16.7 (1.29)	16.5 (1.10)	10.8 (0.89)
Oklahoma	†	28.8 (2.60)	31.0 (2.62)	28.4 (2.51)	26.8 (2.28) 13.2 (1.84)
Oregon Pennsylvania	16.3 (1.36)	22.9 (2.21) 17.1 (1.42)	22.6 (2.24) 15.8 (1.05)	19.9 (2.18) 16.4 (1.43)	, ,
	10.3 (1.30)	17.1 (1.42)	16.0 (2.38)	13.1 (2.03)	11.5 (1.18) 8.9 (1.54)
Rhode Island South Carolina	31.2 (2.93)	24.7 (2.19)	28.6 (2.49)	23.4 (2.38)	20.5 (2.28)
South Dakota	†	+ (2.10)	†	± (2.00)	13.3 (1.85)
Tennessee	24.8 (2.35)	19.4 (2.16)	22.7 (2.32)	16.7 (2.14)	14.7 (1.91)
Texas	30.8 (1.11)	29.5 (0.92)	28.8 (1.14)	28.4 (1.32)	25.9 (1.11)
Utah	ť	ť	22.2 (2.10)	20.7 (2.07)	16.1 (1.77)
Vermont	+	+	ť	ť	11.1 (1.99)
Virginia	18.0 (1.68)	19.1 (1.73)	16.7 (1.73)	16.1 (1.65)	15.1 (1.74)
Washington	21.2 (1.98)	21.4 (1.97)	22.7 (2.08)	23.6 (2.03)	13.2 (1.65)
West Virginia	Ť	Ť	23.7 (2.28)	28.7 (2.51)	12.4 (1.77)
Wisconsin	13.5 (1.91)	12.7 (1.76)	16.7 (2.04)	11.3 (1.74)	8.7 (1.61)
Wyoming	+	+	†	†	15.0 (1.98)

[†]Estimate has a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 50% or does not have an adequate sample size and is not shown.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014 Family Core Component.

^{*}Estimate has an RSE greater than 30% but less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution as it does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

¹Includes the District of Columbia.

²A person is defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, state sponsored or other government health plan, or military plan at the time of interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

³Estimates are presented for fewer states and the District of Columbia for years 2010–2013 due to considerations of sample size and precision.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: This table was produced by Colleen N. Nugent, Maria A. Villarroel, and Robin A. Cohen of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Division of Health Interview Statistics.

Table 2. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview by race and ethnicity, poverty status, and year: United States, 2010–2014

Selected characteristic	Uninsured ¹ in				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Race and ethnicity ²					
Hispanic Non-Hispanic white only Non-Hispanic black only Non-Hispanic Asian only	43.3 (0.77)	42.1 (0.69)	41.3 (0.74)	41.1 (0.76)	34.1 (0.70)
	16.3 (0.35)	15.6 (0.33)	15.1 (0.31)	14.5 (0.30)	11.5 (0.27)
	27.1 (0.66)	24.6 (0.64)	23.6 (0.66)	24.7 (0.60)	17.6 (0.58)
	19.4 (0.93)	18.8 (0.87)	19.1 (1.03)	16.1 (0.82)	12.1 (0.73)
Poverty status ³					
Under 100% FPL	42.7 (0.91)	40.4 (0.87)	40.5 (0.85)	40.0 (0.86)	32.9 (0.84)
100% to less than 200% FPL	42.1 (0.76)	39.3 (0.68)	38.6 (0.67)	37.8 (0.73)	31.0 (0.69)
200% or more FPL	12.8 (0.29)	12.2 (0.26)	11.8 (0.25)	11.7 (0.25)	8.8 (0.22)
Under 139% FPL	43.7 (0.76)	41.0 (0.72)	41.0 (0.67)	40.1 (0.69)	33.3 (0.72)
139% to less than or equal to 400% FPL	26.5 (0.48)	24.9 (0.40)	24.2 (0.42)	24.2 (0.42)	19.0 (0.39)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.5 (0.24)	6.1 (0.23)	5.6 (0.23)	5.6 (0.23)	3.9 (0.19)
Under 100% FPL 100% to less than or equal to 250% FPL More than 250% to less than or equal to	42.7 (0.91) 38.5 (0.63)	40.4 (0.87) 35.9 (0.55)	40.5 (0.85) 35.2 (0.57)	40.0 (0.86) 34.8 (0.57)	32.9 (0.84) 28.1 (0.54)
400% FPL	17.9 (0.51)	17.2 (0.52)	17.1 (0.47)	16.5 (0.48)	12.6 (0.43)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.5 (0.24)	6.1 (0.23)	5.6 (0.23)	5.6 (0.23)	3.9 (0.19)
Race and ethnicity ² and poverty status ³					
Hispanic Under 100% FPL 100% to less than 200% FPL 200% or more FPL	60.2 (1.38) 57.9 (1.22) 25.3 (0.90)	57.2 (1.35) 54.7 (1.13) 25.3 (0.83)	56.2 (1.27) 51.6 (1.19) 25.9 (0.92)	57.8 (1.36) 52.4 (1.22) 25.1 (0.90)	50.1 (1.40) 44.2 (1.20) 19.9 (0.77)
Under 139% FPL	60.4 (1.12)	57.2 (1.12)	56.2 (1.12)	57.2 (1.14)	49.5 (1.16)
139% to less than or equal to 400%	41.4 (1.00)	41.0 (0.92)	39.6 (0.97)	39.7 (1.01)	30.9 (0.90)
Greater than 400% FPL	13.0 (1.08)	12.0 (0.97)	12.3 (1.02)	11.1 (1.07)	10.4 (0.99)
Under 100% FPL 100% to less than or equal to 250% More than 250% to less than or equal	60.2 (1.38) 54.1 (1.05)	57.2 (1.35) 52.0 (0.95)	56.2 (1.27) 49.0 (1.04)	57.8 (1.36) 49.6 (1.04)	50.1 (1.40) 40.4 (1.02)
to 400% FPL	28.0 (1.36)	28.8 (1.46)	31.2 (1.51)	29.7 (1.41)	22.5 (1.27)
Greater than 400% FPL	13.0 (1.08)	12.0 (0.97)	12.3 (1.02)	11.1 (1.07)	10.4 (0.99)
Non-Hispanic white only Under 100% FPL 100% to less than 200% FPL 200% or more FPL	34.7 (1.33) 35.7 (0.99) 10.4 (0.31)	32.8 (1.33) 33.7 (0.97) 9.8 (0.27)	33.7 (1.28) 33.7 (0.95) 9.2 (0.28)	31.9 (1.27) 31.4 (1.02) 9.2 (0.27)	26.3 (1.18) 26.1 (1.02) 6.8 (0.25)
Under 139% FPL	36.4 (1.07)	34.0 (1.05)	34.7 (1.00)	32.2 (1.00)	26.9 (1.01)
139% to less than or equal to 400%	21.9 (0.59)	20.6 (0.49)	19.9 (0.50)	19.4 (0.50)	15.5 (0.49)
Greater than 400% FPL	5.6 (0.28)	5.2 (0.25)	4.5 (0.26)	4.8 (0.25)	3.2 (0.21)
Under 100% FPL 100% to less than or equal to 250% More than 250% to less than or equal	34.7 (1.33) 32.4 (0.80)	32.8 (1.33) 30.3 (0.74)	33.7 (1.28) 30.1 (0.79)	31.9 (1.27) 28.7 (0.75)	26.3 (1.18) 23.7 (0.77)
to 400% FPL	15.6 (0.65)	14.7 (0.61)	14.2 (0.59)	13.6 (0.56)	10.4 (0.51)
Greater than 400% FPL	5.6 (0.28)	5.2 (0.25)	4.5 (0.26)	4.8 (0.25)	3.2 (0.21)
Non-Hispanic black only Under 100% FPL 100% to less than 200% FPL 200% or more FPL	39.0 (1.41) 38.2 (1.37) 16.6 (0.67)	37.1 (1.29) 33.8 (1.39) 14.9 (0.68)	34.9 (1.30) 32.1 (1.32) 14.4 (0.70)	36.3 (1.36) 34.7 (1.37) 14.8 (0.70)	26.5 (1.32) 24.0 (1.38) 10.1 (0.59)
Under 139% FPL	38.9 (1.23)	36.7 (1.06)	34.9 (1.15)	36.2 (1.10)	26.5 (1.13)
139% to less than or equal to 400%	26.9 (0.91)	23.8 (0.93)	22.8 (0.97)	25.0 (0.92)	17.1 (0.89)
Greater than 400% FPL	9.7 (0.89)	8.0 (0.78)	8.1 (0.84)	7.3 (0.83)	5.4 (0.67)
Under 100% FPL 100% to less than or equal to 250% More than 250% to less than or equal	39.0 (1.41) 35.5 (1.13)	37.1 (1.29) 31.7 (1.14)	34.9 (1.30) 30.1 (1.15)	36.3 (1.36) 32.8 (1.12)	26.5 (1.32) 22.8 (1.14)
to 400% FPL	18.5 (1.13)	17.6 (1.24)	17.4 (1.29)	17.4 (1.24)	12.0 (1.12)
Greater than 400% FPL	9.7 (0.89)	8.0 (0.78)	8.1 (0.84)	7.3 (0.83)	5.4 (0.67)

Table 2. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview by race and ethnicity, poverty status, and year: United States, 2010–2014—Continued

Selected characteristic	Uninsured ¹ in 2010	Uninsured ¹ in 2011	Uninsured ¹ in 2012	Uninsured ¹ in 2013	Uninsured ¹ in 2014
Non-Hispanic Asian only					
Under 100% FPL	34.6 (3.46)	32.2 (2.90)	35.6 (3.21)	30.0 (3.02)	25.7 (2.70)
100% to less than 200% FPL	39.1 (2.89)	34.4 (2.79)	38.3 (3.01)	32.1 (2.53)	25.3 (2.42)
200% or more FPL	12.6 (0.90)	12.7 (0.91)	11.4 (0.98)	10.0 (0.76)	7.2 (0.77)
Under 139% FPL	37.0 (2.66)	31.8 (2.34)	36.4 (2.50)	32.3 (2.58)	25.4 (2.23)
139% to less than or equal to 400%	26.2 (1.65)	24.6 (1.56)	25.2 (1.79)	20.2 (1.51)	16.1 (1.50)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.5 (1.01)	7.8 (0.82)	6.3 (1.14)	5.6 (0.70)	3.3 (0.55)
Under 100% FPL	34.6 (3.46)	32.2 (2.90)	35.6 (3.21)	30.0 (3.02)	25.7 (2.70)
100% to less than or equal to 250%	37.5 (2.27)	32.9 (2.16)	36.4 (2.54)	29.5 (2.15)	22.7 (1.98)
More than 250% to less than or equal	, ,	,	,	, ,	, ,
to 400% FPL	18.3 (2.00)	16.1 (1.96)	16.0 (1.69)	14.3 (1.71)	11.3 (1.98)
Greater than 400% FPL	6.5 (1.01)	7.8 (0.82)	6.3 (1.14)	5.6 (0.70)	3.3 (0.55)

¹A person is defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, state sponsored or other government health plan, or military plan at the time of interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Hispanic or Latino origin and race are two separate categories. Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races. Hispanic or Latino origin includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central and South American, or Spanish origin. Race is based on the family respondent's description of his or her own race background, as well as the race background of other family members. More than one race may be reported for a person. Esimates for non-Hispanic adults of races other than white only, black only, and Asian only are not shown separately due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

³Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau federal poverty level (FPL).

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014 Family Core Component.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: This table was produced by Colleen N. Nugent, Maria A. Villarroel, and Robin A. Cohen of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), Division of Health Interview Statistics.

