

VITAL and HEALTH STATISTICS

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Acute Conditions

incidence and associated disability

United States - July 1962 - June 1963

Statistics on the incidence of acute conditions and the associated days of restricted activity, bed disability, and time lost from work and school, by age, sex, calendar quarter, residence, and geographic region. Based on data collected in household interviews during the period July 1962-June 1963.

Washington, D.C.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Anthony J. Celebrezze
Secretary

Public Health Service
Luther L. Terry
Surgeon General



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SYMBOLS

Data not available-----	---
Category not applicable-----	...
Quantity zero-----	-
Quantity more than 0 but less than 0.05-----	0.0
Figure does not meet standards of reliability or precision-----	*

ACUTE CONDITIONS

INCIDENCE AND ASSOCIATED DISABILITY

Charles S. Wilder, *Division of Health Interview Statistics*

SELECTED FINDINGS

During July 1962-June 1963, the American people, exclusive of the Armed Forces and inmates of institutions, experienced an estimated 401 million acute illnesses or injuries which caused the person concerned to seek medical attention or restrict his usual activities for at least one day (table 1). On the average, persons in the civilian, noninstitutional population reported in the National Health Survey's household interview program about 2.2 acute conditions during the 12-month period. About 58 percent of all acute conditions were respiratory in nature, including 83 million cases reported as influenza. About 11 percent of all acute conditions were infective and parasitic diseases; 5 percent, digestive system conditions; 13 percent, injuries; and 13 percent, other types of acute conditions.

Figure 1 shows the incidence rates per quarter for each of the 24 calendar quarters between July 1957 and June 1963. The striking similarity in incidence of acute illnesses or injuries during each of the two most recent years is depicted in this figure. The pattern of incidence of respiratory illness, which was mainly responsible for the rise and fall in the rates of all acute conditions, is that of a high rate during the winter months of one year followed by a lower peak the next year. This pattern of alternate low peaks is repeated twice during the first 5 years of the National Health Survey program and, on investi-

gation of the data, is found to be due to the absence of an epidemic of influenza.

However, the expected decline in incidence was not present in the sixth year because an epidemic of illness reported as influenza occurred during January-March 1963. Laboratory findings indicated that Asian influenza was the major causative agent. In the quarter January-March of the previous year, influenza Type B was responsible for much of the epidemic.

During the year ending June 1963, acute illness or injury caused each person in the population an average of 9 days of restriction of activity, including about 4 days in bed (tables 2 and 3). Females reported, on the average, about 2 more days of reduced activity and 1 more day of bed disability than did males. Children between the ages of 6 through 16 experienced an average of 5 days lost from school as a result of acute illness or injury (table 8). Persons aged 17 years and over in the currently employed population reported an average of 4 days lost from work because of acute conditions (table 10). For purposes of the survey, a currently employed person is defined as a person who had a job or business, or worked at any time during the 2-week period prior to the week of interview.

The incidence rate of acute conditions was highest among persons residing in urban areas and lowest among those living on farms (table 11). The rate difference by sex was more pronounced in urban places of residence where the incidence

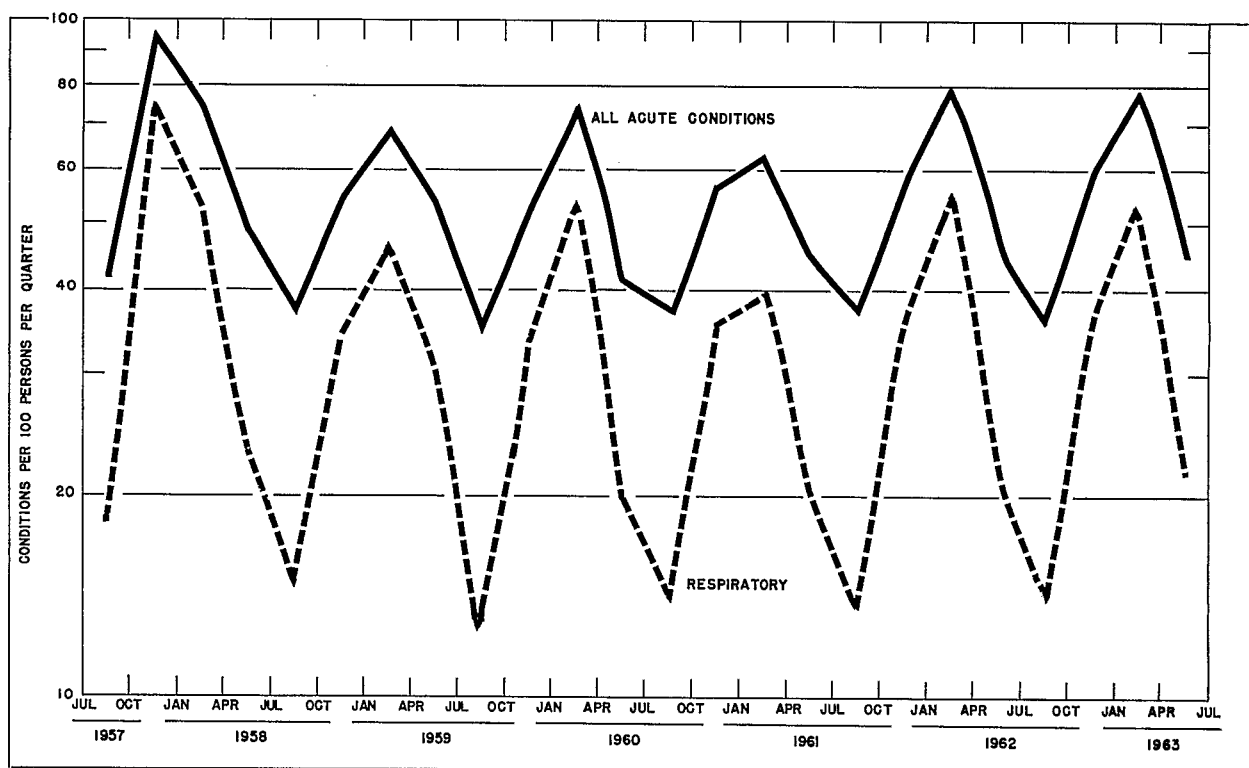


Figure 1. Incidence of all acute conditions and acute respiratory conditions, per 100 persons per quarter.

rate for females of 239 per 100 persons per year was 31 percentage points higher than the rate for males. The rates of disability days, both restricted-activity and bed-days, were approximately the same in urban and rural-nonfarm places of residence, and lowest in rural-farm areas (tables 12 and 13).

Residents of the West Region had a higher incidence rate of acute conditions, 249 cases per 100 persons per year, than did persons residing in the other three major regions (table 20). The excess in rates appeared to have occurred most often among females under 25 years of age and to some extent, among males in this age group. The restricted-activity and bed-disability rate was highest in the South Region (tables 21 and 22).

SOURCE OF DATA

The information contained in this publication is derived from household interviews conducted

by the National Health Survey in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of the Census in a probability sample of the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States. The sample is designed so that interviews are conducted during every week of the year. During the 52-week period from July 1962-June 1963, the sample was composed of approximately 42,000 households, containing about 134,000 persons living at the time of the interview.

A description of the design of the survey, methods used in estimation, and general qualifications of the data obtained from surveys is presented in Appendix I. Since estimates shown in this report are based on a sample of the population rather than on the entire population, they are subject to sampling error. Therefore, particular attention should be paid to the section entitled "Reliability of Estimates." Sampling errors for most of the estimates are of relatively low magnitude. However, an estimated number or numerator or denominator of a rate or percentage

that is small may produce a high sampling error. Charts of relative sampling errors and instructions for their use are shown in Appendix I.

Certain terms used in this report are defined in Appendix II. Some of the terms have specialized meanings for the purpose of the survey. For example, estimates of the incidence of acute conditions include, with certain exceptions, those conditions which have started within 2 weeks prior to the week of interview and which have involved either medical attention or restricted activity. The exceptions, listed in Appendix II, are certain conditions such as heart trouble and diabetes which are always considered to be chronic, regardless of duration or onset.

Annual estimates of the number of disability days associated with each acute condition are derived from the number of such days experienced during the 2-week period prior to the week of interview, and include all those reported, even if the illness causing the disability occurred prior to the 2-week period. Since any particular day of disability may be associated with more than one condition, the sum of days for all conditions adds to more than the total number of person-days of disability.

The definitions of areas of residence employed for the 1960 Census are used for this report. The changed definition of rural-farm areas reflecting land usage, to distinguish between rural farm and rural nonfarm (shown in questions 9 and 10 of Appendix III), is also used.

The questionnaire used by the Health Interview Survey during July 1962-June 1963 is illustrated in Appendix III. Each condition reported in response to the "illness-recall" questions (8-14) was entered on a line of table I. Further questions were asked to obtain a better description of the specific conditions and to obtain information about the actions taken by the person, such as seeking medical attention or restricting usual activities.

The incidence rates of acute conditions per quarter for the first 4 quarters from July 1960 through June 1961, shown in figure 1, are presented in an earlier report, *Health Statistics*, from the U.S. National Health Survey, Series B, No. 33. The rates for the period from July 1961-June 1962 are presented in *Vital and Health Statistics*, Series 10, No. 1. Other reports dealing with acute con-

ditions are *Health Statistics*, Series B, Nos. 5, 6, 18, 23, 24, and 34, and Series C, Nos. 1, 4, and 7.

The arrangement of this report is somewhat different from that of the previous one, Series 10, No. 1. Instead of being limited to a brief listing of highlights of the data, the text has been augmented by a discussion of two topics, respiratory illness and place of residence, to show how they affected the annual incidence and disability.

To assist the reader in the use of these tables, they are arranged as follows:

Information by age and sex for the United States (1-10)

Information by place of residence (11-19)

Information by geographic region (20-25)

Information by calendar quarter (26-33)

Populations used in computing rates (34-36)

ACUTE RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS

During July 1962-June 1963, there was an interruption in the usual seasonal pattern of respiratory illness in that the peak incidence rate during January-March 1963 was not appreciably lower than the peak attained during the same months in 1962. It is of interest to examine the quarterly incidence rates to determine which type of respiratory illness contributed to the rate during January-March 1963. Also, study of the annual incidence rates of respiratory illness should be useful for the purpose of observing trends during the 6 years covered by the survey and of ascertaining their behavior pattern.

Figure 1 shows the seasonal patterns of all acute conditions and of the respiratory group. It can be seen that the first, third, fifth, and sixth years of data had high seasonal peaks, while the second and fourth years showed a decline. Similar peaks were present for respiratory conditions indicating that increases in incidence of respiratory illness are mainly responsible for the peaks. The figure also shows that in general the peak season for acute conditions other than respiratory occurs during the low season for respiratory illness.

Figure 2 shows the incidence rates per quarter for the most recent three years of data collection. It indicates there has been little change

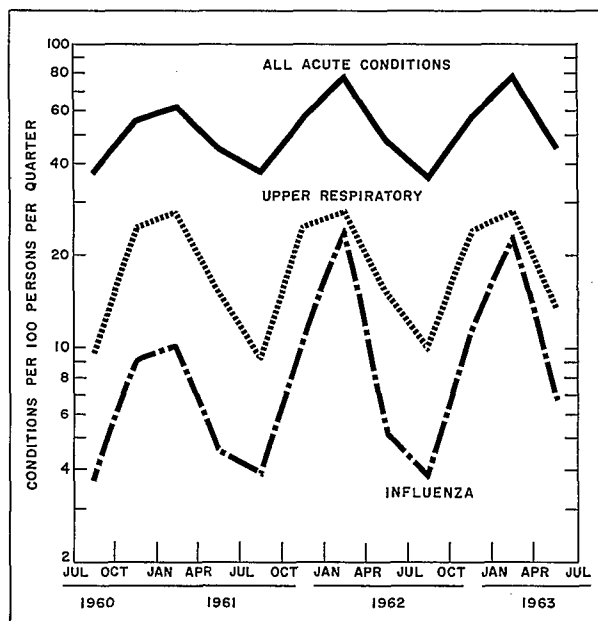


Figure 2. Incidence of all acute conditions, respiratory conditions, and influenza per 100 persons per quarter.

in the pattern of incidence of upper respiratory illness. However, the quarterly rates of illnesses reported as influenza have reached about the same level in the January-March high season in both 1962 and 1963. Other sources indicate that there were separate epidemics of influenza-like illness in these periods, Type B in January-March 1962 and Asian influenza in January-March 1963.¹

The annual incidence rates of various forms of respiratory illness are shown in figure 3, so that the trend during the 6 years of data collection may be observed. The pattern for the first 4 years for the combined total was a declining one followed by an increase. The decline during the earlier years occurred mainly in cases reported as influenza, pneumonia, and to some extent the common cold. The rise in rates for the past 2 years was due for the most part to an increased number of cases of influenza.

Since the cases reported as influenza make such an important contribution to the annual rate

of acute conditions, a brief analysis of the data shown in the detailed tables is worthwhile. There were an estimated 83 million cases of illness reported as influenza during July 1962-June 1963, of which 56 percent were reported among females. The average case caused 4 days of reduced activity, including 2 days spent in bed (figures obtained by dividing the number of disability days by the number of cases).

The number of conditions shown in the diagnostic category, influenza, should not be interpreted as the number of clinically or microscopically diagnosed cases, but rather as an estimate based on conditions described as influenza by the household respondents. The respondents report either the information given to them by the doctor or their own categorization of

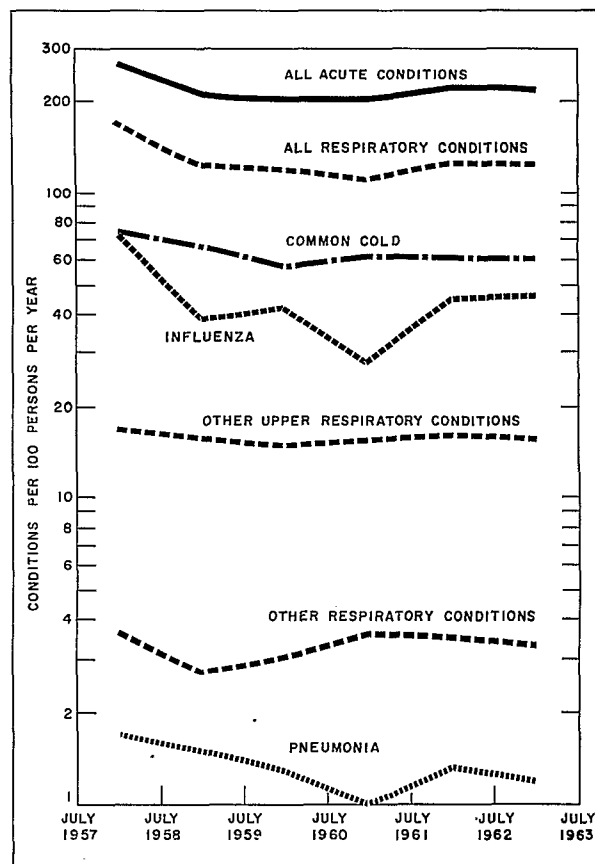


Figure 3. Incidence of all acute conditions and types of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per year.

¹Klebb, J. and Robinson, R. Q.: "The Influenza Epidemic of January-April 1963"; *Health, Education, and Welfare Indicators*, October 1963, pp. xxi-xxviii.

Table A. Incidence of influenza and the "virus" per 100 persons per year, by sex and region: United States, July 1961-June 1962 and July 1962-June 1963

Region	Both sexes		Male		Female	
	Influenza	The "virus"	Influenza	The "virus"	Influenza	The "virus"
<u>July 1961-June 1962</u>						
Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year						
All regions-----	45.0	13.8	39.8	12.7	49.8	14.9
Northeast-----	23.5	26.2	21.2	24.0	25.7	28.3
North Central-----	58.9	5.1	51.4	4.0	66.1	6.1
South-----	34.6	16.4	32.1	14.6	37.0	18.0
West-----	75.1	4.4	64.7	6.0	84.8	3.0
<u>July 1962-June 1963</u>						
All regions-----	45.6	12.7	41.2	11.7	49.6	13.5
Northeast-----	24.6	24.1	23.3	21.6	25.9	26.4
North Central-----	55.9	5.1	49.6	4.8	62.0	5.3
South-----	42.2	15.2	40.6	14.2	43.6	16.2
West-----	66.3	3.5	55.3	4.1	76.7	2.9

the illness based on their previous experience and knowledge of the disease. It is quite possible that some of these cases may be reported incorrectly. Furthermore, some of the cases reported as the "virus"² (classified under infective and parasitic diseases) and some of those described as upper respiratory and other respiratory conditions may in fact have been influenza.

The statistics presented in table 4 show that about 40 million of the cases of influenza were not medically attended. Thus, the diagnosis was based solely on the respondent's experience and knowledge. Some of these cases may not have been medically attended because other cases occurring at the same time in the family or neighborhood presented the same symptomatology and were treated in the same way without recourse to medical advice. During the epidemic period of January-March 1963 such a situation was not unlikely.

During the current year the influenza attack rate was highest among children under 6 years of age, but was quite high in each of the older age groups (table 5). However, during the preceding year, the incidence rate was highest for school-age children 6-16 and lower in the other age groups than in the current data. This reflects the differing nature of the types of influenza. The average duration per case rose as age increased, e.g., there were 3 days of restricted activity per case at under 6 years and 6 days per case at 45 years and older.

The incidence rate of influenza was higher in rural areas than in urban areas during the current year. The rate was lowest in urbanized areas of one million or more population (table 15).

Table A shows the influenza annual incidence rates for each of the four major regions of the United States for the past 2 years. Two years of data have been presented because of the remarkable similarity in the rates for the regions. The rates for the "virus" are also shown, because it is suspected that the term "virus" is not uniformly used throughout the United States. One might suspect that the low incidence of influenza in the Northeast Region may have been due to the

²The cases of the "virus" exclude those conditions such as "viral flu," "viral cold," etc., which have been classified to the appropriate category in the respiratory group.

reporting of respiratory illnesses as the "virus" rather than as influenza.

PLACE OF RESIDENCE

During July 1962-June 1963, the 1960 Decennial Census was the population base used for the Health Interview Survey's estimating procedures. In each of the earlier years of the survey the 1950 Decennial Census served as the base. One effect of the change in the population base was an increase in the percentage of urban residents in the population—a gain of about 9 percentage points from the previous year's population tables (compare Series 10, No. 1, table 32 with table 34 in this report). The application of rules defining urban areas to the Census population figures resulted in the classification of places formerly rural as urban places. This increased the proportion of the population living in urban areas and reduced the population living in rural-nonfarm areas.

In addition to the change in population base there was a change in the definition of the rural-farm population. Prior to this change in definition the survey's estimate of the number of persons in rural-farm areas was based on the positive answer by the respondent to the question, "Is this house on a farm or ranch?" (with the exception of persons paying rent for house and yard only who were excluded, as were residents in institutions, summer camps, motels, and tourist camps located in farm areas). Beginning with the current year the division of the rural population into rural farm and rural nonfarm was based on whether the place had 10 or more acres and sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products of at least \$50 during the past 12 months (for places with fewer than 10 acres, the sales figure was \$250 or more). A negative answer to this question categorized the household as nonfarm, a positive answer as farm.

Numerically, the change in population distribution increased the size of the urban population, and reduced the size of the rural-nonfarm population. However, the change in the rural-farm definition added persons to the rural-nonfarm population, thus reducing the net change in size of the rural-nonfarm population. The definitional change reduced the size of the rural-farm population substantially.

These definitional changes in the population according to place of residence tended to improve the measurement of the health characteristics of the population according to place of residence. The intermixing of places with different characteristics was eliminated, leaving groups more homogeneous with respect to residence. The tables about the incidence of acute conditions and associated disability, presented in this report, have been increased in scope by classifying urban into three parts according to density: urbanized areas, 1 million and over; urbanized areas, less than 1 million; and other urban places.

Before discussing the current year's data by place of residence, it is of interest to compare the rates for the current year and the previous year. Table B shows that rates in urban areas were affected least by definitional changes. Using the rates for all areas as a measure of the consistency of the data for both years, the incidence rates of acute conditions declined in rural areas for all persons, for males and females, and for persons under 45 years. Except for injuries and respiratory illness there was little change in the incidence rates for the condition groups.