Table 3. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by race and ethnicity, expanded regions, and year: United States, 2010–2014

Race and ethnicity ¹ and expanded regions ²	Uninsured ³ in 2010	Uninsured ³ in 2011	Uninsured ³ in 2012	Uninsured ³ in 2013	Uninsured ³ in 2014
All adults aged 18–64 ⁴					
New England	10.4 (1.41)	9.7 (0.72)	10.5 (0.80)	10.0 (0.80)	7.7 (0.64)
Middle Atlantic	16.6 (0.70)	16.1 (0.63)	14.9 (0.62)	15.3 (0.69)	12.3 (0.59)
East North Central	18.5 (0.72)	17.2 (0.68)	17.2 (0.66)	16.6 (0.67)	13.0 (0.60)
West North Central	16.3 (1.28)	15.7 (1.14)	15.8 (1.06)	15.2 (0.81)	12.7 (0.64)
South Atlantic	26.4 (0.76)	25.7 (0.82)	25.8 (0.87)	25.3 (0.81)	20.5 (0.78)
East South Central	23.9 (1.38)	22.2 (1.19)	22.1 (1.29)	19.7 (1.17)	16.1 (1.39)
West South Central	30.6 (0.98)	28.5 (0.82)	28.1 (1.00)	27.4 (1.02)	24.5 (0.85)
Mountain	25.6 (1.97)	23.8 (1.23)	23.5 (0.95)	22.7 (1.04)	18.0 (0.85)
Pacific	24.8 (0.81)	24.2 (0.71)	23.7 (0.71)	23.3 (0.68)	15.8 (0.60)
Hispanic or Latino origin					
New England	23.0 (3.42)	21.8 (2.83)	24.4 (2.69)	18.9 (2.51)	17.1 (2.52)
Middle Atlantic	34.7 (2.24)	37.6 (1.87)	34.1 (1.94)	35.8 (2.80)	30.0 (2.12)
East North Central	38.6 (3.03)	38.8 (2.57)	36.6 (2.32)	33.8 (2.51)	35.0 (2.75)
West North Central	45.4 (4.96)	40.8 (4.35)	41.5 (3.63)	44.0 (5.00)	36.9 (5.24)
South Atlantic	50.3 (2.26)	48.5 (2.27)	49.0 (2.18)	49.4 (2.09)	40.0 (2.25)
East South Central	61.2 (5.86)	69.7 (7.08)	58.4 (5.79)	43.9 (8.98)	40.7 (7.02)
West South Central	48.2 (1.68)	47.1 (1.39)	47.2 (1.73)	46.0 (1.60)	42.5 (1.57)
Mountain	42.2 (2.42)	40.5 (2.18)	41.6 (2.50)	41.2 (2.37)	32.7 (1.84)
Pacific	42.4 (1.27)	39.8 (1.09)	38.7 (1.25)	39.4 (1.17)	28.5 (1.08)
Non-Hispanic white only					
New England	8.1 (1.69)	7.7 (0.62)	8.0 (0.76)	8.7 (0.87)	5.7 (0.62)
Middle Atlantic	12.6 (0.81)	11.6 (0.69)	10.1 (0.66)	10.3 (0.65)	8.3 (0.61)
East North Central	15.6 (0.77)	14.5 (0.70)	14.4 (0.67)	13.7 (0.70)	10.6 (0.63)
West North Central	14.0 (1.42)	13.6 (1.23)	13.7 (1.18)	13.2 (0.88)	10.3 (0.80)
South Atlantic	20.5 (0.84)	19.8 (0.90)	19.9 (0.90)	18.5 (0.90)	15.9 (0.82)
East South Central	20.6 (1.45)	18.8 (1.76)	18.8 (1.43)	16.6 (1.11)	13.4 (1.42)
West South Central	20.9 (1.16)	18.3 (0.95)	17.7 (1.09)	16.9 (1.16)	16.0 (0.98)
Mountain	17.2 (1.12)	18.0 (1.41)	17.3 (0.92)	16.0 (0.92)	11.9 (0.77)
Pacific	16.1 (1.03)	16.5 (0.89)	15.7 (0.85)	15.6 (0.82)	9.9 (0.73)
Non-Hispanic black only					
New England	17.7 (2.94)	12.2 (3.01)	18.0 (3.40)	10.9 (2.34)	9.4 (2.04)
Middle Atlantic	19.6 (1.39)	15.9 (1.27)	16.9 (1.17)	18.6 (1.29)	12.3 (1.11)
East North Central	26.8 (1.79)	23.5 (1.58)	23.6 (1.72)	25.2 (1.66)	15.4 (1.51)
West North Central	24.0 (2.38)	23.1 (2.51)	21.4 (2.75)	21.7 (2.80)	17.5 (2.77)
South Atlantic	29.0 (1.24)	29.5 (1.27)	26.9 (1.41)	29.3 (1.22)	21.7 (1.22)
East South Central	30.0 (2.37)	26.4 (2.07)	26.5 (2.19)	25.6 (1.93)	20.5 (1.98)
West South Central	34.0 (1.94)	32.4 (1.88)	28.4 (2.04)	28.9 (1.46)	20.7 (1.61)
Mountain Pacific	29.1 (3.35) 23.4 (2.08)	18.0 (3.28) 22.0 (2.03)	21.3 (3.26) 18.8 (1.82)	21.1 (3.51) 20.8 (2.05)	18.8 (4.60) 11.8 (1.81)
	- (=)	- (=)	()	- (=)	- ()
Non-Hispanic Asian only	*17 5 (0 40)	1E E (0.70)	15 7 (0 54)	*7.0 (0.05)	*40 E /F 74\
New England	*17.5 (6.49)	15.5 (3.76)	15.7 (3.54)	*7.8 (3.65)	*13.5 (5.71)
Middle Atlantic East North Central	18.4 (2.08)	18.8 (2.15)	16.7 (2.70)	13.3 (1.77)	13.4 (1.80)
	15.8 (3.13)	15.1 (2.82)	18.5 (4.17)	13.5 (2.48)	9.9 (2.34)
West North Central	*10.9 (3.28)	13.1 (3.90)	*12.1 (3.90)	*6.1 (2.26)	14.1 (3.46)
South Atlantic	28.9 (3.08)	22.8 (2.79)	26.5 (3.64)	22.8 (3.01)	13.6 (2.66)
East South Central		*15.7 (6.17)	*21.2 (7.95)	*18.3 (6.79)	*16.6 (5.81)
West South Central	20.1 (3.06)	23.8 (3.84)	22.7 (3.52)	23.5 (3.41)	18.3 (2.81)
Mountain	24.6 (6.09)	16.9 (3.80)	17.9 (2.87)	14.8 (3.61)	14.6 (3.30)
Pacific	18.8 (1.33)	18.8 (1.27)	18.7 (1.43)	16.0 (1.20)	9.3 (0.89)

Table 3. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by race and ethnicity, expanded regions, and year: United States, 2010–2014—Continued

*Estimate has a relative standard error (RSE) greater than 30% but less than or equal to 50% and should be used with caution as it does not meet standards of reliability or precision.

¹Hispanic or Latino origin and race are two separate categories. Persons of Hispanic or Latino origin may be of any race or combination of races. Hispanic or Latino origin includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central and South American, or Spanish origin. Race is based on the family respondent's description of his or her own race background, as well as the race background of other family members. More than one race may be reported for a persons. Esimates for non-Hispanic adults of races other than white only, black only, and Asian only are not shown separately due to small sample sizes for other combinations.

²Based on a subdivision of the four Census Regions (Northeast, Midwest, South and West) into nine divisions. For this table, the nine divisions were modified by moving Delaware, the District of Columbia and Maryland into the Middle Atlantic division.

³A person is defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare, State sponsored or other government health plan, or military plan at the time of interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

⁴Includes persons of all races.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014 Family Core Component.

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[†] Estimate has an RSE greater than 50% and is not shown.

Table 4. Percentage (and standard error) of adults aged 18–64 who were uninsured at the time of interview, by poverty status, expanded regions, and year: United States, 2010–2014

Poverty status ¹ and	Uninsured ³ in				
expanded regions ²	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Poor (Under 100% FPL)					
New England	25.1 (4.05)	17.4 (3.45)	19.1 (3.10)	17.7 (2.89)	10.6 (2.12)
Middle Atlantic	30.2 (2.15)	29.4 (2.13)	24.8 (1.88)	27.2 (2.08)	25.1 (2.00)
East North Central	32.4 (1.81)	34.2 (2.12)	36.0 (1.84)	28.3 (2.11)	25.1 (1.90)
West North Central	29.5 (3.69)	28.9 (3.61)	28.6 (4.66)	34.0 (2.64)	28.5 (2.85)
South Atlantic	52.0 (2.25)	48.9 (1.98)	47.6 (1.67)	48.4 (1.97)	40.0 (2.04)
East South Central	43.5 (2.58)	41.8 (2.76)	44.6 (2.80)	43.9 (2.47)	30.3 (2.33)
West South Central	57.4 (2.31)	55.4 (1.87)	55.1 (2.11)	53.6 (2.43)	50.3 (2.43)
Mountain	52.1 (4.24)	42.4 (3.17)	47.6 (3.03)	46.9 (3.14)	33.3 (2.74)
Pacific	45.1 (2.26)	41.1 (2.16)	40.9 (1.88)	42.8 (1.90)	30.8 (1.89)
Near Poor (100% to less than 200% FPL)					
New England	26.4 (4.76)	23.3 (2.99)	26.2 (2.50)	19.9 (2.72)	18.0 (2.12)
Middle Atlantic	37.3 (2.00)	34.8 (1.80)	32.8 (2.01)	31.9 (2.24)	24.3 (1.84)
East North Central	35.4 (1.83)	33.2 (1.69)	33.9 (1.78)	32.8 (1.79)	27.0 (1.79)
West North Central	37.3 (2.95)	34.3 (3.12)	34.0 (2.04)	31.8 (2.30)	25.3 (1.99)
South Atlantic	47.2 (1.44)	44.6 (1.89)	43.2 (1.65)	43.8 (1.68)	36.7 (1.87)
East South Central	37.4 (2.56)	34.1 (1.98)	37.1 (1.98)	31.5 (1.89)	29.8 (2.83)
West South Central	53.3 (1.63)	45.7 (1.65)	45.1 (1.86)	47.6 (1.71)	42.0 (1.63)
Mountain	43.0 (4.48)	43.6 (2.26)	40.7 (2.25)	38.8 (3.07)	34.7 (2.50)
Pacific	44.0 (1.61)	42.7 (1.65)	40.8 (1.50)	40.2 (1.66)	28.3 (1.52)
Not poor (200% or more FPL)					
New England	5.7 (1.15)	6.4 (0.68)	6.6 (0.68)	7.0 (0.71)	5.5 (0.79)
Middle Atlantic	10.4 (0.60)	10.1 (0.56)	9.5 (0.56)	9.9 (0.64)	6.8 (0.52)
East North Central	11.4 (0.70)	9.5 (0.54)	9.1 (0.56)	9.9 (0.66)	6.4 (0.52)
West North Central	9.0 (0.90)	9.6 (0.72)	9.1 (1.04)	8.5 (0.85)	7.7 (0.84)
South Atlantic	14.8 (0.64)	14.4 (0.70)	14.2 (0.76)	13.8 (0.66)	10.2 (0.52)
East South Central	13.0 (1.09)	10.9 (1.14)	10.6 (1.02)	9.5 (0.87)	8.3 (1.17)
West South Central	16.3 (0.82)	16.1 (0.87)	15.7 (0.82)	14.8 (0.78)	12.6 (0.71)
Mountain	15.8 (1.53)	14.3 (1.08)	13.0 (1.07)	12.8 (0.93)	10.6 (0.90)
Pacific	15.1 (0.70)	14.8 (0.76)	14.6 (0.62)	14.2 (0.64)	9.5 (0.53)

¹Poverty status is based on family income and family size using the U.S. Census Bureau federal poverty level (FPL).

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²Based on a subdivision of the four Census Regions (Northeast, Midwest, South and West) into nine divisions. For this table, the nine divisions were modified by moving Delaware, the District of Columbia, and Maryland into the Middle Atlantic division.

³A person is defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicare, Medicare, State sponsored or other government health plan, or military plan at the time of interview. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2014 Family Core Component.

Table 1. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
2010 full year	18.2 (0.30)	61.2 (0.50)		22.0 (0.38)
Quarter 1	17.5 (0.53)	62.6 (0.99)	•••	21.2 (0.71)
Quarter 2	19.2 (0.74)	60.9 (0.92)	•••	21.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.50)	60.6 (0.83)	•••	22.0 (0.64)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.49)	60.6 (0.89)		23.5 (0.68)
2011 full year	17.3 (0.29)	61.2 (0.51)		23.0 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.4 (0.49)	61.3 (0.89)		22.7 (0.67)
Quarter 2	17.4 (0.48)	61.4 (0.83)		22.5 (0.59)
Quarter 3	17.3 (0.54)	60.8 (0.95)		23.3 (0.68)
Quarter 4	16.9 (0.51)	61.1 (0.86)		23.3 (0.63)
2012 full year	16.9 (0.27)	61.0 (0.47)		23.5 (0.37)
Quarter 1	17.6 (0.56)	60.2 (0.93)		23.5 (0.64)
Quarter 2	16.0 (0.48)	63.0 (0.90)		22.6 (0.68)
Quarter 3	17.0 (0.50)	60.3 (0.84)		24.2 (0.67)
Quarter 4	17.2 (0.47)	60.3 (0.80)		23.8 (0.59)
2013 full year	16.6 (0.30)	61.0 (0.52)		23.8 (0.35)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.54)	60.3 (0.91)		23.9 (0.65)
Quarter 2	16.4 (0.49)	62.1 (0.82)		22.9 (0.59)
Quarter 3	16.5 (0.48)	61.2 (0.85)	•••	23.7 (0.61)
Quarter 4	16.2 (0.53)	60.5 (0.93)		24.5 (0.68)
2014 full year	13.3 (0.26)	63.6 (0.46)	2.2 (0.10)	24.5 (0.36)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.47)	61.8 (0.85)	1.4 (0.11)	24.2 (0.68)
Quarter 2	12.9 (0.50)	63.8 (0.81)	2.4 (0.17)	24.7 (0.61)
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.44)	64.0 (0.85)	2.5 (0.20)	24.0 (0.62)
Quarter 4	12.1 (0.42)	64.4 (0.90)	2.5 (0.18)	25.0 (0.74)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	10.5 (0.27)	66.6 (0.61)	3.8 (0.17)	24.4 (0.55)
Quarter 1	10.7 (0.40)	66.5 (0.88)	3.6 (0.22)	24.2 (0.74)
Quarter 2	10.3 (0.36)	66.7 (0.81)	4.0 (0.24)	24.6 (0.71)

^{...} Category not applicable.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

'Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Age group, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴
0-17 years				
2010 full year	7.8 (0.32)	53.8 (0.75)		39.8 (0.73)
Quarter 1	7.4 (0.51)	55.4 (1.47)		38.5 (1.41)
Quarter 2	9.1 (0.79)	53.0 (1.30)	•••	39.3 (1.19)
Quarter 3	8.2 (0.56)	53.7 (1.35)	•••	39.7 (1.31)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.46)	53.0 (1.35)	•••	41.6 (1.30)
2011 full year	7.0 (0.27)	53.3 (0.76)		41.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	6.9 (0.50)	54.4 (1.40)		40.3 (1.35)
Quarter 2	7.7 (0.48)	53.7 (1.23)	•••	40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	7.1 (0.53)	52.3 (1.46)	•••	42.1 (1.38)
Quarter 4	6.5 (0.45)	53.0 (1.33)		41.5 (1.29)
2012 full year	6.6 (0.27)	52.8 (0.73)		42.1 (0.72)
Quarter 1	6.7 (0.55)	51.6 (1.35)	•••	43.0 (1.24)
Quarter 2	6.4 (0.57)	55.3 (1.34)	•••	39.9 (1.38)
Quarter 3	6.8 (0.50)	52.0 (1.30)	•••	43.0 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.4 (0.44)	52.4 (1.33)	•••	42.3 (1.25)
2013 full year	6.5 (0.26)	52.6 (0.76)	•••	42.2 (0.70)
Quarter 1	7.1 (0.52)	51.5 (1.45)		42.5 (1.30)
Quarter 2	7.1 (0.51)	54.1 (1.31)		40.1 (1.21)
Quarter 3	5.9 (0.49)	52.7 (1.39)		42.7 (1.26)
Quarter 4	6.0 (0.47)	52.0 (1.34)		43.6 (1.24)
2014 full year	5.5 (0.27)	53.7 (0.68)	0.9 (0.11)	42.2 (0.65)
Quarter 1	6.6 (0.55)	51.7 (1.34)	0.5 (0.14)	43.0 (1.32)
Quarter 2	5.6 (0.59)	53.6 (1.28)	1.0 (0.17)	42.5 (1.24)
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.46)	54.6 (1.31)	1.0 (0.19)	40.9 (1.24)
Quarter 4	4.2 (0.40)	54.5 (1.38)	1.3 (0.28)	42.9 (1.39)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	4.5 (0.35)	56.0 (0.97)	1.7 (0.19)	40.8 (0.96)
Quarter 1	4.6 (0.50)	56.3 (1.44)	1.6 (0.23)	40.4 (1.38)
Quarter 2	4.5 (0.48)	55.7 (1.34)	1.9 (0.29)	41.1 (1.32)
18-29 years				
2010 full year	30.9 (0.56)	53.4 (0.64)		16.2 (0.45)
Quarter 1	30.6 (1.13)	53.4 (0.04)	•••	16.6 (0.92)
Quarter 2	31.9 (1.16)	54.0 (1.25)		14.4 (0.73)
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.01)	52.2 (1.11)	•••	16.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.08)	54.2 (1.31)	•••	17.4 (0.86)
			•••	
2011 full year	27.7 (0.57)	56.4 (0.69)		16.7 (0.48)
Quarter 1	27.9 (1.01)	55.8 (1.34)		17.1 (0.92)
Quarter 2	27.6 (1.02) 28.1 (1.10)	57.4 (1.23) 55.6 (1.28)		16.0 (0.71)
Quarter 4		55.6 (1.28) 56.9 (1.16)	•••	17.0 (0.87) 16.8 (0.75)
Quarter 4	27.2 (1.02)	56.9 (1.16)	•••	16.8 (0.75)
2012 full year	26.9 (0.54)	56.5 (0.64)	•••	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 1	28.2 (1.10)	54.7 (0.33)	•••	17.9 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.09)	58.4 (1.42)	•••	17.6 (0.85)
Quarter 3	27.4 (0.99)	55.3 (1.27)		18.0 (0.94)
Quarter 4	26.9 (1.12)	57.6 (1.30)		16.6 (0.77)

Table 2. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons under age 65 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015—Continued

	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	health insurance coverage³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2013 full year	26.1 (0.59)	57.6 (0.68)	•••	16.9 (0.46)
Quarter 1	26.5 (1.02)	56.0 (1.24)		18.1 (0.88)
Quarter 2	25.1 (1.06)	58.5 (1.21)		17.1 (0.87)
Quarter 3	25.9 (1.06)	58.8 (1.23)		16.1 (0.90)
Quarter 4	26.8 (1.13)	57.2 (1.42)	•••	16.5 (0.91)
2014 full year	20.6 (0.49)	61.4 (0.68)	2.1 (0.14)	19.0 (0.50)
Quarter 1	22.2 (0.91)	59.7 (1.36)	1.3 (0.21)	19.0 (0.97)
Quarter 2	19.8 (0.89)	62.2 (1.19)	2.4 (0.31)	18.8 (0.95)
Quarter 3	21.5 (0.99)	61.0 (1.34)	2.3 (0.28)	18.4 (0.85)
Quarter 4	19.1 (0.86)	62.4 (1.25)	2.5 (0.30)	19.7 (0.97)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	16.2 (0.61)	64.7 (0.87)	3.5 (0.30)	20.0 (0.74)
Quarter 1	17.2 (0.87)	64.0 (1.16)	3.0 (0.42)	19.8 (0.99)
Quarter 2	15.2 (0.74)	65.4 (1.22)	4.0 (0.39)	20.3 (0.97)
30-64 years				
2010 full year	19.1 (0.36)	67.9 (0.49)	•••	14.5 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.2 (0.64)	69.8 (0.88)		13.6 (0.53)
Ouarter 2	20.0 (0.83)	67.7 (0.95)		13.9 (0.48)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.64)	67.2 (0.79)		14.5 (0.54)
Quarter 4	18.6 (0.59)	67.0 (0.82)		16.0 (0.56)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.34)	67.0 (0.44)		15.6 (0.29)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.62)	67.0 (0.79)	•••	15.4 (0.52)
Quarter 2	18.9 (0.60)	67.0 (0.80)		15.5 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.8 (0.58)	67.3 (0.82)		15.5 (0.50)
Quarter 4	18.7 (0.59)	67.0 (0.84)		16.0 (0.58)
2012 full year	18.7 (0.31)	66.8 (0.43)		16.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	19.4 (0.65)	66.7 (0.85)	•••	15.3 (0.52)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.54)	68.6 (0.78)	•••	15.4 (0.51)
Quarter 3	18.6 (0.58)	66.4 (0.80)	•••	16.6 (0.57)
Quarter 4	19.2 (0.53)	65.3 (0.72)		16.8 (0.53)
2013 full year	18.3 (0.36)	66.6 (0.47)		16.7 (0.31)
Quarter 1	18.9 (0.68)	66.4 (0.84)	•••	16.4 (0.56)
Ouarter 2	18.1 (0.59)	67.5 (0.75)	•••	16.1 (0.52)
Quarter 3	18.7 (0.57)	66.5 (0.76)	•••	16.6 (0.52)
Quarter 4	17.8 (0.63)	66.2 (0.88)	•••	17.6 (0.59)
2014 full year	14.7 (0.30)	69.4 (0.43)	2.9 (0.13)	17.3 (0.33)
Quarter 1	17.1 (0.58)	67.8 (0.74)	1.8 (0.16)	16.5 (0.54)
Quarter 2	14.1 (0.57)	69.6 (0.75)	3.1 (0.23)	17.7 (0.57)
Quarter 3	14.1 (0.57)	69.9 (0.81)	3.4 (0.27)	17.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	13.7 (0.53)	70.2 (0.85)	3.1 (0.22)	17.3 (0.37)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	11.5 (0.30)	72.7 (0.54)	5.0 (0.22)	17.6 (0.47)
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.30)	72.7 (0.76)	4.9 (0.28)	17.5 (0.47)
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.45)	72.7 (0.70)	5.1 (0.30)	17.6 (0.61)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 3. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by year and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Year and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2010 full year	22.3 (0.35)	64.1 (0.46)		15.0 (0.30)
Quarter 1	21.5 (0.66)	65.5 (0.88)		14.4 (0.54)
Quarter 2	23.2 (0.80)	64.0 (0.89)		14.0 (0.44)
Quarter 3	23.0 (0.58)	63.2 (0.73)		15.0 (0.51)
Quarter 4	21.4 (0.60)	63.6 (0.81)		16.4 (0.53)
2011 full year	21.3 (0.34)	64.2 (0.45)		15.9 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.6 (0.59)	64.0 (0.79)		15.9 (0.50)
Quarter 2	21.2 (0.59)	64.5 (0.79)		15.6 (0.47)
Quarter 3	21.3 (0.62)	64.2 (0.84)		15.9 (0.52)
Quarter 4	21.0 (0.62)	64.3 (0.78)		16.2 (0.51)
2012 full year	20.9 (0.31)	64.1 (0.42)		16.4 (0.29)
Quarter 1	21.7 (0.66)	63.6 (0.84)	•••	16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 2	19.6 (0.59)	65.9 (0.83)		16.0 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.9 (0.57)	63.5 (0.79)		17.0 (0.55)
Quarter 4	21.3 (0.58)	63.3 (0.73)		16.8 (0.50)
2013 full year	20.4 (0.37)	64.2 (0.47)		16.7 (0.30)
Quarter 1	20.9 (0.64)	63.6 (0.79)		16.9 (0.54)
Quarter 2	19.9 (0.58)	65.1 (0.74)		16.3 (0.51)
Quarter 3	20.6 (0.59)	64.5 (0.74)		16.4 (0.48)
Quarter 4	20.1 (0.64)	63.8 (0.87)		17.3 (0.57)
2014 full year	16.3 (0.31)	67.3 (0.43)	2.7 (0.11)	17.7 (0.32)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.55)	65.6 (0.76)	1.7 (0.13)	17.1 (0.53)
Quarter 2	15.6 (0.57)	67.7 (0.73)	2.9 (0.21)	18.0 (0.53)
Quarter 3	16.2 (0.53)	67.6 (0.80)	3.1 (0.23)	17.6 (0.53)
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.52)	68.1 (0.81)	2.9 (0.19)	18.2 (0.62)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	12.7 (0.31)	70.6 (0.55)	4.6 (0.20)	18.2 (0.48)
Quarter 1	13.0 (0.45)	70.4 (0.77)	4.4 (0.27)	18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	12.4 (0.43)	70.8 (0.71)	4.8 (0.27)	18.3 (0.60)

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

⁴Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage ⁴
Male				
2010 full year	25.3 (0.44)	63.4 (0.51)	•••	12.5 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.7 (0.84)	64.7 (0.93)	•••	12.0 (0.54)
Quarter 2	26.4 (0.93)	63.5 (0.99)	•••	11.2 (0.49)
Quarter 3	26.3 (0.75)	62.2 (0.82)	•••	12.6 (0.50)
Quarter 4	24.0 (0.74)	63.3 (0.87)		14.1 (0.55)
2011 full year	23.7 (0.40)	63.9 (0.49)	•••	13.8 (0.30)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.72)	63.7 (0.86)		13.6 (0.52)
Quarter 2	23.8 (0.72)	64.0 (0.92)	•••	13.5 (0.51)
Quarter 3	23.4 (0.75)	64.2 (0.90)	•••	14.0 (0.52)
Quarter 4	23.6 (0.69)	63.8 (0.82)	•••	14.0 (0.53)
2012 full year	23.2 (0.38)	64.0 (0.46)		14.2 (0.31)
Quarter 1	24.0 (0.78)	63.6 (0.92)		13.8 (0.54)
Quarter 2	21.6 (0.68)	66.1 (0.90)	•••	13.9 (0.58)
Quarter 3	23.5 (0.71)	63.5 (0.82)	•••	14.3 (0.57)
Quarter 4	23.8 (0.71)	62.7 (0.84)	•••	14.5 (0.54)
2013 full year	22.5 (0.42)	64.6 (0.49)	•••	14.2 (0.32)
Quarter 1	23.3 (0.80)	63.9 (0.90)	•••	14.3 (0.58)
Quarter 2	22.7 (0.72)	64.3 (0.84)	•••	14.2 (0.58)
Quarter 3	22.3 (0.70)	65.0 (0.80)	•••	14.1 (0.54)
Quarter 4	21.9 (0.78)	65.0 (0.90)	•••	14.3 (0.56)
2014 full year	18.3 (0.38)	67.7 (0.47)	2.4 (0.12)	15.2 (0.36)
Quarter 1	20.0 (0.66)	66.3 (0.84)	1.6 (0.14)	14.9 (0.59)
Quarter 2	17.8 (0.72)	67.8 (0.79)	2.7 (0.24)	15.7 (0.64)
Quarter 3	18.1 (0.66)	67.8 (0.85)	2.7 (0.24)	15.4 (0.58)
Quarter 4	17.3 (0.65)	68.7 (0.92)	2.8 (0.21)	15.1 (0.66)
2015 (Jan–Jun)	14.8 (0.38)	71.1 (0.60)	4.3 (0.23)	15.5 (0.49)
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.55)	70.6 (0.88)	3.9 (0.31)	15.6 (0.69)
Quarter 2	14.3 (0.53)	71.6 (0.81)	4.7 (0.30)	15.4 (0.62)
Female				
2010 full year	19.3 (0.32)	64.7 (0.47)		17.4 (0.38)
Quarter 1	18.4 (0.65)	66.2 (0.95)		16.8 (0.68)
Quarter 2	20.1 (0.76)	64.5 (0.92)	•••	16.8 (0.55)
Quarter 3	19.7 (0.57)	64.2 (0.80)	•••	17.3 (0.67)
Quarter 4	18.8 (0.60)	64.0 (0.87)		18.6 (0.68)
2011 full year	18.9 (0.36)	64.5 (0.47)	•••	18.0 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.2 (0.59)	64.3 (0.86)		18.1 (0.62)
Quarter 2	18.6 (0.59)	64.9 (0.81)		17.8 (0.57)
Quarter 3	19.3 (0.64)	64.1 (0.89)		17.8 (0.65)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.71)	64.8 (0.93)	•••	18.4 (0.66)
2012 full year	18.6 (0.33)	64.2 (0.44)	***	18.6 (0.34)
Quarter 1	19.6 (0.66)	63.5 (0.90)		18.0 (0.61)
Quarter 2	17.7 (0.60)	65.8 (0.86)	•••	18.0 (0.57)
Quarter 3	18.5 (0.61)	63.5 (0.88)	•••	19.5 (0.66)
Qualities 5	10.5 (0.01)	00.00)	•••	1 2.2 (0.00)

Table 4. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18–64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by sex, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015—Continued

Sex, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage⁴
2013 full year	18.3 (0.37)	64.0 (0.51)		19.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	18.7 (0.62)	63.4 (0.85)	•••	19.3 (0.65)
Quarter 2	17.3 (0.57)	65.9 (0.79)	•••	18.4 (0.59)
Quarter 3	18.9 (0.60)	63.9 (0.81)	•••	18.7 (0.57)
Quarter 4	18.4 (0.67)	62.6 (0.96)		20.2 (0.73)
2014 full year	14.3 (0.30)	66.9 (0.46)	2.9 (0.13)	20.1 (0.36)
Quarter 1	16.8 (0.59)	65.1 (0.86)	1.8 (0.18)	19.3 (0.62)
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.56)	67.6 (0.84)	3.1 (0.23)	20.2 (0.64)
Quarter 3	14.3 (0.52)	67.4 (0.89)	3.5 (0.28)	19.7 (0.66)
Quarter 4	12.9 (0.54)	67.6 (0.85)	3.1 (0.23)	21.2 (0.73)
2015 (Jan-Jun)	10.8 (0.33)	70.1 (0.59)	4.8 (0.23)	20.8 (0.56)
Quarter 1	10.9 (0.46)	70.2 (0.80)	4.8 (0.30)	20.5 (0.69)
Quarter 2	10.6 (0.45)	70.0 (0.75)	4.8 (0.32)	21.1 (0.71)

^{...} Category not applicable.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

¹A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plar coverage⁴	
Hispanic or Latino⁵					
2010 full year	43.2 (0.91)	41.1 (0.85)	•••	16.3 (0.64)	
Quarter 1	42.4 (1.72) 42.0 (1.67)			15.4 (1.10)	
Quarter 2	44.9 (1.39)	39.7 (1.37)	•••	15.8 (0.92)	
Quarter 3	44.1 (1.78)	40.5 (1.69)	•••	15.8 (0.98)	
Quarter 4	41.5 (1.38)	41.1 (1.45)		18.1 (1.00)	
2011 full year	42.2 (0.89)	40.3 (0.82)		18.1 (0.63)	
Quarter 1	42.0 (1.60)	41.2 (1.95)		17.1 (1.18)	
Quarter 2	41.4 (1.46)	40.2 (1.31)	•••	19.0 (0.86)	
Quarter 3	42.6 (1.38)	39.5 (1.41)		18.6 (1.10)	
Quarter 4	42.7 (1.57)	40.2 (1.39)		17.6 (1.00)	
2012 full year	41.3 (0.89)	40.4 (0.73)		19.0 (0.64)	
Quarter 1	42.6 (1.72)	41.0 (1.68)		17.1 (1.02)	
Quarter 2	39.7 (1.29)	42.0 (1.49)	•••	19.3 (1.04)	
Quarter 3	40.5 (1.55)	39.8 (1.34)		20.1 (1.39)	
Quarter 4	42.2 (1.58)	38.8 (1.42)	•••	19.7 (1.03)	
2013 full year	40.6 (0.88)	42.1 (0.70)		18.0 (0.62)	
Quarter 1	41.4 (1.95)	40.7 (1.52)	•••	18.6 (1.17)	
Quarter 2	41.3 (1.51)	41.9 (1.24)		17.5 (0.94)	
Quarter 3	39.5 (1.38)	43.0 (1.49)		18.1 (1.11)	
Quarter 4	40.3 (1.47)	42.7 (1.40)	•••	17.7 (0.95)	
2014 full year	33.7 (0.76)	46.4 (0.86)	2.6 (0.30)	20.6 (0.73)	
Quarter 1	35.7 (1.43)	44.8 (1.62)	1.4 (0.30)	20.1 (1.09)	
Quarter 2	33.2 (1.42)	47.2 (1.55)	3.0 (0.61)	20.3 (1.16)	
Quarter 3	34.0 (1.40)	46.8 (1.44)	3.4 (0.55)	19.8 (1.12)	
Quarter 4	31.8 (1.47)	47.0 (1.54)	2.6 (0.37)	22.1 (1.22)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	27.2 (0.91)	51.5 (1.02)	4.8 (0.44)	22.1 (1.03)	
Quarter 1	28.3 (1.24)	49.8 (1.42)	5.4 (0.55)	22.7 (1.26)	
Quarter 2	26.1 (1.30)	53.2 (1.46)	4.2 (0.58)	21.4 (1.28)	
Non-Hispanic white, single race					
2010 full year	16.4 (0.35)	72.2 (0.52)		12.8 (0.34)	
Quarter 1	15.6 (0.63)	73.4 (0.93)	•••	12.5 (0.60)	
Quarter 2	17.0 (0.65)	72.7 (0.83)	•••	11.7 (0.49)	
Quarter 3	16.7 (0.64)	71.5 (0.92)	•••	13.0 (0.63)	
Quarter 4	16.1 (0.66)	71.4 (0.89)	•••	14.1 (0.61)	
2011 full year			•••		
	15.6 (0.35)	72.5 (0.48) 71.8 (0.87)	•••	13.4 (0.31)	
Quarter 1	16.1 (0.64)	71.8 (0.87)	•••	13.6 (0.57)	
Quarter 2	15.8 (0.60)	72.9 (0.85)	•••	12.6 (0.50)	
Quarter 3 Quarter 4	15.7 (0.64) 14.8 (0.59)	72.6 (0.86) 72.8 (0.94)	•••	13.3 (0.61) 14.1 (0.62)	
			•••		
2012 full year	15.1 (0.31)	72.7 (0.46)		13.7 (0.33)	
Quarter 1	16.0 (0.67)	72.3 (0.88)	•••	13.1 (0.58)	
Quarter 2	14.2 (0.62)	74.5 (0.83)	•••	13.1 (0.51)	
Quarter 3	15.1 (0.58)	71.9 (0.87)	•••	14.7 (0.61)	
Quarter 4	15.1 (0.59)	72.3 (0.85)	•••	13.9 (0.57)	

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Table 5. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by race/ethnicity, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015—Continued

Race/ethnicity, year, and quarter	Uninsured ¹	Private health insurance coverage ²	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ³	Public health plan coverage ⁴	
2013 full year	14.5 (0.34)	72.7 (0.49)			
Quarter 1	15.2 (0.62)	71.8 (0.91)		14.6 (0.62)	
Quarter 2	13.9 (0.54)	73.6 (0.82)		14.2 (0.61)	
Quarter 3	14.7 (0.61)	72.8 (0.80)		14.0 (0.52)	
Quarter 4	14.0 (0.61)	72.6 (0.96)		14.7 (0.67)	
2014 full year	11.6 (0.29)	75.3 (0.47)	2.5 (0.13)	14.6 (0.36)	
Quarter 1	13.5 (0.58)	73.7 (0.87)	1.6 (0.16)	14.1 (0.66)	
Quarter 2	11.1 (0.58)	75.5 (0.81)	2.6 (0.23)	14.9 (0.61)	
Quarter 3	11.4 (0.52)	75.6 (0.88)	2.9 (0.28)	14.6 (0.67)	
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.55)	76.2 (0.93)	2.8 (0.24)	14.8 (0.71)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	8.8 (0.34)	78.3 (0.57)	4.4 (0.22)	14.7 (0.51)	
Quarter 1	8.7 (0.50)	78.6 (0.78)	4.0 (0.30)	14.4 (0.63)	
Quarter 2	8.8 (0.47)	78.0 (0.78)	4.7 (0.33)	14.9 (0.68)	
Non-Hispanic black, single race	. ,	` ,	. ,	,	
2010 full year	27.2 (0.75)	49.3 (0.81)		25.3 (0.70)	
Quarter 1	27.2 (0.73)	49.5 (1.60)	•••	24.3 (1.41)	
Quarter 2	26.5 (1.33)	49.4 (1.72)	•••	25.7 (1.32)	
Quarter 3	28.6 (1.14)	48.6 (1.35)	•••	24.8 (1.31)	
Quarter 4	25.6 (1.33)	49.6 (1.80)	•••	26.3 (1.46)	
2011 full year	24.8 (0.65)	50.5 (0.79)	•••	26.2 (0.75)	
Quarter 1	23.9 (1.26)	52.2 (1.67)		25.8 (1.18)	
Quarter 2	24.2 (1.24)	51.1 (1.55)	•••	26.5 (1.44)	
Quarter 3	25.0 (1.16)	50.1 (1.49)	•••	25.9 (1.27)	
Quarter 4	26.2 (1.44)	48.8 (1.57)	•••	26.6 (1.49)	
2012 full year	23.6 (0.61)	50.8 (0.75)		27.0 (0.68)	
Quarter 1	26.0 (1.19)	46.3 (1.50)	•••	29.1 (1.21)	
Quarter 2	21.9 (1.34)	53.1 (1.93)	•••	25.8 (1.40)	
Quarter 3	24.1 (1.05)	51.7 (1.47)	•••		
Quarter 3 Quarter 4	22.6 (1.25)	52.2 (1.52)		25.7 (1.27) 27.3 (1.34)	
2013 full year Quarter 1	24.9 (0.62) 25.5 (1.16)	50.0 (0.91)	•••	26.6 (0.80)	
-		50.6 (1.58)	•••	25.0 (1.37)	
Quarter 2	23.6 (1.23)	50.8 (1.68)	•••	26.7 (1.32)	
Quarter 3 Quarter 4	25.9 (1.23) 24.6 (1.39)	50.3 (1.45) 48.3 (1.70)	•••	26.0 (1.25) 28.7 (1.55)	
2014 full year	17.7 (0.60)	53.4 (0.84)	2.9 (0.27)	30.5 (0.73)	
Quarter 1	20.2 (1.16)	51.6 (1.67)	1.4 (0.38)	29.7 (1.30)	
Quarter 2	15.9 (1.04)	54.4 (1.73)	3.7 (0.51)	31.1 (1.53)	
Quarter 3	17.5 (1.00)	52.6 (1.81)	3.3 (0.48)	31.5 (1.54)	
Quarter 4	17.2 (1.16)	55.0 (1.82)	3.3 (0.55)	29.8 (1.59)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	14.5 (0.72)	57.3 (1.14)	4.1 (0.49)	30.1 (1.05)	
Quarter 1	15.6 (1.00)	56.7 (1.50)	4.1 (0.73)	29.7 (1.46)	
Quarter 2	13.5 (0.97)	57.9 (1.72)	4.2 (0.61)	30.5 (1.37)	

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{&#}x27;A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

'Includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

⁵Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Private health ear, and quarter Uninsured ² insurance coverage		Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	Public health plan coverage⁵	
Poor (<100% FPL)					
2010 full year	42.2 (0.99)	19.6 (0.89)	•••	38.8 (0.97)	
Quarter 1	44.0 (1.79) 17.6 (0.68)		•••	39.1 (1.82)	
Quarter 2	43.5 (1.87)	19.4 (1.67)	•••	37.5 (1.83)	
Quarter 3	43.7 (1.75)	17.0 (1.50)	•••	40.0 (1.75)	
Quarter 4	38.1 (1.58)	24.1 (1.61)	•••	38.6 (1.74)	
2011 full year	40.1 (0.91)	21.2 (1.02)	•••	39.6 (0.93)	
Quarter 1	39.8 (0.64)	21.6 (1.79)	•••	39.3 (1.67)	
Quarter 2	37.2 (1.83)	23.8 (2.48)	•••	39.9 (1.87)	
Quarter 3	42.2 (1.84)	17.1 (1.86)	•••	41.7 (1.64)	
Quarter 4	41.1 (1.84)	22.1 (1.98)	•••	37.5 (1.83)	
2012 full year	40.1 (0.90)	20.2 (1.09)	•••	40.8 (0.94)	
Quarter 1	42.7 (1.62)	19.6 (1.69)		38.6 (1.60)	
Quarter 2	38.9 (2.03)	21.0 (3.13)	•••	41.3 (1.71)	
Ouarter 3	41.0 (1.43)	17.2 (1.46)		42.3 (1.82)	
Quarter 4	37.6 (1.58)	22.6 (1.96)		40.9 (1.62)	
2013 full year	39.3 (1.00)	19.0 (0.97)		42.4 (0.95)	
Quarter 1	39.1 (1.74)	19.5 (1.87)	•••	42.4 (1.91)	
Quarter 2	38.9 (1.79)	19.0 (2.22)	•••	42.7 (1.76)	
Quarter 3	40.2 (1.90)	18.1 (2.26)	•••	42.3 (1.76)	
Quarter 3 Quarter 4	39.2 (1.77)	19.3 (1.70)	•••	42.3 (1.70)	
•					
2014 full year	32.3 (0.93)	21.9 (0.92)	2.2 (0.20)	46.6 (0.95)	
Quarter 1	34.9 (1.53)	20.5 (1.59)	1.0 (0.27)	45.4 (1.74)	
Quarter 2	33.5 (2.03)	20.2 (1.61)	2.5 (0.49)	47.0 (2.11)	
Quarter 3	32.0 (1.78)	21.5 (2.06)	2.1 (0.37)	47.5 (1.70)	
Quarter 4	29.1 (1.72)	25.1 (2.00)	3.2 (0.50)	46.5 (1.88)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	26.6 (1.16)	23.8 (1.23)	3.9 (0.50)	50.9 (1.48)	
Quarter 1	28.0 (1.57)	23.1 (1.50)	3.6 (0.65)	50.3 (2.06)	
Quarter 2	25.0 (1.51)	24.6 (1.97)	4.3 (0.85)	51.6 (1.93)	
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)					
2010 full year	43.0 (0.74)	34.7 (0.74)		23.7 (0.55)	
Quarter 1	43.8 (1.41)	34.8 (1.48)	•••	22.8 (1.15)	
Quarter 2	44.2 (1.52)	35.0 (1.44)	•••	22.1 (1.17)	
Quarter 3	43.9 (1.50)	34.3 (1.54)	•••	23.5 (1.14)	
Quarter 4	40.2 (1.51)	34.8 (1.59)	•••	26.6 (1.35)	
2011 full year	40.1 (0.72)	35.4 (0.75)		25.9 (0.69)	
Quarter 1	40.3 (1.24)	36.1 (1.37)	•••	25.4 (1.21)	
Quarter 2	42.1 (1.41)	33.5 (1.32)	•••	25.7 (1.14)	
Quarter 3	39.0 (1.31)	36.0 (1.34)	•••	26.0 (1.25)	
Quarter 4	39.2 (1.49)	35.9 (1.40)		26.5 (1.27)	
2012 full year	39.2 (0.68)	37.2 (0.74)		25.2 (0.57)	
Quarter 1	41.0 (1.28)	37.2 (0.74) 35.8 (1.44)	•••		
Quarter 2	41.0 (1.28) 37.8 (1.42)	35.8 (1.44) 38.4 (1.46)	•••	24.4 (1.13) 25.7 (1.12)	
Quarter 3	38.0 (1.51)	38.6 (1.62)	•••	25.7 (1.12) 25.1 (1.16)	
Quarter J	30.0 (1.31)	30.0 (1.02)	•••	25.4 (1.21)	

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Table 6. Percentages (and standard errors) of persons aged 18-64 who were uninsured, had private health insurance coverage, and had public health plan coverage at the time of interview, by poverty status, year, and quarter: United States, January 2010–June 2015—Continued

Poverty status ¹ , year, and quarter	Uninsured ²	Private health insurance coverage ³	Exchange-based private health insurance coverage ⁴	health Public health plan	
2013 full year	38.5 (0.84)	5 (0.84) 36.4 (0.78)		26.6 (0.78)	
Quarter 1	39.2 (1.42)	33.8 (1.38)		28.4 (1.42)	
Quarter 2	38.4 (1.55)	37.9 (1.50)			
Quarter 3	37.9 (1.34)	39.3 (1.39)	•••	25.4 (1.33) 24.1 (1.19)	
Quarter 4	38.6 (1.42)	34.6 (1.38)	•••	28.5 (1.44)	
2014 full year	30.9 (0.72)	41.2 (0.81)	4.5 (0.33)	29.6 (0.76)	
Quarter 1	34.4 (1.58)	39.3 (1.53)	2.2 (0.40)	27.5 (1.24)	
Quarter 2	28.5 (1.20)	43.5 (1.38)	5.1 (0.56)	29.6 (1.21)	
Quarter 3	31.3 (1.32)	42.1 (1.43)	5.3 (0.70)	28.7 (1.27)	
Quarter 4	29.2 (1.31)	40.0 (1.47)	5.2 (0.66)	32.6 (1.41)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	23.9 (0.80)	45.9 (1.02)	8.6 (0.67)	32.7 (1.10)	
Quarter 1	23.8 (1.14)	45.9 (1.43)	8.6 (0.92)		
Quarter 2				32.8 (1.43)	
-	24.0 (1.17)	45.8 (1.47)	8.6 (0.88)	32.5 (1.42)	
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)					
2010 full year	12.6 (0.27)	80.8 (0.36)	***	8.1 (0.27)	
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.50)	82.2 (0.66)	•••	7.8 (0.45)	
Quarter 2	13.2 (0.57)	80.8 (0.66)	•••	7.4 (0.36)	
Quarter 3	13.2 (0.57)	80.1 (0.65)	•••	8.1 (0.51)	
Quarter 4	12.4 (0.54)	80.1 (0.69)		9.0 (0.46)	
2011 full year	12.0 (0.28)	81.1 (0.35)		8.3 (0.23)	
Quarter 1	12.0 (0.55)	81.1 (0.64)	•••	8.3 (0.40)	
Quarter 2	12.5 (0.49)	80.5 (0.64)	•••	8.4 (0.39)	
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.49)	81.5 (0.64)	•••	8.0 (0.39)	
Quarter 4	11.6 (0.50)	81.4 (0.66)		8.6 (0.43)	
2012 full year	11.4 (0.26)	81.3 (0.38)	•••	8.7 (0.29)	
Quarter 1	11.5 (0.52)	81.4 (0.68)	•••	8.5 (0.52)	
Quarter 2	11.3 (0.52)	81.7 (0.68)		8.5 (0.44)	
Quarter 3	11.3 (0.44)	81.0 (0.64)		9.3 (0.51)	
Quarter 4	11.7 (0.44)	80.9 (0.62)	•••	8.7 (0.49)	
2013 full year	11.4 (0.27)	81.2 (0.37)	•••	8.9 (0.26)	
Quarter 1	11.7 (0.56)	81.7 (0.74)		8.1 (0.47)	
Quarter 2	11.4 (0.48)	81.0 (0.62)		9.0 (0.45)	
Quarter 3	12.0 (0.54)	80.0 (0.66)		9.6 (0.44)	
Quarter 4	10.5 (0.59)	82.0 (0.73)	•••	8.8 (0.47)	
2014 full year	8.9 (0.23)	83.9 (0.35)	2.3 (0.12)	8.5 (0.26)	
Quarter 1	10.1 (0.48)	83.0 (0.62)	1.7 (0.18)	8.1 (0.44)	
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.43)	83.0 (0.64)	2.5 (0.23)	9.7 (0.48)	
Quarter 3	8.5 (0.40)	84.4 (0.57)	2.7 (0.27)	8.3 (0.42)	
Quarter 4	8.3 (0.44)	85.1 (0.61)	2.4 (0.22)	8.0 (0.46)	
2015 (Jan–Jun)	7.5 (0.27)	85.2 (0.44)	3.6 (0.19)	8.7 (0.36)	
Quarter 1	7.5 (0.42)	85.3 (0.65)	3.5 (0.28)	8.6 (0.49)	
Quarter 2	7.5 (0.36)	85.2 (0.56)	3.8 (0.28)	8.8 (0.46)	

^{...} Category not applicable.

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 12.2% in 2010, 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.5% in the first two quarters of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

²A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

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³Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, or purchased through local or community programs. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

"Includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage."

fincludes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

NOTES: These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2010–2015, Family Core component.

Table 7. Percentages and number in millions of persons under age 65 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by age group, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Age group		
Under age 65		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.10)	5.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.11)	3.7
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.17)	6.3
Quarter 3	2.5 (0.20)	6.8
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.18)	6.7
2015 (Jan-Jun)	3.8 (0.17)	10.2
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.22)	9.7
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.24)	10.7
Age 0–17		
2014 full year	0.9 (0.11)	0.7
Quarter 1	0.5 (0.14)	0.4
Quarter 2	1.0 (0.17)	0.7
Quarter 3	1.0 (0.19)	0.8
Quarter 4	1.3 (0.28)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Jun)	1.7 (0.19)	1.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.23)	1.2
Quarter 2	1.9 (0.29)	1.4
Age 18– 64		
2014 full year	2.7 (0.11)	5.2
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.13)	3.3
Quarter 2	2.9 (0.21)	5.7
Quarter 3	3.1 (0.23)	6.1
Quarter 4	2.9 (0.19)	5.7
2015 (Jan–Jun)	4.6 (0.20)	8.9
Quarter 1	4.4 (0.27)	8.6
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.27)	9.3
Age 18–29		
2014 full year	2.1 (0.14)	1.1
Quarter 1	1.3 (0.21)	0.6
Quarter 2	2.4 (0.31)	1.2
Quarter 3	2.3 (0.28)	1.2
Quarter 4	2.5 (0.30)	1.3
2015 (Jan-Jun)	3.5 (0.30)	1.8
Quarter 1	3.0 (0.42)	1.6
Quarter 2	4.0 (0.39)	2.1
Age 30-64		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	4.1
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.16)	2.6
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	4.4
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.27)	4.9
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.22)	4.4
2015 (Jan-Jun)	5.0 (0.22)	7.1
Quarter 1	4.9 (0.28)	7.0
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.30)	7.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

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¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points lower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data files. Occasionally, due to decisions made for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2015

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error ¹)	Number in millions
Sex		
Male		
2014 full year	2.4 (0.12)	2.3
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.14)	1.5
Quarter 2	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.24)	2.6
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.21)	2.7
2015 (Jan-Jun)	4.3 (0.23)	4.1
Quarter 1	3.9 (0.31)	3.7
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.30)	4.5
- Female		
2014 full year	2.9 (0.13)	2.9
Quarter 1	1.8 (0.18)	1.8
Quarter 2	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
Quarter 3	3.5 (0.28)	3.4
Quarter 4	3.1 (0.23)	3.1
2015 (Jan-Jun)	4.8 (0.23)	4.8
Quarter 1	4.8 (0.30)	4.8
Quarter 2	4.8 (0.32)	4.8
Race/ethnicity		
Hispanic or Latino ²		
2014 full year	2.6 (0.30)	0.9
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.30)	0.5
Quarter 2	3.0 (0.61)	1.0
Quarter 3	3.4 (0.55)	1.1
Quarter 4	2.6 (0.37)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Jun)	4.8 (0.44)	1.6
Quarter 1	5.4 (0.55)	1.8
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.58)	1.4
Non-Hispanic white, single race	(3.66)	
2014 full year	2.5 (0.13)	3.0
Quarter 1	1.6 (0.16)	1.9
Quarter 2	2.6 (0.23)	3.2
Quarter 3	2.9 (0.28)	3.5
Quarter 4	2.8 (0.24)	3.4
2015 (Jan–Jun)	4.4 (0.22)	5.3
Quarter 1	4.0 (0.30)	4.9
Quarter 2	4.7 (0.33)	5.8
Non-Hispanic black, single race	• •	
2014 full year	2.9 (0.27)	0.7
Quarter 1	1.4 (0.38)	0.3
Quarter 2	3.7 (0.51)	0.9
Quarter 3	3.3 (0.48)	0.8
Quarter 4	3.3 (0.55)	0.8
2015 (Jan–Jun)	4.1 (0.49)	1.0
Quarter 1	4.1 (0.73)	1.0
Quarter 2	4.2 (0.61)	1.0

Table 8. Percentages and number in millions of persons aged 18–64 who had exchange-based private health insurance coverage at the time of interview, by selected characteristics, year, and quarter: United States, January 2014–June 2015—continued

Characteristic, year and quarter	Percent (standard error1)	Number in millions
Poverty status ³		
Poor (<100% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.2 (0.20)	0.6
Quarter 1	1.0 (0.27)	0.3
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.49)	0.7
Quarter 3	2.1 (0.37)	0.6
Quarter 4	3.2 (0.50)	0.9
2015 (Jan–Jun)	3.9 (0.50)	1.0
Quarter 1	3.6 (0.65)	0.9
Quarter 2	4.3 (0.85)	1.0
Near-poor (≥100% and <200% FPL)		
2014 full year	4.5 (0.33)	1.6
Quarter 1	2.2 (0.40)	0.8
Quarter 2	5.1 (0.56)	1.7
Quarter 3	5.3 (0.70)	1.9
Quarter 4	5.2 (0.66)	1.8
2015 (Jan–Jun)	8.6 (0.67)	2.9
Quarter 1	8.6 (0.92)	2.9
Quarter 2	8.6 (0.88)	2.9
Not-poor (≥200% FPL)		
2014 full year	2.3 (0.12)	3.1
Quarter 1	1.7 (0.18)	2.2
Quarter 2	2.5 (0.23)	3.4
Quarter 3	2.7 (0.27)	3.6
Quarter 4	2.4 (0.22)	3.1
2015 (Jan-Jun)	3.6 (0.19)	5.0
Quarter 1	3.5 (0.28)	4.7
Quarter 2	3.8 (0.28)	5.2

¹The estimates are based on a sample of the population and therefore are subject to sampling error. Standard errors are reported to indicate the reliability of the estimates. Quarterly estimates have larger standard errors than annual estimates due to smaller sample sizes, and this should be taken into account when evaluating the statistical significance of differences between groups and changes over time. Estimates with larger standard errors are less reliable and less precise than estimates with smaller standard errors.

³Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "Near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "Not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Persons with unknown poverty status are not shown in this table. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status was 8.8% in 2014 and 8.5% in the first two quarters of 2015. Estimates may differ from estimates that are based on both reported and imputed income. FPL is federal poverty level.

NOTES: Private health insurance includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. Exchange-based coverage includes persons who have purchased a private health insurance plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace or state-based exchanges that were established as part of the Affordable Care Act of 2010 (P.L. 111-148, P.L. 111-152). All persons who have exchange-based coverage are considered to have private health insurance and have also been included in the estimate for "private health insurance coverage." These health insurance estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from the National Health Interview Survey. The resulting estimates for persons without health insurance are generally 0.1–0.3 percentage points flower than those based on the editing procedures used for the final data editing and weighting, estimates based on preliminary editing procedures may differ by more than 0.3 percentage points from estimates based on final files. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2014–2015, Family Core component.

²Refers to persons who are of Hispanic or Latino origin and may be of any race or combination of races.

Problems Paying Medical Bills Among Persons Under Age 65: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2011–June 2015

by Robin A. Cohen, Ph.D., and Jeannine S. Schiller, M.P.H. Division of Health Interview Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics

Highlights

- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 21.3% (56.5 million) in 2011 to 16.5% (44.5 million) in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year, from 2011 through June 2015, children aged 0–17 years were more likely than adults aged 18–64 to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- The percentage of children aged 0-17 years who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 23.2% in 2011 to 18.1% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- In the first 6 months of 2015, among persons under age 65, 29.8% of those who were uninsured, 21.8% of those who had public coverage, and 12.7% of those who had private coverage were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months.
- In the first 6 months of 2015, 24.5% of poor, 27.1% of nearpoor, and 12.2% of not-poor persons under age 65 were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months.

Introduction

In the first half of 2011 through the first half of 2014, approximately one in five persons under age 65 was in a family that had problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (1–4). The number of persons who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 56.5 million in 2011 to 47.7 million in the first 6 months of 2014 (4). This report provides updated estimates for the percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills, by selected demographic variables, based on data from the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) for January 2011 through June 2015. Estimates for 2011–2014 were based on full years of data and the 2015 estimates were based on data collected during the first 6 months of 2015. In this report, an NHIS "family" is defined as an individual or a group of two or more related persons living together in the same housing unit. Thus, a family can consist of only one person. In some instances, unrelated persons sharing the same household, such as an unmarried couple living together, may also be considered a family.

This report was produced by the NHIS Early Release (ER) Program, which releases selected preliminary estimates prior to final microdata release. These estimates are available from the NHIS website at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. For more information about NHIS and the ER Program, see the Technical Notes and Additional Early Release Program Products sections at the end of this report.

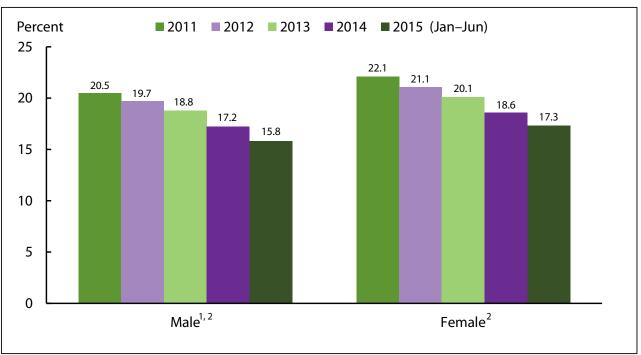
Figure 1. Percentage and number of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by year: United States, 2011–June 2015



¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05). NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population. SOURCE: COC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2015.

- Among persons under age 65, 16.5% (44.5 million) were in families having problems paying medical bills in the first 6 months of 2015 (Figure 1 and Table).
- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 17.9% (48.0 million) in 2014 to 16.5% (44.5 million) in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 21.3% (56.5 million) in 2011 to 16.5% in the first 6 months of 2015.

Figure 2. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by sex and year: United States, 2011–June 2015



¹Significantly different from females within each year (p < 0.05).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- Among persons under age 65, the percentage of males who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 20.5% in 2011 to 15.8% in the first 6 months of 2015 (Figure 2).
- Among persons under age 65, the percentage of females who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 22.1% in 2011 to 17.3% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year, females were more likely than males to have been in a family having problems paying medical bills.

²Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05).

Percent **2011** ■ 2012 ■ 2013 ■ 2014 ■ 2015 (Jan–Jun) 25 23.2 22.0 21.0 20.6 19.8 19.2 20 18.8 18.1 17.4 15.9 15 10 5 0 0-17 years^{1,2} 18-64 years² Age group

Figure 3. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by age group and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- Among children aged 0–17 years, the percentage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 23.2% in 2011 to 18.1% in the first 6 months of 2015 (Figure 3).
- Among adults aged 18–64, the percentage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 20.6% in 2011 to 15.9% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year, children were more likely than adults aged 18–64 to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

 $^{^{1}}$ Significantly different from age group 18–64 within each year (p < 0.05).

²Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05).

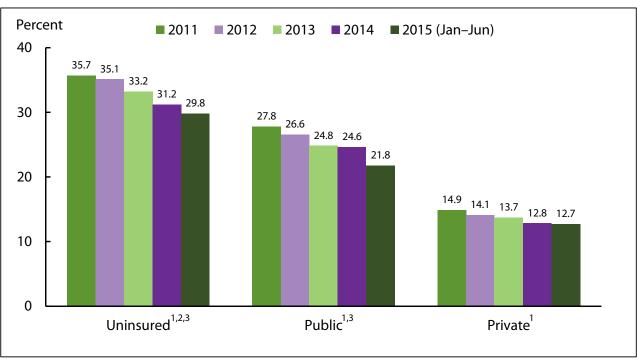


Figure 4. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by health insurance coverage status and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In the first 6 months of 2015, among persons under age 65, 29.8% of those who were uninsured, 21.8% of those with public coverage, and 12.7% of those who had private coverage were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 4)
- Among persons under age 65 who were uninsured, the percentage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 35.7% in 2011 to 29.8% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of persons with public coverage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 27.8% in 2011 to 21.8% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of persons under age 65 with private coverage who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 14.9% in 2011 to 12.7% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who were uninsured were more than twice as likely as those who had private coverage to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who were uninsured were more likely than those who had public coverage to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who had public coverage were more likely than those who had private coverage to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05).

²Significantly different than Public coverage within each year (p < 0.05).

³Significantly different than Private coverage within each year (p < 0.05).

Percent ■ 2012 ■ 2013 ■ 2014 ■ 2015 (Jan–Jun) **2011** 40 34.6 33.9 32.9 31.0 29.3 30 28.4 27.3 27.1 24.5 20 14.0 13.8 12.8 12.2 10 0 Poor^{1,2,3} Near-poor^{1,3} Not-poor¹

Figure 5. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by poverty status and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

NOTES: "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold; "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In the first 6 months of 2015, among persons under age 65, 24.5% of those who were poor, 27.1% of those who were near-poor, and 12.2% of those who were not-poor were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 5).
- The percentage of poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 32.1% in 2011 to 24.5% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of near-poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 34.6% in 2011 to 27.1% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of not-poor persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 15.2% in 2011 to 12.2% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year, persons under age 65 who were poor or near-poor were twice as likely as those who were not-poor to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05).

²Significantly different than near-poor within years 2011, 2012, and 2013 (p < 0.05).

³Significantly different than not-poor within each year (p < 0.05).

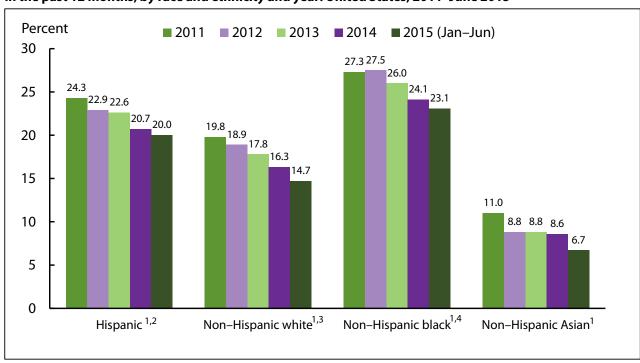


Figure 6. Percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by race and ethnicity and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

¹Significant linear decrease from 2011 through June 2015 (p < 0.05).

NOTE: Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

- In the first 6 months of 2015, among persons under age 65, 20.0% of Hispanic, 14.7% of non-Hispanic white, 23.1% of non-Hispanic black, and 6.7% of non-Hispanic Asian persons were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months (Figure 6).
- The percentage of Hispanic persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 24.3% in 2011 to 20.0% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic white persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 19.8% in 2011 to 14.7% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic black persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 27.3% in 2011 to 23.1% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- The percentage of non-Hispanic Asian persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills decreased from 11.0% in 2011 to 6.7% in the first 6 months of 2015.
- Within each year and among persons under age 65, Hispanic persons were more likely than non-Hispanic white persons or non-Hispanic Asian persons, and less likely than non-Hispanic black persons, to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year and among persons under age 65, non-Hispanic white persons were less likely than non-Hispanic black persons and more likely than non-Hispanic Asian persons to be in families having problems paying medical bills.
- Within each year and among persons under age 65, non-Hispanic black persons were more likely than non-Hispanic Asian persons
 to be in families having problems paying medical bills.

²Hispanic persons were significantly different from Non-Hispanic white, Non-Hispanic black, and Non-Hispanic Asian persons within each year (p < 0.05).

 $^{^{3}}$ Non-Hispanic white persons were significantly different from Non-Hispanic black and Non-Hispanic Asian persons within each year (p < 0.05).

 $^{^4}$ Non-Hispanic black persons were significantly different from Non-Hispanic Asian persons within each year (p < 0.05).

Table. Percentage and (standard error) of persons under age 65 who were in families having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, by selected demographic characteristics and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

Selected characteristic	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (Jan–Jun)
Total	21.3 (0.37)	20.4 (0.33)	19.4 (0.38)	17.9 (0.35)	16.5 (0.41)
Sex					
Male	20.5 (0.38)	19.7 (0.34)	18.8 (0.40)	17.2 (0.35)	15.8 (0.46)
Female	22.1 (0.41)	21.1 (0.36)	20.1 (0.40)	18.6 (0.39)	17.3 (0.43)
Age group	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
0–17 years	23.2 (0.51)	22.0 (0.49)	21.0 (0.54)	19.2 (0.48)	18.1 (0.59)
18–64 years	20.6 (0.36)	19.8 (0.32)	18.8 (0.37)	17.4 (0.34)	15.9 (0.40)
Race and ethnicity		1710 (010-)	(,	(5.5)	(,
Hispanic	24.3 (0.72)	22.9 (0.64)	22.6 (0.64)	20.7 (0.73)	20.0 (0.91)
Non-Hispanic, white only	19.8 (0.47)	18.9 (0.46)	17.8 (0.47)	16.3 (0.44)	14.7 (0.52)
Non-Hispanic, write only	27.3 (0.85)	27.5 (0.73)	26.0 (0.88)	24.1 (0.85)	23.1 (1.18)
Non-Hispanic, Asian only	11.0 (0.87)	8.8 (0.72)	8.8 (0.83)	8.6 (0.76)	6.7 (1.01)
Non-Hispanic other races	26.7 (1.69)	26.2 (1.58)	23.6 (1.73)	23.1 (1.49)	20.5 (2.37)
•	20.7 (1.03)	20.2 (1.30)	25.0 (1.75)	23.1 (1.49)	20.3 (2.37)
Health insurance coverage status by age group					
Under 65 years:					
Uninsured ¹	35.7 (0.76)	35.1 (0.63)	33.2 (0.69)	31.2 (0.81)	29.8 (1.19)
Private ²	14.9 (0.33)	14.1 (0.33)	13.7 (0.42)	12.8 (0.34)	12.7 (0.42)
Public ³	27.8 (0.62)	26.6 (0.63)	24.8 (0.61)	24.6 (0.61)	21.8 (0.75)
	27.0 (0.02)	20.0 (0.03)	2 1.0 (0.01)	2 1.0 (0.01)	21.0 (0.73)
0–17 years:	27.7 (1.76)	26.7 (1.65)	26.2 (1.72)	22.7 (1.05)	22.0 (2.56)
Uninsured ¹ Private ²	37.7 (1.76)	36.7 (1.65)	36.2 (1.73)	32.7 (1.85)	33.9 (3.56)
Public ³	16.7 (0.52) 29.3 (0.80)	15.3 (0.57)	14.7 (0.65) 26.7 (0.82)	13.3 (0.54) 25.6 (0.76)	14.1 (0.73) 22.0 (0.95)
	29.3 (0.60)	28.6 (0.81)	20.7 (0.82)	23.0 (0.70)	22.0 (0.93)
18–64 years:	25.4 (0.74)	240(0.64)	22.0 (0.67)	21.0.0.70\	20.2 (1.12)
Uninsured ¹	35.4 (0.74)	34.9 (0.64)	32.8 (0.67)	31.0 0.78)	29.2 (1.12)
Private ²	14.4 (0.31)	13.8 (0.31)	13.4 (0.40)	12.6 (0.33)	12.3 (0.40)
Public ³	26.2 (0.64)	24.6 (0.65)	23.0 (0.61)	23.7 (0.67)	21.6 (0.91)
Poverty status,4 by age group					
Under 65 years:					
Poor	32.1 (0.93)	31.0 (0.84)	29.3 (0.95)	27.3 (0.96)	24.5 (1.23)
Near-poor	34.6 (0.78)	33.9 (0.85)	32.9 (0.86)	28.4 (0.81)	27.1 (1.11)
Not-poor	15.2 (0.39)	14.0 (0.36)	13.8 (0.41)	12.8 (0.37)	12.2 (0.45)
0–17 years:					
Poor	32.7 (1.23)	30.3 (1.13)	28.4 (1.22)	26.7 (1.23)	22.9 (1.48)
Near-poor	34.3 (1.08)	32.7 (1.14)	32.9 (1.20)	27.0 (1.02)	27.3 (1.54)
Not-poor	15.4 (0.59)	14.6 (0.54)	14.2 (0.65)	13.2 (0.56)	13.2 (0.77)
18-64 years:					
Poor	31.8 (0.93)	31.4 (0.87)	29.8 (0.94)	27.7 (0.98)	25.6 (1.28)
Near-poor	34.7 (0.79)	34.5 (0.84)	33.0 (0.83)	29.0 (0.84)	27.0 (1.06)
Not-poor	15.1 (0.38)	13.8 (0.34)	13.7 (0.39)	12.6 (0.36)	11.9 (0.42)
Out-of-pocket medical expenses ⁵					
Less than \$2,000	17.9 (0.36)	17.2 (0.34)	16.1 (0.36)	15.3 (0.35)	13.3 (0.45)
\$2,000 or more	32.7 (0.79)	31.2 (0.78)	30.3 (0.80)	27.2 (0.79)	26.5 (1.06)