The incidence rate for all acute conditions during July 1962-June 1963 was highest in urban areas of residence and lowest in rural-farm areas. However, within urban areas the rate was lowest in the largest urbanized areas and highest in urbanized areas with less than one million inhabitants (table 11). Residence apparently had little effect on the difference, by sex, in incidence of acute conditions. In general, the rate of incidence declined with the increase in age.

Residents of urban areas experienced the same rate of restriction of activity associated with acute illness or injury as did persons residing in rural-nonfarm areas (table 12). Residents of rural-farm areas had a slightly lower rate. Persons residing in "other urban places" had the highest rate of reduced activity which was caused by a high disability day rate among persons 65 years and older. The number of bed-disability days per person per year displayed a somewhat different pattern. It was about the same size in the urban sectors as in rural-nonfarm areas (table 13). The rate was lower in rural-farm places, notably among children under 5 years of age and among persons 45 years and older.

Table B. Incidence of acute conditions and associated days of disability per 100 persons per year, by place of residence and characteristic: United States, July 1961-June 1962 and July 1962-June 1963

Characteristic	Residence							
	All areas		Urban		Rural nonfarm		Rural farm	
	July 1961- June 1962	July 1962- June 1963	July 1961- June 1962	July 1962- June 1963	July 1961- June 1962	July 1962- June 1963	July 1961- June 1962	July 1962- June 1963
<u>Incidence</u>	Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year							
All acute conditions-	222.3	218.8	217.8	223.9	240.6	217.0	201.5	176.5
<u>Age</u>								
Under 5 years-----	366.7	368.7	366.5	384.2	386.4	343.6	312.3	296.9
5-14 years-----	293.7	267.8	301.0	286.9	305.1	243.6	238.4	189.5
15-24 years-----	211.7	210.9	211.5	223.8	226.4	196.4	181.8	135.2
25-44 years-----	194.1	193.9	193.6	196.9	199.4	193.3	181.4	160.1
45-64 years-----	151.5	159.0	146.9	153.5	159.1	178.1	161.9	157.6
65+ years-----	127.9	136.1	127.7	125.3	122.1	159.7	138.8	161.9
<u>Sex</u>								
Male-----	207.8	203.7	202.8	207.8	226.7	205.0	188.4	163.0
Female-----	235.9	233.1	231.3	238.8	253.9	228.7	215.7	190.6
<u>Condition group</u>								
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	27.2	24.4	25.6	24.8	34.4	24.9	17.8	18.7
Respiratory conditions-----	127.7	127.2	126.9	130.6	133.8	124.0	117.3	105.1
Digestive system conditions-----	12.4	11.2	12.2	10.8	12.9	12.1	12.2	11.7
Injuries-----	28.9	27.7	27.0	28.7	32.3	27.4	29.7	18.9
All other acute conditions-----	26.2	28.4	26.1	28.9	27.1	28.7	24.6	22.1
<u>Disability days</u>								
Restricted-activity days---	880.7	877.6	880.8	880.7	874.9	881.1	893.8	837.3
Bed-disability days-----	381.2	379.6	377.8	384.7	403.8	383.6	344.7	319.6

The lower rate of incidence among residents of rural-farm areas was primarily accounted for by lower rates for infective and parasitic diseases, upper respiratory illnesses, and injuries (table 15). It should be noted that the rate of reported cases of influenza was highest in both sectors of the rural population and declined as the population density increased until the lowest rate was attained in urbanized areas of one million or more inhabitants. Males living in the latter group of cities reported the lowest incidence of influenza.

The rate of disability days, both restricted activity and bed disability, followed much the same pattern as the incidence rates for the areas of residence. Although the injury incidence was lower in rural-farm areas, the rate of disability days was quite high indicating that the average duration of injury was longer among farm residents. The nature of the work and the ability to postpone performance of a job may have accounted for this fact, but consideration must also be given to differences in the severity of the type of injury.

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Table 1. Incidence of acute conditions, percent distribution, and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands			Percent distribution			Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year		
All acute conditions-----	400,751	180,915	219,836	100.0	100.0	100.0	218.8	203.7	233.1
Infective and parasitic diseases----	44,680	20,455	24,225	11.1	11.3	11.0	24.4	23.0	25.7
Common childhood diseases-----	14,726	6,993	7,732	3.7	3.9	3.5	8.0	7.9	8.2
The "virus," n.o.s.-----	23,170	10,416	12,754	5.8	5.8	5.8	12.7	11.7	13.5
Other infective and parasitic diseases-----	6,784	3,045	3,738	1.7	1.7	1.7	3.7	3.4	4.0
Respiratory conditions-----	232,889	102,870	130,019	58.1	56.9	59.1	127.2	115.8	137.9
Upper respiratory conditions-----	141,271	62,470	78,800	35.3	34.5	35.8	77.1	70.3	83.6
Common cold-----	112,700	50,053	62,647	28.1	27.7	28.5	61.5	56.3	66.4
Other acute upper respiratory conditions-----	28,571	12,417	16,154	7.1	6.9	7.3	15.6	14.0	17.1
Influenza-----	83,451	36,632	46,819	20.8	20.2	21.3	45.6	41.2	49.6
Influenza with digestive manifestations-----	6,006	2,311	3,695	1.5	1.3	1.7	3.3	2.6	3.9
Other influenza-----	77,445	34,321	43,123	19.3	19.0	19.6	42.3	38.6	45.7
Other respiratory conditions-----	8,168	3,768	4,400	2.0	2.1	2.0	4.5	4.2	4.7
Pneumonia-----	2,130	1,036	1,094	0.5	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.2	1.2
Bronchitis-----	3,423	1,435	1,989	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.9	1.6	2.1
Other acute respiratory conditions-----	2,614	1,297	1,317	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.4	1.5	1.4
Digestive system conditions-----	20,478	9,033	11,445	5.1	5.0	5.2	11.2	10.2	12.1
Dental conditions-----	9,167	4,249	4,918	2.3	2.3	2.2	5.0	4.8	5.2
Functional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders, n.e.c.-----	4,472	1,987	2,485	1.1	1.1	1.1	2.4	2.2	2.6
Other digestive system conditions-----	6,840	2,797	4,043	1.7	1.5	1.8	3.7	3.1	4.3
Injuries-----	50,743	29,056	21,687	12.7	16.1	9.9	27.7	32.7	23.0
Fractures, dislocations, sprains and strains-----	14,390	8,097	6,294	3.6	4.5	2.9	7.9	9.1	6.7
Fractures and dislocations-----	5,911	3,636	2,275	1.5	2.0	1.0	3.2	4.1	2.4
Sprains and strains-----	8,480	4,461	4,019	2.1	2.5	1.8	4.6	5.0	4.3
Open wounds and lacerations-----	14,451	9,065	5,387	3.6	5.0	2.5	7.9	10.2	5.7
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	9,555	4,961	4,594	2.4	2.7	2.1	5.2	5.6	4.9
Other current injuries-----	12,346	6,934	5,412	3.1	3.8	2.5	6.7	7.8	5.7
All other acute conditions-----	51,961	19,501	32,461	13.0	10.8	14.8	28.4	22.0	34.4
Diseases of the ear-----	9,146	4,458	4,687	2.3	2.5	2.1	5.0	5.0	5.0
Headaches-----	4,111	1,310	2,801	1.0	0.7	1.3	2.2	1.5	3.0
Genitourinary disorders-----	6,866	1,128	5,739	1.7	0.6	2.6	3.7	1.3	6.1
Deliveries and disorders of pregnancy and the puerperium-----	5,152	...	5,152	1.3	...	2.3	2.8	...	5.5
Diseases of the skin-----	6,044	3,486	2,558	1.5	1.9	1.2	3.3	3.9	2.7
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system-----	4,943	2,107	2,835	1.2	1.2	1.3	2.7	2.4	3.0
All other acute conditions-----	15,700	7,011	8,689	3.9	3.9	4.0	8.6	7.9	9.2

NOTES: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.
N.o.s.—not otherwise specified; n.e.c.—not elsewhere classified.

Table 2. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Days of restricted activity in thousands			Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year		
All acute conditions-----	1,607,304	683,398	923,905	877.6	769.3	979.6
Infective and parasitic diseases---	201,263	88,929	112,334	109.9	100.1	119.1
Common childhood diseases-----	93,505	43,695	49,810	51.1	49.2	52.8
The "virus," n.o.s.-----	71,017	29,893	41,124	38.8	33.7	43.6
Other infective and parasitic diseases-----	36,740	15,340	21,400	20.1	17.3	22.7
Respiratory conditions-----	764,128	323,187	440,941	417.2	363.8	467.5
Upper respiratory conditions----	342,953	147,212	195,742	187.3	165.7	207.5
Common cold-----	255,933	110,696	145,237	139.7	124.6	154.0
Other acute upper respiratory conditions-----	87,021	36,516	50,504	47.5	41.1	53.5
Influenza-----	348,655	150,469	198,186	190.4	169.4	210.1
Influenza with digestive manifestations-----	15,062	6,106	8,957	8.2	6.9	9.5
Other influenza-----	333,593	144,364	189,229	182.1	162.5	200.6
Other respiratory conditions----	72,520	25,506	47,014	39.6	28.7	49.8
Pneumonia-----	34,373	12,809	21,564	18.8	14.4	22.9
Bronchitis-----	22,060	7,915	14,146	12.0	8.9	15.0
Other acute respiratory conditions-----	16,087	4,782	11,305	8.8	5.4	12.0
Digestive system conditions-----	73,840	31,480	42,360	40.3	35.4	44.9
Dental conditions-----	21,528	10,368	11,160	11.8	11.7	11.8
Functional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders, n.e.c.-----	8,534	3,167	5,367	4.7	3.6	5.7
Other digestive system conditions-----	43,779	17,945	25,833	23.9	20.2	27.4
Injuries-----	300,820	161,948	138,872	164.3	182.3	147.2
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	158,780	83,956	74,824	86.7	94.5	79.3
Fractures and dislocations----	100,876	54,325	46,551	55.1	61.2	49.4
Sprains and strains-----	57,904	29,630	28,273	31.6	33.4	30.0
Open wounds and lacerations-----	45,170	29,083	16,088	24.7	32.7	17.1
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	49,213	24,039	25,174	26.9	27.1	26.7
Other current injuries-----	47,657	24,871	22,786	26.0	28.0	24.2
All other acute conditions-----	267,252	77,854	189,398	145.9	87.6	200.8
Diseases of the ear-----	28,954	13,602	15,352	15.8	15.3	16.3
Headaches-----	5,591	1,860	3,731	3.1	2.1	4.0
Genitourinary disorders-----	43,668	7,523	36,145	23.8	8.5	38.3
Deliveries and disorders of pregnancy and the puerperium----	52,229	...	52,229	28.5	...	55.4
Diseases of the skin-----	25,118	12,813	12,305	13.7	14.4	13.0
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system-----	28,394	10,900	17,494	15.5	12.3	18.5
All other acute conditions-----	83,298	31,157	52,141	45.5	35.1	55.3

NCTF: N.o.s.—not otherwise specified; n.e.c.—not elsewhere classified.