^{&#}x27;Includes persons without private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military health plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

Problems Paying Medical Bills: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey, 2011-June 2015

³Includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold, "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold, and "not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentages of respondents with unknown poverty status were 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014 and 8.5% in the first two quarters of 2015. Estimates for persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. For more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories, see the Survey Description Document for the 2014 National Health Interview Survey, available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. The estimates shown in this report may differ from estimates based on both reported and imputed income.

⁵Based on the following survey question: "The next question is about money that [you have/your family has] spent out of pocket on medical care. We do not want you to count health insurance premiums, over-the-counter drugs, or costs that you will be reimbursed for. In the past 12 months, about how much did [you/your family] spend for medical care and dental care?"

NOTES: Having problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months is based on the following survey question: "In the past 12 months did [you/anyone in the family] have problems paying or were unable to pay any medical bills? Include bills for doctors, dentists, hospitals, therapists, medication, equipment, nursing home, or home care." Health insurance pertains to the sample person, whereas "problems paying medical bills" refers to the family as reported by the family respondent. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2015.

For additional tabulations on the payment for medical care from 2011–June 2015, two additional tables are available from the ER program. One table presents estimates of the percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families that currently have medical bills that they are unable to pay at all by selected demographics:

(http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhis/earlyrelease/bills_unable_to_pay_at_all_2011_2015.pdf). Another table presents estimate of the percentage of persons under age 65 who were in families that currently have medical bills that they are paying over time by selected demographics:

(http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhis/earlyrelease/bills_being_paid_overtime_2011_2015.pdf).

Technical Notes

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) is releasing selected estimates of problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months for the civilian noninstitutionalized U.S. population based on data from the January 2011–June 2015 National Health Interview Survey (NHIS).

The estimates are being released prior to final data editing and final weighting to provide access to the most recent information from NHIS. Differences between estimates calculated using preliminary data files and final data files are typically less than 0.1 percentage point. Estimates for 2011 through June 2015 are stratified by year, sex, age group, race and ethnicity, poverty status, health insurance coverage status, and out-of-pocket medical expenses. All estimates in this report are based on preliminary data files.

Data source

Data used to produce this Early Release (ER) report are derived from the NHIS Family Core and Supplemental components from January 2011 through June 2015. These components collect information on all family members in each household. Data analysis was based on information collected on 417,326 persons in the Family Core and Supplemental components. Visit the NHIS website at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm for more information about the design, content, and use of NHIS.

Estimation procedures

NCHS creates survey weights for each calendar quarter of the NHIS sample. The NHIS data weighting procedure is described in more detail at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_165.pdf. Estimates were calculated using the NHIS survey weights, which are calibrated to census totals for sex, age, and race and ethnicity of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population. Weights for the 2011 NHIS were derived from 2000 census-based population estimates. Weights for the 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015 NHIS data were derived from 2010 census-based population estimates.

Point estimates, and estimates of their variances, were calculated using SUDAAN software to account for the complex sample design of NHIS. The Taylor series linearization method was chosen for variance estimation.

Unless otherwise noted, all estimates shown meet the NCHS standard of having less than or equal to 30% relative standard error. Differences between percentages or rates were evaluated using two-sided significance tests at the 0.05 level. Terms such as "more likely" and "less likely" indicate a statistically significant difference. Terms such as "similar" and "no difference" indicate that the estimates being compared were not significantly different. Lack of comment regarding the difference between any two estimates does not necessarily mean that the difference was tested and found to be not significant.

Definitions of selected terms

Health insurance coverage at interview—The "private health insurance coverage" category includes persons who had any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The "public health plan coverage" category includes Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plans, Medicare, and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories. A person was defined as uninsured if he or she did not have, at the time of the interview, any private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. The analyses excluded persons with unknown health insurance status (about 1% of respondents each year). Data on health insurance status were edited using an automated system based on logic checks and keyword searches. For comparability, the estimates for all years were created using these same procedures. Health insurance information is collected for all persons in a family and is reported on an individual basis.

Family—An individual or a group of two or more related persons who are living together in the same occupied housing unit (i.e., household) in the sample. In some instances, unrelated persons sharing the same household, such as an unmarried couple living together, may also be considered one family.

Poverty status—Based on the ratio of the family's income in the previous calendar year to the appropriate poverty threshold (given the family's size and number of children) defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for that year (5–9). Persons categorized as "poor" have a poverty ratio less than 100% (i.e., their family income was below the poverty threshold); "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold; and "not-poor" persons have incomes that are 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentage of respondents with unknown poverty status from January 2011 through June 2015 averaged 10.2%. For more information on unknown income and unknown poverty status, see the NHIS Survey Description Document for 2014: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm.

NCHS provides imputed income files, which are released a few months after the annual release of NHIS microdata and are not available for the ER updates. Therefore, estimates stratified by poverty status in this ER report are based on reported income only and may differ from similar estimates produced later that are based on both reported and imputed income.

Problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months—Based on the following question: "In the past 12 months, did [you/anyone in the family] have problems paying or were unable to pay any medical bills? Include bills for doctors, dentists, hospitals, therapists, medication, equipment, nursing home, or home care." This question was answered by the family respondent on behalf of everyone in the family.

Additional Early Release Program Products

Additional reports are published through the ER Program. *Early Release of Selected Estimates Based on Data From the National Health Interview Survey* is published quarterly and provides estimates of 15 selected measures of health. Measures of health include estimates of health insurance, having a usual place to go for medical care, obtaining needed medical care, influenza vaccination, pneumococcal vaccination, obesity, leisure-time physical activity, current smoking, alcohol consumption, HIV testing, general health status, personal care needs, serious psychological distress, diagnosed diabetes, and asthma episodes and current asthma.

Health Insurance Coverage: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published quarterly and provides detailed estimates of health insurance coverage.

Wireless Substitution: Early Release of Estimates From the National Health Interview Survey is published biannually and provides selected estimates of telephone coverage in the United States.

In addition to these reports, preliminary microdata files containing selected NHIS variables are produced as part of the ER Program. For the 2015 NHIS, these files are made available four times: in August 2015, November 2015, February 2016 and May 2016. NHIS data users can analyze these files through the National Center for Health Statistics Research Data Center without having to wait for the final annual NHIS microdata files to be released.

New measures may be added as work continues and in response to changing data needs. Feedback on these releases is welcome (nhislist@cdc.gov).

Announcements about Early Releases, other new data releases, publications, or corrections related to NHIS will be sent to members of the HISUSERS e-mail list. To join, visit the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at http://www.cdc.gov/subscribe.html.

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Percentage (and standard error) of persons under age 65 who were in families that currently have medical bills that they are unable to pay at all, by selected demographic characteristics and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

Selected characteristic	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (Jan-Jun)
Total	11.3 (0.28)	11.4 (0.27)	10.6 (0.27)	9.8 (0.26)	8.8 (0.32)
Sex					
Male	10.8 (0.28)	11.0 (0.28)	10.2 (0.29)	9.5 (0.27)	8.3 (0.34)
Female	11.8 (0.31)	11.7 (0.29)	10.9 (0.29)	10.2 (0.28)	9.3 (0.35)
	,	,	,	, ,	, ,
Age group	12.0 (0.42)	12.2 (0.20)	11 7 (0 41)	10 ((0 27)	0.0 (0.40)
0–17 years	12.9 (0.43)	12.3 (0.39)	11.7 (0.41)	10.6 (0.37)	9.9 (0.49)
18-64 years	10.7 (0.25)	11.0 (0.26)	10.1 (0.26)	9.6 (0.25)	8.5 (0.30)
Race and ethnicity					
Hispanic	13.2 (0.54)	13.1 (0.50)	12.6 (0.54)	11.5 (0.55)	10.9 (0.75)
Non-Hispanic, white only	9.6 (0.32)	9.7 (0.36)	8.7 (0.31)	8.3 (0.35)	7.2 (0.37)
Non-Hispanic, black only	18.2 (0.71)	18.8 (0.70)	18.3 (0.78)	16.4 (0.70)	15.3 (1.03)
Non-Hispanic, Asian only	5.4 (0.68)	3.6 (0.45)	3.8 (0.59)	3.2 (0.41)	3.1 (0.74)
Non-Hispanic, other races	17.0 (1.44)	16.5 (1.21)	16.0 (1.46)	15.0 (1.31)	11.9 (1.94)
Health insurance coverage status, by age group					
Under 65 years:					
Uninsured ¹	22.8 (0.62)	22.9 (0.60)	20.8 (0.62)	20.7 (0.66)	19.8 (1.02)
Private ²	5.8 (0.21)	6.0 (0.22)	5.8 (0.23)	5.5 (0.22)	5.4 (0.28)
Public ³	17.4 (0.53)	17.3 (0.56)	15.9 (0.50)	15.3 (0.47)	13.8 (0.66)
0–17 years:					
Uninsured ¹	24.8 (1.62)	21.3 (1.50)	21.4 (1.50)	20.2 (1.63)	25.1 (2.94)
Private ²	6.7 (0.37)	6.2 (0.36)	6.0 (0.38)	5.6 (0.33)	5.7 (0.52)
Public ³	19.1 (0.73)	18.8 (0.73)	17.5 (0.72)	15.7 (0.63)	14.0 (0.82)
18-64 years:					
Uninsured ¹	22.6 (0.62)	23.0 (0.60)	20.7 (0.62)	20.7 (0.64)	19.1 (0.98)
Private ²	5.6 (0.19)	5.9 (0.21)	5.7 (0.22)	5.5 (0.22)	5.4 (0.26)
Public ³	15.7 (0.52)	15.8 (0.53)	14.3 (0.48)	14.9 (0.50)	13.5 (0.77)
Poverty status,4 by age group					
Under 65 years:					
Poor	22.7 (0.86)	21.5 (0.77)	21.0 (0.83)	18.1 (0.75)	16.9 (1.09)
Near-poor	21.1 (0.68)	21.1 (0.75)	19.4 (0.76)	18.3 (0.67)	16.0 (0.98)
Not-poor	5.9 (0.24)	6.1 (0.23)	5.8 (0.23)	5.4 (0.28)	5.2 (0.29)
0–17 years:					
Poor	23.3 (1.15)	20.5 (1.02)	21.1 (1.11)	17.5 (0.98)	15.7 (1.33)
Near-poor	20.9 (0.94)	19.8 (0.97)	18.7 (1.04)	16.8 (0.86)	16.0 (1.29)
Not-poor	5.9 (0.37)	6.2 (0.35)	5.7 (0.35)	5.2 (0.35)	5.5 (0.55)
18–64 years:	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Poor	22.4 (0.84)	22.0 (0.77)	21.0 (0.80)	18.5 (0.76)	17.6 (1.11)
Near-poor	21.2 (0.68)	21.7 (0.73)	19.7 (0.73)	19.0 (0.70)	16.1 (0.94)
Not-poor	5.9 (0.22)	6.0 (0.22)	5.8 (0.22)	5.4 (0.28)	5.1 (0.27)
•	J.J (U.ZZ)	0.0 (0.22)	3.0 (0.22)	J. T (0.20)	3.1 (0.27)
Out-of-pocket medical expenses ⁵	40.0 (2.22)	400 (5.55)	0.4/2.22	0.0 (2.27)	7.4.5.0
Less than \$2,000	10.0 (0.29)	10.0 (0.27)	9.4 (0.30)	9.0 (0.27)	7.6 (0.34)
\$2,000 or more	15.8 (0.56)	15.9 (0.63)	14.3 (0.52)	12.9 (0.71)	12.6 (0.73)

Includes persons without private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military health plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

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²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold, "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold, and "not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentages of respondents with unknown poverty status were 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.5% in the first two quarters of 2015. Estimates for persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. For more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories, see the Survey Description Document for the 2014 National Health Interview Survey, available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. The estimates shown in this report may differ from estimates based on both reported and imputed income.