Table 3. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Days of bed disability in thousands			Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year		
All acute conditions-----	695,234	283,797	411,437	379.		
Infective and parasitic diseases---	98,399	43,392	55,007	53.		
Common childhood diseases-----	40,621	19,316	21,306	22.		
The "virus," n.o.s.-----	38,189	16,582	21,608	20.		
Other infective and parasitic diseases-----	19,588	7,495	12,093	10.		
Respiratory conditions-----	377,571	153,730	223,842	206.		
Upper respiratory conditions----	137,369	55,182	82,187	75.		
Common cold-----	97,267	38,474	58,793	53.		
Other acute upper respiratory conditions-----	40,102	16,708	23,394	21.		
Influenza-----	198,940	83,999	114,941	108.		
Influenza with digestive manifestations-----	7,855	2,968	4,887	4.		
Other influenza-----	191,085	81,031	110,054	104.		
Other respiratory conditions----	41,262	14,548	26,714	22.		
Pneumonia-----	23,705	8,710	14,995	12.		
Bronchitis-----	11,019	4,079	6,940	6.		
Other acute respiratory conditions-----	6,539	1,759	4,780	3.		
Digestive system conditions-----	36,085	16,156	19,929	19.		
Dental conditions-----	7,131	3,605	3,526	3.		
Functional and symptomatic upper gastrointestinal disorders, n.e.c.-----	4,543	1,736	2,807	2.		
Other digestive system conditions-----	24,410	10,814	13,596	13.		
Injuries-----	79,028	41,080	37,947	43.		
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	42,449	22,927	19,522	23.		
Fractures and dislocations----	29,449	15,819	13,630	16.		
Sprains and strains-----	13,000	7,108	5,892	7.		
Open wounds and lacerations-----	10,136	5,885	4,251	5.		
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	10,893	3,696	7,197	5.		
Other current injuries-----	15,550	8,572	6,978	8.		
All other acute conditions-----	104,151	29,439	74,712	56.		
Diseases of the ear-----	11,198	4,310	6,888	6.		
Headaches-----	1,915	*	*	1.		
Genitourinary disorders-----	21,198	4,321	16,877	11.		
Deliveries and disorders of pregnancy and the puerperium---	26,694	...	26,694	14.		
Diseases of the skin-----	4,340	2,790	1,550	2.		
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system-----	7,636	3,699	3,937	4.		
All other acute conditions-----	31,171	13,688	17,483	17.		

NOTE: N.o.s.—not otherwise specified; n.e.c.—not elsewhere classified.

Table 4. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by measures of the impact of illness, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	Measures of the impact of illness							
	Total	Medically attended only	Medically attended and activity restricting	Activity restricting only (not medically attended)	Total	Medically attended only	Medically attended and activity restricting	Activity restricting only (not medically attended)
	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands				Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year			
	400,751	111,131	157,879	131,741	218.8	60.7	86.2	71.9
	44,680	6,310	23,515	14,854	24.4	3.4	12.8	8.1
	232,889	51,382	84,056	97,451	127.2	28.1	45.9	53.2
	141,271	42,552	42,340	56,379	77.1	23.2	23.1	30.8
	83,451	6,647	36,323	40,480	45.6	3.6	19.8	22.1
	8,168	2,183	5,393	*	4.5	1.2	2.9	*
	20,478	7,903	7,429	5,146	11.2	4.3	4.1	2.8
	50,743	23,415	20,611	6,716	27.7	12.8	11.3	3.7
	51,961	22,120	22,267	7,574	28.4	12.1	12.2	4.1
	180,915	52,349	69,863	58,703	203.7	58.9	78.6	66.1
	20,455	2,965	11,007	6,483	23.0	3.3	12.4	7.3
	102,870	23,431	35,904	43,535	115.8	26.4	40.4	49.0
	62,470	19,172	18,164	25,134	70.3	21.6	20.4	28.3
	36,632	3,161	15,309	18,162	41.2	3.6	17.2	20.4
	3,768	1,098	2,431	*	4.2	1.2	2.7	*
	9,033	3,554	3,147	2,333	10.2	4.0	3.5	2.6
	29,056	13,723	11,995	3,338	32.7	15.4	13.5	3.8
	19,501	8,677	7,809	3,014	22.0	9.8	8.8	3.4
	219,836	58,782	88,016	73,039	233.1	62.3	93.3	77.4
	24,225	3,346	12,508	8,371	25.7	3.5	13.3	8.9
	130,019	27,951	48,152	53,917	137.9	29.6	51.1	57.2
	78,800	23,380	24,177	31,244	83.6	24.8	25.6	33.1
	46,819	3,487	21,013	22,319	49.6	3.7	22.3	23.7
	4,400	1,084	2,962	*	4.7	1.1	3.1	*
	11,445	4,350	4,282	2,813	12.1	4.6	4.5	3.0
	21,687	9,692	8,616	3,378	23.0	10.3	9.1	3.6
	32,461	13,443	14,458	4,559	34.4	14.3	15.3	4.8

* Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 5. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years
<u>Both sexes</u>	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands					Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	400,751	90,639	101,127	127,245	81,741	218.8	365.8	251.3	197.9	151.8
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	44,680	14,398	15,061	10,196	5,025	24.4	58.1	37.4	15.9	9.3
Respiratory conditions-----	232,889	55,753	57,715	71,254	48,167	127.2	225.0	143.4	110.8	89.4
Upper respiratory conditions-----	141,271	39,161	38,987	37,022	26,101	77.1	158.1	96.9	57.6	48.5
Influenza-----	83,451	13,874	17,766	31,664	20,147	45.6	56.0	44.2	49.3	37.4
Other respiratory conditions-----	8,168	2,718	963	2,568	1,919	4.5	11.0	2.4	4.0	3.6
Digestive system conditions-----	20,478	3,180	4,879	7,752	4,668	11.2	12.8	12.1	12.1	8.7
Injuries-----	50,743	7,460	13,464	17,517	12,302	27.7	30.1	33.5	27.2	22.8
All other acute conditions-----	51,961	9,847	10,008	20,527	11,579	28.4	39.7	24.9	31.9	21.5
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	180,915	46,501	50,833	50,728	32,852	203.7	369.1	248.7	166.9	129.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	20,455	7,538	7,477	3,688	1,752	23.0	59.8	36.6	12.1	6.9
Respiratory conditions-----	102,870	28,285	27,102	28,538	18,945	115.8	224.5	132.6	93.9	74.6
Upper respiratory conditions-----	62,470	20,035	17,970	14,391	10,074	70.3	159.0	87.9	47.3	39.7
Influenza-----	36,632	6,899	8,527	13,101	8,105	41.2	54.8	41.7	43.1	31.9
Other respiratory conditions-----	3,768	1,351	*	1,046	765	4.2	10.7	*	3.4	3.0
Digestive system conditions-----	9,033	1,549	2,742	2,811	1,931	10.2	12.3	13.4	9.2	7.6
Injuries-----	29,056	4,015	8,427	10,694	5,920	32.7	31.9	41.2	35.2	23.3
All other acute conditions-----	19,501	5,114	5,085	4,997	4,305	22.0	40.6	24.9	16.4	17.0
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	219,836	44,137	50,294	76,517	48,889	233.1	362.5	254.1	225.8	171.8
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	24,225	6,860	7,584	6,507	3,273	25.7	56.3	38.3	19.2	11.5
Respiratory conditions-----	130,019	27,468	30,613	42,716	29,222	137.9	225.6	154.7	126.1	102.7
Upper respiratory conditions-----	78,800	19,126	21,017	22,631	16,027	83.6	157.1	106.2	66.8	56.3
Influenza-----	46,819	6,975	9,239	18,563	12,042	49.6	57.3	46.7	54.8	42.3
Other respiratory conditions-----	4,400	1,367	*	1,522	1,154	4.7	11.2	*	4.5	4.1
Digestive system conditions-----	11,445	1,631	2,137	4,941	2,737	12.1	13.4	10.8	14.6	9.6
Injuries-----	21,687	3,445	5,037	6,823	6,382	23.0	28.3	25.4	20.1	22.4
All other acute conditions-----	32,461	4,734	4,923	15,530	7,274	34.4	38.9	24.9	45.8	25.6