⁵Based on the following survey question: "The next question is about money that [you have/your family has] spent out of pocket on medical care. We do not want you to count health insurance premiums, over-the-counter drugs, or costs that you will be reimbursed for. In the past 12 months, about how much did [you/your family] spend for medical care and dental care?"

NOTES: Currently having medical bills that they are unable to pay at all is based on the following question: "[Do you/Does anyone in your family] currently have any medical bills that you are unable to pay at all?" This question was asked of those who had problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months, based on the following question: "In the past 12 months did [you/ anyone in the family] have problems paying or were unable to pay any medical bills? Include bills for doctors, dentists, hospitals, therapists, medication, equipment, nursing home or home care." Respondents who indicated that they did not have problems paying medical bills in the past 12 months were assumed to also not currently have any medical bills that they are unable to pay at all. Health insurance pertains to the sample person, whereas "currently have medical bills that they are unable to pay at all." refers to the family as reported by the family respondent. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2015, Family Core component.

Percentage (and standard error) of persons under age 65 who were in families that currently have medical bills that are being paid off over time, by selected demographic characteristics and year: United States, 2011–June 2015

Selected characteristic	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (Jan-Jun)
Total	27.9 (0.40)	27.3 (0.40)	26.5 (0.45)	25.3 (0.42)	24.8 (0.53)
Sex					
Male	27.1 (0.41)	26.8 (0.42)	26.0 (0.46)	24.9 (0.46)	24.2 (0.55)
Female	28.6 (0.44)	27.8 (0.42)	27.0 (0.49)	25.7 (0.42)	25.5 (0.57)
Age group					
0–17 years	30.9 (0.57)	30.4 (0.59)	28.8 (0.62)	27.3 (0.57)	26.3 (0.74)
18–64 years	26.7 (0.39)	26.1 (0.37)	25.7 (0.43)	24.6 (0.41)	24.3 (0.51)
Race and ethnicity					
Hispanic	27.6 (0.79)	26.3 (0.71)	26.0 (0.86)	24.8 (0.78)	25.4 (1.04)
Non-Hispanic, white only	28.3 (0.52)	27.8 (0.50)	27.0 (0.58)	26.1 (0.54)	25.0 (0.70)
Non-Hispanic, black only	30.0 (0.94)	30.4 (0.84)	30.1 (0.90)	27.3 (0.82)	28.2 (1.33)
Non-Hispanic, Asian only	15.2 (0.87)	13.9 (1.02)	13.4 (1.05)	13.1 (0.98)	13.3 (1.52)
Non-Hispanic, other races	32.6 (1.65)	32.9 (1.57)	29.0 (1.58)	27.7 (1.55)	25.2 (2.62)
Health insurance coverage status, by age group					
Under 65 years:	241 (0.71)	22.1 (0.62)	22.6 (0.60)	21.1 (0.05)	21.2 (1.16)
Uninsured ¹	34.1 (0.71)	33.1 (0.63)	32.6 (0.69)	31.1 (0.85)	31.3 (1.16)
Private ²	26.2 (0.45)	25.8 (0.47)	25.0 (0.54)	24.6 (0.49)	24.4 (0.63)
Public ³	28.2 (0.63)	27.7 (0.68)	26.8 (0.61)	24.7 (0.58)	24.0 (0.86)
0–17 years:					
Uninsured ¹	36.5 (1.77)	36.3 (1.75)	36.4 (1.75)	34.7 (2.20)	32.4 (3.45)
Private ²	30.9 (0.70)	30.7 (0.76)	28.7 (0.79)	28.3 (0.75)	26.7 (1.01)
Public ³	30.4 (0.82)	29.6 (0.85)	28.3 (0.84)	25.6 (0.76)	25.4 (1.08)
18–64 years:					
Uninsured ¹	33.8 (0.67)	32.7 (0.60)	32.1 (0.68)	30.7 (0.80)	31.1 (1.11)
Private ²	24.7 (0.43)	24.3 (0.44)	23.9 (0.50)	23.5 (0.47)	23.7 (0.60)
Public ³	26.0 (0.61)	25.8 (0.67)	25.4 (0.60)	23.9 (0.63)	22.8 (0.92)
Poverty status,4 by age group					
Under 65 years:					
Poor	27.2 (0.89)	27.2 (0.90)	25.8 (0.91)	22.4 (0.85)	21.2 (1.17)
Near-poor	36.4 (0.84)	35.3 (0.87)	33.4 (0.95)	31.8 (0.85)	31.9 (1.16)
Not-poor	26.4 (0.47)	25.7 (0.51)	25.5 (0.53)	24.8 (0.52)	24.5 (0.69)
0–17 years:					
Poor	28.8 (1.24)	28.0 (1.23)	26.4 (1.17)	22.1 (1.10)	20.2 (1.45)
Near-poor	38.8 (1.21)	37.3 (1.24)	34.3 (1.33)	31.8 (1.12)	32.4 (1.50)
Not-poor	29.8 (0.77)	29.6 (0.85)	28.6 (0.78)	28.2 (0.80)	26.9 (1.10)
18–64 years:					
Poor	26.3 (0.86)	26.7 (0.84)	25.5 (0.89)	22.5 (0.85)	21.9 (1.18)
Near-poor	35.2 (0.79)	34.4 (0.81)	32.9 (0.88)	31.8 (0.85)	31.6 (1.15)
Not-poor	25.3 (0.45)	24.5 (0.45)	24.6 (0.50)	23.7 (0.49)	23.7 (0.64)
Out-of-pocket medical expenses ⁵					
Less than \$2,000	22.4 (0.38)	21.5 (0.38)	21.2 (0.47)	19.9 (0.40)	19.2 (0.54)
\$2,000 or more	46.0 (0.80)	46.3 (0.83)	44.1 (0.87)	43.4 (0.93)	42.3 (1.08)

Includes persons without private health insurance, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, or military health plan. A person was also defined as uninsured if he or she had only Indian Health Service coverage or had only a private plan that paid for one type of service, such as accidents or dental care.

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²Includes any comprehensive private insurance plan (including health maintenance and preferred provider organizations). These plans include those obtained through an employer, purchased directly, purchased through local or community programs, or purchased through the Health Insurance Marketplace or a state-based exchange. Private coverage excludes plans that pay for only one type of service, such as accidents or dental care. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories.

³Includes Medicaid, CHIP, state-sponsored or other government-sponsored health plan, Medicare (disability), and military plans. A small number of persons were covered by both public and private plans and were included in both categories

Based on family income and family size, using the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds. "Poor" persons are defined as those below the poverty threshold, "near-poor" persons have incomes of 100% to less than 200% of the poverty threshold, and "not-poor" persons have incomes of 200% of the poverty threshold or greater. The percentages of respondents with unknown poverty status were 11.5% in 2011, 11.4% in 2012, 10.2% in 2013, 8.8% in 2014, and 8.5% in the first two quarters of 2015. Estimates for persons with unknown poverty status are not shown separately. For more information on the unknown income and poverty status categories, see the Survey Description Document for the 2014 National Health Interview Survey, available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm. The estimates shown in this report may differ from estimates based on both reported and imputed income.

⁵Based on the following survey question: "The next question is about money that [you have/your family has] spent out of pocket on medical care. We do not want you to count health insurance premiums, over-the-counter drugs, or costs that you will be reimbursed for. In the past 12 months, about how much did [you/your family] spend for medical care and dental care?"

NOTES: Currently having medical bills that are being paid over time is based on the following question: "[Do you/Does anyone in your family] currently have any medical bills that are being paid off over time? This could include medical bills being paid off with a credit card, through personal loans, or bill paying arrangements with hospitals or other providers. The bills can be from earlier years as well as this year." Health insurance pertains to the sample person, whereas "currently have medical bills that are being paid over time" refers to the family as reported by the family respondent. Data are based on household interviews of a sample of the civilian noninstitutionalized population.

DATA SOURCE: CDC/NCHS, National Health Interview Survey, 2011–2015, Family Core component.

Number and age-adjusted rates of drug-poisoning deaths involving opioid analgesics and heroin: United States, 1999–2014

	Drug poisoning						
	All		Opioid analgesics		Heroin		
		Deaths per		Deaths per		Deaths per	
Year	Number	100,000	Number	100,000	Number	100,000	
1999	16849	6.1	4030	1.4	1960	0.7	
2000	17415	6.2	4400	1.6	1842	0.7	
2001	19394	6.8	5528	1.9	1779	0.6	
2002	23518	8.2	7456	2.6	2089	0.7	
2003	25785	8.9	8517	2.9	2080	0.7	
2004	27424	9.4	9857	3.4	1878	0.6	
2005	29813	10.1	10928	3.7	2009	0.7	
2006	34425	11.5	13723	4.6	2088	0.7	
2007	36010	11.9	14408	4.8	2399	0.8	
2008	36450	11.9	14800	4.9	3041	1.0	
2009	37004	11.9	15597	5.1	3278	1.1	
2010	38329	12.3	16651	5.4	3036	1.0	
2011	41340	13.2	16917	5.4	4397	1.4	
2012	41502	13.1	16007	5.1	5925	1.9	
2013	43982	13.8	16235	5.1	8257	2.7	
2014	47055	14.7	18893	5.9	10574	3.4	

NOTES: Deaths are classified using the International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10). Drug-poisoning deaths are identified using underlying cause-of-death codes X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, and Y10-Y14. Drug-poisoning deaths involving opioid analgesics are drug-poisoning deaths with a multiple cause code of T40.2, T40.3, or T40.4. Drug-poisoning deaths involving heroin are drug-poisoning deaths with a multiple cause code of T40.1. Each year a small subset of drug-poisoning deaths involved both opioid analgesics and heroin. For example, in 2014, 2,348 deaths involved both opioid analgesics and heroin. Deaths involving both opioid analgesics and heroin are included in both the rate of deaths involving opioid analgesics and the rate of deaths involving heroin. Approximately one-fifth of drug-poisoning deaths lack information on the specific drugs involved. Some of these deaths may involve opioid analgesics or heroin.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Vital Statistics System, Mortality File.

Percent of drug poisoning deaths that mention the type of drug(s) involved, by state: 2013-2014

Percent of drug poisoning deaths that mention the type of drug(s) involved							
State	2013	2014	Percent change from 2013 to 2014				
Inited States	77.9	80.7	3.5				
Alabama	40.6	47.7	17.4				
Alaska	91.4	90.3	-1.2				
Arizona	66.0	71.5	8.4				
Arkansas	79.0	73.9	-6.5				
California	74.9	77.1	2.9				
Colorado	74.8	80.8	7.9				
Connecticut	94.7	99.2	4.8				
Delaware	86.1	78.3	-9.1				
District of Columbia	89.2	96.9	8.6				
Florida	72.8	73.8	1.4				
Georgia	73.8	82.5	11.8				
Hawaii	85.4	82.8	-3.1				
Idaho	58.5	63.7	8.9				
Illinois	87.2	89.3	2.4				
Indiana	46.1	49.9	8.4				
Iowa	93.8	93.2	-0.7				
Kansas	68.6	73.8	7.6				
Kentucky	74.7	77.3	3.4				
Louisiana	47.1	48.3	2.5				
Maine	95.4	99.1	3.8				
Maryland	98.2	97.3	-0.9				
Massachusetts	98.6	98.6	0.0				
Michigan	69.8	70.3	0.7				
Minnesota	80.5	87.6	8.8				
Mississippi	45.3	50.3	11.1				
Missouri	78.4	82.1	4.7				
Montana	73.7	63.2	-14.3				
Nebraska	62.4	72.8	16.7				
Nevada	94.0	95.6	1.7				
	98.0	99.1	1.1				
New Hampshire	66.7	70.3	5.4				
New Jersey New Mexico	96.1	98.0	2.0				
	95.5	95.6	0.1				
New York North Carolina	87.3	91.5	4.9				
North Dakota	85.0	95.3	12.2				
	83.9	88.4	5.3				
Ohio	93.4	94.3	1.0				
Oklahoma	93.4	93.1	-0.3				
Oregon	49.6	50.3	-0.5 1.4				
Pennsylvania	99.2	99.6	0.4				
Rhode Island	57.7	94.4	63.5				
South Carolina	87.3	94.4 95.2	9.1				
South Dakota							
Tennessee	83.3	87.0	4.4				
Texas	75.8	76.3	0.7				
Utah	96.8	97.7	0.9				
Vermont	98.9	98.8	-0.1				
Virginia	97.3	97.4	0.1				
Washington	95.0	95.8	0.8				
West Virginia	99.6	98.6	-1.1				
Wisconsin	87.9	90.5	3.0				
Wyoming	71.4	71.6	0.2				

NOTE: Drug poisoning deaths were defined as deaths with an ICD-10 underlying cause-of-death (UCOD) of X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, or Y10-Y14. The percent of drug poisoning deaths that identify the specific drug(s) involved was determined using information on death certificates. Among drug poisoning deaths, deaths with specified drugs were defined as those including at least one ICD-10 multiple cause-of-death (MCOD) in the range T36-T50.8. In some cases, deaths without a specific drug mentioned on the death certificate may indicate a death involving multiple drug toxicity. The overall drug overdose rate is not impacted by whether the drugs involved are specified.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Vital Statistics System, Multiple Cause Mortality File, 2013-2014.