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 6. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of restricted activity in thousands					Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	1,607,304	240,131	355,764	495,847	515,561	877.6	969.2	884.2	771.4	957.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	201,263	55,209	82,527	36,669	26,858	109.9	222.8	205.1	57.0	49.9
Respiratory conditions-----	764,128	140,594	174,791	215,329	233,414	417.2	567.5	434.4	335.0	433.4
Upper respiratory conditions-----	342,953	82,759	103,967	80,723	75,505	187.3	334.0	258.4	125.6	140.2
Influenza-----	348,655	44,524	63,066	112,590	128,476	190.4	179.7	156.7	175.1	238.6
Other respiratory conditions-----	72,520	13,311	7,759	22,016	29,433	39.6	53.7	19.3	34.2	54.7
Digestive system conditions-----	73,840	8,133	12,097	23,743	29,867	40.3	32.8	30.1	36.9	55.5
Injuries-----	300,820	11,527	50,840	96,538	141,916	164.3	46.5	126.4	150.2	263.5
All other acute conditions-----	267,252	24,669	35,509	123,568	83,507	145.9	99.6	88.3	192.2	155.1
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	683,398	128,064	182,795	174,335	198,204	769.3	1,016.5	894.3	573.5	780.5
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	88,929	27,977	40,145	12,069	8,737	100.1	222.1	196.4	39.7	34.4
Respiratory conditions-----	323,187	75,115	83,538	76,168	88,366	363.8	596.2	408.7	250.6	348.0
Upper respiratory conditions-----	147,212	44,163	47,070	28,636	27,343	165.7	350.5	230.3	94.2	107.7
Influenza-----	150,469	24,424	31,513	41,963	52,569	169.4	193.9	154.2	138.0	207.0
Other respiratory conditions-----	25,506	6,528	4,954	5,569	8,454	28.7	51.8	24.2	18.3	33.3
Digestive system conditions-----	31,480	5,011	7,006	7,689	11,774	35.4	39.8	34.3	25.3	46.4
Injuries-----	161,948	6,554	34,096	61,287	60,011	182.3	52.0	166.8	201.6	236.3
All other acute conditions-----	77,854	13,407	18,010	17,122	29,315	87.6	106.4	88.1	56.3	115.4
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	923,905	112,067	172,969	321,511	317,358	979.6	920.3	873.8	948.8	1,115.3
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	112,334	27,232	42,382	24,601	18,120	119.1	223.6	214.1	72.6	63.7
Respiratory conditions-----	440,941	65,479	91,253	139,161	145,048	467.5	537.7	461.0	410.7	509.7
Upper respiratory conditions-----	195,742	38,596	56,896	52,087	48,162	207.5	317.0	287.4	153.7	169.3
Influenza-----	198,186	20,100	31,552	70,627	75,907	210.1	165.1	159.4	208.4	266.8
Other respiratory conditions-----	47,014	6,783	2,805	16,447	20,979	49.8	55.7	14.2	48.5	73.7
Digestive system conditions-----	42,360	3,122	5,091	16,054	18,093	44.9	25.6	25.7	47.4	63.6
Injuries-----	138,872	4,973	16,744	35,251	81,904	147.2	40.8	84.6	104.0	287.8
All other acute conditions-----	189,398	11,261	17,499	106,445	54,192	200.8	92.5	88.4	314.1	190.4

Table 7. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963
 [Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages	Under 6 years	6-16 years	17-44 years	45+ years
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of bed disability in thousands					Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	695,234	102,255	166,527	222,651	203,801	379.6	412.7	413.9	346.4	378.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	98,399	24,571	40,598	21,246	11,984	53.7	99.2	100.9	33.1	22.3
Respiratory conditions-----	377,571	60,509	94,020	112,654	110,388	206.2	244.2	233.7	175.2	205.0
Upper respiratory conditions-----	137,369	29,111	48,340	33,892	26,026	75.0	117.5	120.1	52.7	48.3
Influenza-----	198,940	24,235	41,423	65,975	67,306	108.6	97.8	103.0	102.6	125.0
Other respiratory conditions-----	41,262	7,163	4,257	12,787	17,056	22.5	28.9	10.6	19.9	31.7
Digestive system conditions-----	36,085	4,131	6,943	11,198	13,813	19.7	16.7	17.3	17.4	25.6
Injuries-----	79,028	2,646	11,801	23,806	40,774	43.2	10.7	29.3	37.0	75.7
All other acute conditions-----	104,151	10,398	13,165	53,748	26,841	56.9	42.0	32.7	83.6	49.8
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	283,797	56,126	80,481	73,947	73,244	319.5	445.5	393.7	243.3	288.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	43,392	12,490	19,434	7,775	3,693	48.8	99.1	95.1	25.6	14.5
Respiratory conditions-----	153,730	33,605	43,682	40,590	35,852	173.1	266.7	213.7	133.5	141.2
Upper respiratory conditions-----	55,182	16,428	20,743	11,880	6,131	62.1	130.4	101.5	39.1	24.1
Influenza-----	83,999	13,262	20,431	25,357	24,950	94.6	105.3	100.0	83.4	98.2
Other respiratory conditions-----	14,548	3,914	2,509	3,353	4,772	16.4	31.1	12.3	11.0	18.8
Digestive system conditions-----	16,156	2,308	4,405	3,336	6,107	18.2	18.3	21.5	11.0	24.0
Injuries-----	41,080	1,563	6,928	16,496	16,094	46.2	12.4	33.9	54.3	63.4
All other acute conditions-----	29,439	6,161	6,031	5,749	11,498	33.1	48.9	29.5	18.9	45.3
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	411,437	46,129	86,046	148,704	130,557	436.2	378.8	434.7	438.8	458.8
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	55,007	12,081	21,164	13,470	8,292	58.3	99.2	106.9	39.8	29.1
Respiratory conditions-----	223,842	26,905	50,338	72,063	74,536	237.3	220.9	254.3	212.7	261.9
Upper respiratory conditions-----	82,187	12,683	27,597	22,012	19,895	87.1	104.2	139.4	65.0	69.9
Influenza-----	114,941	10,973	20,993	40,618	42,357	121.9	90.1	106.1	119.9	148.9
Other respiratory conditions-----	26,714	3,248	1,748	9,433	12,284	28.3	26.7	8.8	27.8	43.2
Digestive system conditions-----	19,929	1,823	2,538	7,862	7,706	21.1	15.0	12.8	23.2	27.1
Injuries-----	37,947	*	4,872	7,311	24,680	40.2	*	24.6	21.6	86.7
All other acute conditions-----	74,712	4,237	7,134	47,998	15,343	79.2	34.8	36.0	141.6	53.9

Table 8. Days lost from school associated with acute conditions and days lost from school per 100 children (6-16) per year, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Condition group	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Days lost from school in thousands			Days lost from school per 100 children per year		
All acute conditions-----	196,396	93,938	102,458	488.1	459.6	517.6
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	51,491	24,543	26,948	128.0	120.1	136.1
Respiratory conditions-----	108,843	51,209	57,634	270.5	250.5	291.2
Upper respiratory conditions-----	63,314	28,902	34,412	157.4	141.4	173.9
Influenza-----	41,187	19,452	21,735	102.4	95.2	109.8
Other respiratory conditions-----	4,342	2,855	*	10.8	14.0	*
Digestive system conditions-----	7,083	3,794	3,289	17.6	18.6	16.6
Injuries-----	11,790	6,383	5,408	29.3	31.2	27.3
All other acute conditions-----	17,189	8,010	9,180	42.7	39.2	46.4

Table 9. Incidence of acute conditions among currently employed persons and number of acute conditions per 100 currently employed persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years
<u>Both sexes</u>	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands			Number of acute conditions per 100 currently employed persons per year		
All acute conditions-----	115,436	73,940	41,496	169.9	183.2	150.4
Infective and parasitic diseases---	8,345	5,758	2,587	12.3	14.3	9.4
Respiratory conditions-----	66,033	41,297	24,735	97.2	102.3	89.6
Upper respiratory conditions----	34,747	21,329	13,418	51.1	52.8	48.6
Influenza-----	28,975	18,420	10,555	42.6	45.6	38.2
Other respiratory conditions----	2,311	1,548	762	3.4	3.8	2.8
Digestive system conditions-----	6,601	4,471	2,130	9.7	11.1	7.7
Injuries-----	18,871	12,500	6,371	27.8	31.0	23.1
All other acute conditions-----	15,586	9,914	5,672	22.9	24.6	20.6
<u>Male</u>						
All acute conditions-----	68,784	44,988	23,796	154.2	169.4	131.8
Infective and parasitic diseases---	4,704	3,212	1,493	10.5	12.1	8.3
Respiratory conditions-----	38,675	24,811	13,863	86.7	93.4	76.8
Upper respiratory conditions----	19,320	12,015	7,305	43.3	45.2	40.5
Influenza-----	17,856	11,813	6,043	40.0	44.5	33.5
Other respiratory conditions----	1,499	983	*	3.4	3.7	*
Digestive system conditions-----	3,854	2,641	1,213	8.6	9.9	6.7
Injuries-----	13,965	9,649	4,315	31.3	36.3	23.9
All other acute conditions-----	7,587	4,676	2,912	17.0	17.6	16.1
<u>Female</u>						
All acute conditions-----	46,652	28,952	17,700	199.9	209.8	185.6
Infective and parasitic diseases---	3,641	2,546	1,095	15.6	18.4	11.5
Respiratory conditions-----	27,358	16,486	10,872	117.2	119.4	114.0
Upper respiratory conditions----	15,427	9,315	6,113	66.1	67.5	64.1
Influenza-----	11,119	6,607	4,512	47.6	47.9	47.3
Other respiratory conditions----	812	*	*	3.5	*	*
Digestive system conditions-----	2,748	1,830	918	11.8	13.3	9.6
Injuries-----	4,906	2,851	2,055	21.0	20.7	21.5
All other acute conditions-----	7,999	5,238	2,761	34.3	38.0	29.0

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 10. Days lost from work associated with acute conditions and days lost from work per 100 currently employed persons per year, by age, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years	All ages-17+ years	17-44 years	45+ years
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days lost from work in thousands			Days lost from work per 100 currently employed persons per year		
All acute conditions-----	260,440	145,802	114,638	383.3	361.3	415.4
Infective and parasitic diseases---	19,533	12,153	7,380	28.7	30.1	26.7
Respiratory conditions-----	121,931	67,088	54,843	179.4	166.2	198.7
Upper respiratory conditions----	36,671	20,498	16,173	54.0	50.8	58.6
Influenza-----	71,192	38,937	32,255	104.8	96.5	116.9
Other respiratory conditions----	14,068	7,653	6,414	20.7	19.0	23.2
Digestive system conditions-----	10,523	5,660	4,863	15.5	14.0	17.6
Injuries-----	69,588	38,660	30,928	102.4	95.8	112.1
All other acute conditions-----	38,866	22,241	16,625	57.2	55.1	60.2
<u>Male</u>						
All acute conditions-----	158,680	86,766	71,914	355.7	326.7	398.2
Infective and parasitic diseases---	10,725	6,804	3,921	24.0	25.6	21.7
Respiratory conditions-----	69,607	36,324	33,283	156.0	136.8	184.3
Upper respiratory conditions----	19,145	10,943	8,202	42.9	41.2	45.4
Influenza-----	43,163	22,518	20,646	96.7	84.8	114.3
Other respiratory conditions----	7,299	2,863	4,436	16.4	10.8	24.6
Digestive system conditions-----	6,796	3,539	3,257	15.2	13.3	18.0
Injuries-----	54,143	32,370	21,773	121.4	121.9	120.6
All other acute conditions-----	17,409	7,730	9,679	39.0	29.1	53.6
<u>Female</u>						
All acute conditions-----	101,760	59,036	42,724	436.0	427.7	448.0
Infective and parasitic diseases---	8,807	5,349	3,458	37.7	38.8	36.3
Respiratory conditions-----	52,323	30,764	21,560	224.2	222.9	226.1
Upper respiratory conditions----	17,526	9,555	7,971	75.1	69.2	83.6
Influenza-----	28,029	16,419	11,610	120.1	119.0	121.7
Other respiratory conditions----	6,768	4,790	1,979	29.0	34.7	20.8
Digestive system conditions-----	3,727	2,121	1,606	16.0	15.4	16.8
Injuries-----	15,445	6,290	9,155	66.2	45.6	96.0
All other acute conditions-----	21,457	14,511	6,945	91.9	105.1	72.8

Table 11. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age:
United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
	Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
		1 million+	Less than 1 million			

Incidence of acute conditions in thousands						
400,751	284,559	116,001	103,680	64,878	92,264	23,928
76,432	55,145	22,340	21,002	11,802	17,285	4,002
100,454	71,230	31,006	24,289	15,935	23,366	5,857
54,199	39,983	14,508	14,294	11,182	11,635	2,581
87,926	63,503	26,737	24,154	12,612	20,026	4,397
58,790	40,081	16,688	14,648	8,745	13,683	5,027
22,951	14,618	4,723	5,292	4,603	6,269	2,064
180,915	126,633	50,060	46,768	29,804	42,981	11,301
39,205	28,586	11,443	10,657	6,487	8,779	1,840
51,208	36,325	15,041	12,480	8,804	11,850	3,033
22,300	15,938	5,190	5,859	4,890	5,214	1,148
35,350	25,209	10,507	9,870	4,833	8,339	1,802
24,048	15,618	6,610	5,705	3,304	5,982	2,448
8,804	4,956	1,270	2,199	1,487	2,817	1,030
219,836	157,926	65,941	56,911	35,074	49,283	12,627
37,226	26,558	10,897	10,346	5,315	8,506	2,162
49,245	34,905	15,965	11,809	7,131	11,516	2,824
31,899	24,045	9,318	8,435	6,292	6,422	1,433
52,576	38,294	16,230	14,284	7,780	11,687	2,595
34,742	24,462	10,078	8,944	5,441	7,701	2,579
14,147	9,661	3,453	3,093	3,116	3,451	1,034
Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year						
218.8	223.9	217.9	230.0	225.7	217.0	176.5
368.7	384.2	385.6	397.4	360.4	343.6	296.9
267.8	286.9	302.7	269.9	285.2	243.6	189.5
210.9	223.8	202.9	225.8	254.8	196.4	135.2
193.9	196.9	190.5	210.2	187.6	193.3	160.1
159.0	153.5	147.1	162.1	152.5	178.1	157.6
136.1	125.3	100.8	134.1	151.7	159.7	161.9
203.7	207.8	195.0	217.3	216.9	205.0	163.0
371.4	387.4	377.5	398.1	388.4	349.1	277.5
268.8	288.9	292.2	273.0	308.8	241.0	194.0
182.9	192.3	157.0	202.7	233.6	180.2	113.4
163.4	164.3	156.7	181.6	151.0	167.8	136.0
134.5	125.8	120.5	134.0	123.7	157.4	146.6
117.2	100.2	63.4	130.5	118.3	151.1	147.1
233.1	238.8	239.2	241.5	233.8	228.7	190.6
365.8	380.8	394.7	396.7	331.2	338.1	315.6
266.8	284.8	313.4	266.7	260.6	246.5	184.8
236.2	251.0	242.4	245.1	274.2	212.0	159.8
221.7	226.5	221.4	235.9	220.8	216.9	182.6
181.9	178.6	172.0	187.3	177.6	198.4	169.7
151.2	143.8	128.7	136.9	175.4	167.4	180.1

conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention

Table 12. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963
 [Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.]

Sex and age	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Days of restricted activity in the							
Both sexes							
All ages-----	1,607,304	1,119,228	448,962	406,752	2		
Under 5 years-----	192,252	137,523	55,802	50,984			
5-14 years-----	352,352	246,827	108,189	86,926			
15-24 years-----	192,001	140,350	52,127	55,940			
25-44 years-----	355,136	256,025	110,054	94,427			
45-64 years-----	312,986	211,136	89,473	73,771			
65+ years-----	202,575	127,366	33,317	44,704			
Male							
All ages-----	683,398	455,739	175,898	167,078	1		
Under 5 years-----	104,306	75,959	31,461	28,510			
5-14 years-----	180,520	125,142	50,475	46,328			
15-24 years-----	76,435	51,560	17,952	20,539			
25-44 years-----	123,934	86,059	36,032	35,257			
45-64 years-----	126,300	76,513	29,931	23,547			
65+ years-----	71,904	40,506	10,048	12,896			
Female							
All ages-----	923,905	663,488	273,063	239,674	2		
Under 5 years-----	87,947	61,565	24,341	22,474			
5-14 years-----	171,832	121,685	57,714	40,598			
15-24 years-----	115,567	88,789	34,175	35,400			
25-44 years-----	231,202	169,966	74,023	59,170			
45-64 years-----	186,686	134,623	59,542	50,224			
65+ years-----	130,671	86,860	23,269	31,807			
Days of restricted activity per 100 per:							
Both sexes							
All ages-----	877.6	880.7	843.2	902.2			
Under 5 years-----	927.4	958.1	963.3	964.7			
5-14 years-----	939.4	994.1	1,056.2	965.8			
15-24 years-----	747.1	785.5	729.2	883.6			
25-44 years-----	783.0	793.9	784.2	821.9			
45-64 years-----	846.2	808.5	788.8	816.5			
65+ years-----	1,201.1	1,091.8	710.8	1,133.2			
Male							
All ages-----	769.3	747.9	685.0	776.5			
Under 5 years-----	988.1	1,029.5	1,038.0	1,065.0			
5-14 years-----	947.5	995.4	980.5	1,013.3			
15-24 years-----	626.8	622.1	543.2	710.7			
25-44 years-----	572.8	561.0	537.5	648.7			
45-64 years-----	706.1	616.2	545.7	552.9			
65+ years-----	957.4	819.0	501.4	765.3			
Female							
All ages-----	979.6	1,003.2	990.4	1,017.0			
Under 5 years-----	864.3	882.7	881.6	861.7			
5-14 years-----	930.9	992.7	1,133.0	917.1			
15-24 years-----	855.7	926.8	889.0	1,028.8			
25-44 years-----	974.8	1,005.2	1,009.7	977.4			
45-64 years-----	977.4	982.8	1,016.4	1,051.6			
65+ years-----	1,396.7	1,292.6	867.3	1,407.4			

Table 13. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Days of bed disability in thousands							
Both sexes							
All ages-----	695,234	488,844	205,768	173,905	109,171	163,060	43,330
Under 5 years-----	82,442	58,038	22,665	21,388	13,986	20,157	4,247
5-14 years-----	160,892	115,815	52,519	40,025	23,271	34,355	10,722
15-24 years-----	90,296	65,271	25,648	26,450	13,174	19,911	5,113
25-44 years-----	157,803	112,533	49,943	38,487	24,104	35,047	10,223
45-64 years-----	122,055	84,364	38,622	29,236	16,505	28,168	9,523
65+ years-----	81,746	52,822	16,371	18,319	18,131	25,421	3,503
Male							
All ages-----	283,797	190,857	78,536	70,045	42,276	71,366	21,574
Under 5 years-----	45,787	33,189	13,061	12,757	7,370	10,528	2,071
5-14 years-----	77,958	56,918	23,959	20,888	12,070	15,166	5,874
15-24 years-----	32,281	21,115	8,131	8,924	4,060	9,072	2,094
25-44 years-----	54,526	36,378	16,093	13,601	6,684	13,053	5,095
45-64 years-----	47,897	28,825	12,669	9,680	6,476	14,151	4,920
65+ years-----	25,348	14,432	4,622	4,195	5,615	9,396	1,520
Female							
All ages-----	411,437	297,987	127,232	103,860	66,895	91,694	21,756
Under 5 years-----	36,655	24,850	9,603	8,631	6,616	9,629	2,176
5-14 years-----	82,934	58,898	28,559	19,137	11,201	19,189	4,847
15-24 years-----	58,014	44,156	17,517	17,526	9,113	10,839	3,019
25-44 years-----	103,277	76,155	33,850	24,885	17,420	21,993	5,128
45-64 years-----	74,159	55,539	25,953	19,556	10,029	14,017	4,603
65+ years-----	56,399	38,390	11,749	14,124	12,516	16,026	1,983
Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year							
Both sexes							
All ages-----	379.6	384.7	386.4	385.7	379.8	383.6	319.6
Under 5 years-----	397.7	404.4	391.2	404.7	427.1	400.7	315.1
5-14 years-----	428.9	466.4	512.7	444.7	416.5	358.2	347.0
15-24 years-----	351.3	365.3	358.8	417.8	300.2	336.2	267.8
25-44 years-----	347.9	349.0	355.9	335.0	358.5	338.3	372.3
45-64 years-----	330.0	323.1	340.5	323.6	287.7	366.7	298.5
65+ years-----	484.7	452.8	349.3	464.4	597.6	647.7	274.7
Male							
All ages-----	319.5	313.2	305.9	325.5	307.6	340.5	311.2
Under 5 years-----	433.8	449.8	430.9	476.5	441.3	418.6	312.4
5-14 years-----	409.2	452.7	465.4	456.9	423.4	308.4	375.8
15-24 years-----	264.7	254.8	246.0	308.8	194.0	313.5	206.9
25-44 years-----	252.0	237.2	240.1	250.2	208.8	262.6	384.5
45-64 years-----	267.8	232.2	231.0	227.3	242.4	372.3	294.6
65+ years-----	337.5	291.8	230.6	249.0	446.7	504.1	217.1
Female							
All ages-----	436.2	450.6	461.5	440.7	446.0	425.5	328.4
Under 5 years-----	360.2	356.3	347.8	330.9	412.2	382.7	317.7
5-14 years-----	449.3	480.5	560.6	432.3	409.4	410.7	317.2
15-24 years-----	429.5	460.9	455.7	509.3	397.1	357.8	336.6
25-44 years-----	435.4	450.4	461.7	411.1	494.5	408.1	360.9
45-64 years-----	388.3	405.5	443.0	409.5	327.3	361.2	302.8
65+ years-----	602.8	571.3	437.9	625.0	704.3	777.2	345.5

Table 14. Incidence of acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963
 [Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Incidence of acute conditions in thousands							
Both sexes							
All acute conditions-----	400,751	284,559	116,001	103,680	64,878	92,264	23,928
Infective and parasitic diseases--	44,680	31,566	13,669	11,127	6,771	10,580	2,533
Respiratory conditions -----	232,889	165,920	68,779	59,269	37,872	52,716	14,253
Upper respiratory conditions--	141,271	105,008	47,323	35,213	22,472	29,487	6,776
Influenza-----	83,451	55,000	18,836	22,104	14,060	21,456	6,994
Other respiratory conditions--	8,168	5,912	2,620	1,952	1,340	1,773	483
Digestive system conditions----	20,478	13,763	5,188	5,327	3,249	5,134	1,581
Injuries-----	50,743	36,533	14,179	14,512	7,843	11,652	2,558
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	14,390	10,550	4,075	4,246	2,229	3,251	589
Open wounds and lacerations--	14,451	10,608	4,097	4,234	2,277	3,000	843
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	9,555	6,945	2,919	2,659	1,367	2,133	*
Other current injuries-----	12,346	8,430	3,088	3,373	1,969	3,268	648
All other acute conditions-----	51,961	36,776	14,187	13,446	9,143	12,182	3,003
Male							
All acute conditions-----	180,915	126,633	50,060	46,768	29,804	42,981	11,301
Infective and parasitic diseases--	20,455	14,697	6,508	5,144	3,045	4,758	999
Respiratory conditions-----	102,870	71,824	28,980	25,342	17,501	24,324	6,723
Upper respiratory conditions--	62,470	45,780	20,230	15,456	10,094	13,658	3,032
Influenza-----	36,632	23,435	7,552	9,054	6,830	9,724	3,473
Other respiratory conditions--	3,768	2,608	1,198	832	*	942	*
Digestive system conditions----	9,033	6,099	2,221	2,396	1,483	2,135	799
Injuries-----	29,056	20,580	7,292	8,684	4,604	6,921	1,555
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	8,097	6,074	2,034	2,494	1,546	1,724	*
Open wounds and lacerations--	9,065	6,544	2,472	2,522	1,551	2,049	*
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	4,961	3,367	1,140	1,561	*	1,274	*
Other current injuries-----	6,934	4,594	1,646	2,106	842	1,874	*
All other acute conditions-----	19,501	13,433	5,059	5,202	3,171	4,843	1,225
Female							
All acute conditions-----	219,836	157,926	65,941	56,911	35,074	49,283	12,627
Infective and parasitic diseases--	24,225	16,869	7,160	5,983	3,726	5,822	1,534
Respiratory conditions-----	130,019	94,097	39,799	33,927	20,371	28,392	7,530
Upper respiratory conditions--	78,800	59,228	27,093	19,756	12,379	15,829	3,744
Influenza-----	46,819	31,565	11,284	13,050	7,230	11,732	3,522
Other respiratory conditions--	4,400	3,304	1,422	1,120	762	831	265
Digestive system conditions----	11,445	7,664	2,967	2,931	1,766	2,999	783
Injuries-----	21,687	15,953	6,887	5,828	3,238	4,731	1,003
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	6,294	4,476	2,041	1,752	*	1,527	290
Open wounds and lacerations--	5,387	4,064	1,626	1,712	726	951	372
Contusions, and superficial injuries-----	4,594	3,577	1,778	1,098	702	859	158
Other current injuries-----	5,412	3,836	1,443	1,266	1,127	1,394	182
All other acute conditions-----	32,461	23,344	9,123	8,243	5,972	7,339	1,778

*CCT: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention

Table 15. Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year							
Both sexes							
All acute conditions-----	218.8	223.9	217.9	230.0	225.7	217.0	176.5
Infective and parasitic diseases--	24.4	24.8	25.7	24.7	23.6	24.9	18.7
Respiratory conditions-----	127.2	130.6	129.2	131.5	131.8	124.0	105.1
Upper respiratory conditions--	77.1	82.6	88.9	78.1	78.2	69.4	50.0
Influenza-----	45.6	43.3	35.4	49.0	48.9	50.5	51.6
Other respiratory conditions--	4.5	4.7	4.9	4.3	4.7	4.2	3.6
Digestive system conditions-----	11.2	10.8	9.7	11.8	11.3	12.1	11.7
Injuries-----	27.7	28.7	26.6	32.2	27.3	27.4	18.9
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	7.9	8.3	7.7	9.4	7.8	7.6	4.3
Open wounds and lacerations---	7.9	8.3	7.7	9.4	7.9	7.1	6.2
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.9	4.8	5.0	*
Other current injuries-----	6.7	6.6	5.8	7.5	6.9	7.7	4.8
All other acute conditions-----	28.4	28.9	26.6	29.8	31.8	28.7	22.1
Male							
All acute conditions-----	203.7	207.8	195.0	217.3	216.9	205.0	163.0
Infective and parasitic diseases--	23.0	24.1	25.3	23.9	22.2	22.7	14.4
Respiratory conditions-----	115.8	117.9	112.9	117.8	127.3	116.0	97.0
Upper respiratory conditions--	70.3	75.1	78.8	71.8	73.4	65.2	43.7
Influenza-----	41.2	38.5	29.4	42.1	49.7	46.4	50.1
Other respiratory conditions--	4.2	4.3	4.7	3.9	*	4.5	*
Digestive system conditions-----	10.2	10.0	8.6	11.1	10.8	10.2	11.5
Injuries-----	32.7	33.8	28.4	40.4	33.5	33.0	22.4
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	9.1	10.0	7.9	11.6	11.2	8.2	*
Open wounds and lacerations---	10.2	10.7	9.6	11.7	11.3	9.8	*
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	5.6	5.5	4.4	7.3	*	6.1	*
Other current injuries-----	7.8	7.5	6.4	9.8	6.1	8.9	*
All other acute conditions-----	22.0	22.0	19.7	24.2	23.1	23.1	17.7
Female							
All acute conditions-----	233.1	238.8	239.2	241.5	233.8	228.7	190.6
Infective and parasitic diseases--	25.7	25.5	26.0	25.4	24.8	27.0	23.2
Respiratory conditions-----	137.9	142.3	144.4	144.0	135.8	131.8	113.7
Upper respiratory conditions--	83.6	89.6	98.3	83.8	82.5	73.5	56.5
Influenza-----	49.6	47.7	40.9	55.4	48.2	54.4	53.2
Other respiratory conditions--	4.7	5.0	5.2	4.8	5.1	3.9	4.0
Digestive system conditions-----	12.1	11.6	10.8	12.4	11.8	13.9	11.8
Injuries-----	23.0	24.1	25.0	24.7	21.6	22.0	15.1
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	6.7	6.8	7.4	7.4	*	7.1	4.4
Open wounds and lacerations---	5.7	6.1	5.9	7.3	4.8	4.4	5.6
Contusions, and superficial injuries-----	4.9	5.4	6.4	4.7	4.7	4.0	2.4
Other current injuries-----	5.7	5.8	5.2	5.4	7.5	6.5	2.7
All other acute conditions-----	34.4	35.3	33.1	35.0	39.8	34.1	26.8

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 16. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Both sexes							
Days of restricted activity in thousands							
All acute conditions-----	1,607,304	1,119,228	448,962	406,752	263,514	374,561	113,515
Infective and parasitic diseases--	201,263	142,437	58,662	50,903	32,872	46,481	12,344
Respiratory conditions-----	764,128	530,331	212,166	191,024	127,141	178,332	55,465
Upper respiratory conditions--	342,953	252,769	115,173	84,371	53,226	71,985	18,199
Influenza-----	348,655	226,796	75,890	90,622	60,283	87,840	34,020
Other respiratory conditions--	72,520	50,766	21,103	16,031	13,632	18,508	3,246
Digestive system conditions-----	73,840	50,426	22,922	14,422	13,082	18,381	5,033
Injuries-----	300,820	205,176	82,458	73,050	49,669	72,357	23,287
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	158,780	107,970	43,914	37,227	26,829	38,906	11,904
Open wounds and lacerations--	45,170	31,120	11,162	11,547	8,411	10,042	4,008
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	49,213	35,680	17,579	11,760	6,341	8,525	5,008
Other current injuries-----	47,657	30,406	9,803	12,515	8,088	14,884	2,367
All other acute conditions-----	267,252	190,857	72,754	77,352	40,751	59,010	17,385
Male							
All acute conditions-----	683,398	455,739	175,898	167,078	112,763	170,211	57,448
Infective and parasitic diseases--	88,929	63,934	27,605	23,383	12,945	21,090	3,905
Respiratory conditions-----	323,187	214,976	81,450	78,930	54,596	78,586	29,624
Upper respiratory conditions--	147,212	108,038	46,722	38,668	22,647	30,675	8,498
Influenza-----	150,469	91,616	27,182	35,645	28,789	39,310	19,543
Other respiratory conditions--	25,506	15,322	7,545	4,617	3,160	8,601	1,583
Digestive system conditions-----	31,480	20,569	7,819	7,568	5,182	8,303	2,608
Injuries-----	161,948	106,665	39,996	37,920	28,749	40,834	14,449
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	83,956	55,733	22,688	18,463	14,582	21,271	6,952
Open wounds and lacerations--	29,083	19,848	6,725	6,971	6,153	6,895	2,339
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	24,039	15,412	6,689	5,657	3,067	4,684	3,942
Other current injuries-----	24,871	15,671	3,895	6,830	4,947	7,983	*
All other acute conditions-----	77,854	49,596	19,028	19,277	11,291	21,397	6,861
Female							
All acute conditions-----	923,905	663,488	273,063	239,674	150,751	204,350	56,067
Infective and parasitic diseases--	112,334	78,503	31,056	27,520	19,927	25,392	8,439
Respiratory conditions-----	440,941	315,355	130,716	112,095	72,544	99,746	25,841
Upper respiratory conditions--	195,742	144,731	68,451	45,703	30,578	41,309	9,701
Influenza-----	198,186	135,180	48,708	54,978	31,494	48,529	14,477
Other respiratory conditions--	47,014	35,444	13,557	11,414	10,472	9,907	1,663
Digestive system conditions-----	42,360	29,858	15,103	6,854	7,900	10,077	2,425
Injuries-----	138,872	98,511	42,462	35,129	20,920	31,522	8,838
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	74,824	52,238	21,227	18,765	12,246	17,634	4,952
Open wounds and lacerations--	16,088	11,271	4,437	4,576	2,258	3,147	1,669
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	25,174	20,267	10,890	6,103	3,274	3,840	*
Other current injuries-----	22,786	14,735	5,909	5,685	3,141	6,901	*
All other acute conditions-----	189,398	141,261	53,726	58,075	29,460	37,613	10,524

Table 17. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
<u>Both sexes</u>							
Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year							
All acute conditions-----	877.6	880.7	843.2	902.2	916.8	881.1	837.3
Infective and parasitic diseases-	109.9	112.1	110.2	112.9	114.4	109.3	91.0
Respiratory conditions-----	417.2	417.3	398.4	423.7	442.3	419.5	409.1
Upper respiratory conditions--	187.3	198.9	216.3	187.1	185.2	169.3	134.2
Influenza-----	190.4	178.5	142.5	201.0	209.7	206.6	250.9
Other respiratory conditions--	39.6	39.9	39.6	35.6	47.4	43.5	23.9
Digestive system conditions----	40.3	39.7	43.0	32.0	45.5	43.2	37.1
Injuries-----	164.3	161.5	154.9	162.0	172.8	170.2	171.8
Fractures, dislocations,							
sprains, and strains-----	86.7	85.0	82.5	82.6	93.3	91.5	87.8
Open wounds and lacerations---	24.7	24.5	21.0	25.6	29.3	23.6	29.6
Contusions and superficial							
injuries-----	26.9	28.1	33.0	26.1	22.1	20.1	36.9
Other current injuries-----	26.0	23.9	18.4	27.8	28.1	35.0	17.5
All other acute conditions-----	145.9	150.2	136.6	171.6	141.8	138.8	128.2
<u>Male</u>							
All acute conditions-----	769.3	747.9	685.0	776.5	820.5	812.0	828.7
Infective and parasitic diseases-	100.1	104.9	107.5	108.7	94.2	100.6	56.3
Respiratory conditions-----	363.8	352.8	317.2	366.8	397.2	374.9	427.4
Upper respiratory conditions--	165.7	177.3	182.0	179.7	164.8	146.3	122.6
Influenza-----	169.4	150.3	105.9	165.7	209.5	187.5	281.9
Other respiratory conditions--	28.7	25.1	29.4	21.5	23.0	41.0	22.8
Digestive system conditions----	35.4	33.8	30.5	35.2	37.7	39.6	37.6
Injuries-----	182.3	175.0	155.8	176.2	209.2	194.8	208.4
Fractures, dislocations,							
sprains, and strains-----	94.5	91.5	88.4	85.8	106.1	101.5	100.3
Open wounds and lacerations---	32.7	32.6	26.2	32.4	44.8	32.9	33.7
Contusions and superficial							
injuries-----	27.1	25.3	26.1	26.3	22.3	22.3	56.9
Other current injuries-----	28.0	25.7	15.2	31.7	36.0	38.1	*
All other acute conditions-----	87.6	81.4	74.1	89.6	82.2	102.1	99.0
<u>Female</u>							
All acute conditions-----	979.6	1,003.2	990.4	1,017.0	1,005.0	948.3	846.3
Infective and parasitic diseases-	119.1	118.7	112.6	116.8	132.8	117.8	127.4
Respiratory conditions-----	467.5	476.8	474.1	475.6	483.6	462.9	390.1
Upper respiratory conditions--	207.5	218.8	248.3	193.9	203.9	191.7	146.4
Influenza-----	210.1	204.4	176.7	233.3	210.0	225.2	218.5
Other respiratory conditions--	49.8	53.6	49.2	48.4	69.8	46.0	25.1
Digestive system conditions----	44.9	45.1	54.8	29.1	52.7	46.8	36.6
Injuries-----	147.2	148.9	154.0	149.1	139.5	146.3	133.4
Fractures, dislocations,							
sprains, and strains-----	79.3	79.0	77.0	79.6	81.6	81.8	74.7
Open wounds and lacerations---	17.1	17.0	16.1	19.4	15.1	14.6	25.2
Contusions, and superficial							
injuries-----	26.7	30.6	39.5	25.9	21.8	17.8	*
Other current injuries-----	24.2	22.3	21.4	24.1	20.9	32.0	*
All other acute conditions-----	200.8	213.6	194.9	246.4	196.4	174.5	158.9

Table 18. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Days of bed disability in thousands							
Both sexes							
All acute conditions-----	695,234	488,844	205,768	173,905	109,171	163,060	43,330
Infective and parasitic diseases--	98,399	71,035	31,044	25,028	14,962	22,000	5,364
Respiratory conditions-----	377,571	265,765	111,606	93,403	60,756	88,115	23,692
Upper respiratory conditions--	137,369	104,666	50,690	33,265	20,711	27,459	5,245
Influenza-----	198,940	131,594	47,975	50,572	33,047	50,041	17,304
Other respiratory conditions--	41,262	29,505	12,942	9,566	6,997	10,615	*
Digestive system conditions-----	36,085	25,439	11,897	6,657	6,885	8,944	1,702
Injuries-----	79,028	50,599	23,298	16,502	10,799	22,139	6,290
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	42,449	26,981	13,078	9,907	3,995	11,762	3,707
Open wounds and lacerations--	10,136	5,871	2,514	*	2,482	2,730	1,535
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	10,893	8,557	5,198	2,159	*	1,844	*
Other current injuries-----	15,550	9,190	2,508	3,562	3,120	5,803	*
All other acute conditions-----	104,151	76,007	27,922	32,315	15,769	21,863	6,282
Male							
All acute conditions-----	283,797	190,857	78,536	70,045	42,276	71,366	21,574
Infective and parasitic diseases--	43,392	31,474	14,105	12,128	5,241	9,775	2,144
Respiratory conditions-----	153,730	105,427	42,359	38,250	24,818	36,619	11,683
Upper respiratory conditions--	55,182	43,544	20,117	15,574	7,853	9,728	1,910
Influenza-----	83,999	52,526	17,502	19,887	15,137	22,268	9,205
Other respiratory conditions--	14,548	9,357	4,740	2,789	1,828	4,623	*
Digestive system conditions-----	16,156	11,354	5,162	3,282	2,910	4,002	*
Injuries-----	41,080	23,771	10,886	7,673	5,212	12,838	4,472
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	22,927	12,830	6,318	4,936	1,576	7,284	2,813
Open wounds and lacerations--	5,885	3,592	*	*	*	*	1,121
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	3,696	2,364	1,689	*	*	*	*
Other current injuries-----	8,572	4,984	*	1,714	1,882	3,346	*
All other acute conditions-----	29,439	18,831	6,024	8,713	4,094	8,133	2,475
Female							
All acute conditions-----	411,437	297,987	127,232	103,860	66,895	91,694	21,756
Infective and parasitic diseases--	55,007	39,561	16,940	12,900	9,721	12,225	3,220
Respiratory conditions-----	223,842	160,337	69,247	55,153	35,937	51,496	12,009
Upper respiratory conditions--	82,187	61,122	30,573	17,691	12,858	17,731	3,334
Influenza-----	114,941	79,068	30,473	30,685	17,910	27,773	8,099
Other respiratory conditions--	26,714	20,147	8,202	6,776	5,169	5,992	*
Digestive system conditions-----	19,929	14,085	6,735	3,375	3,975	4,942	*
Injuries-----	37,947	26,828	12,412	8,830	5,586	9,301	1,818
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	19,522	14,151	6,760	4,971	2,419	4,478	*
Open wounds and lacerations--	4,251	2,278	*	*	*	1,559	*
Contusions, and superficial injuries-----	7,197	6,193	3,509	1,758	*	*	*
Other current injuries-----	6,978	4,206	*	1,848	*	2,457	*
All other acute conditions-----	74,712	57,175	21,898	23,602	11,675	13,729	3,807

Table 19. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by residence, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	All areas	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm
		Total	Urbanized areas		Other urban places		
			1 million+	Less than 1 million			
Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year							
Both sexes							
All acute conditions-----	379.6	384.7	386.4	385.7	379.8	383.6	319.6
Infective and parasitic diseases-	53.7	55.9	58.3	55.5	52.1	51.8	39.6
Respiratory conditions-----	206.2	209.1	209.6	207.2	211.4	207.3	174.7
Upper respiratory conditions--	75.0	82.4	95.2	73.8	72.1	64.6	38.7
Influenza-----	108.6	103.6	90.1	112.2	115.0	117.7	127.6
Other respiratory conditions--	22.5	23.2	24.3	21.2	24.3	25.0	*
Digestive system conditions-----	19.7	20.0	22.3	14.8	24.0	21.0	12.6
Injuries-----	43.2	39.8	43.8	36.6	37.6	52.1	46.4
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	23.2	21.2	24.6	22.0	13.9	27.7	27.3
Open wounds and lacerations--	5.5	4.6	4.7	*	8.6	6.4	11.3
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	5.9	6.7	9.8	2.7	*	4.3	*
Other current injuries-----	8.5	7.2	4.7	7.9	10.9	13.7	*
All other acute conditions-----	56.9	59.8	52.4	71.7	54.9	51.4	46.3
Male							
All acute conditions-----	319.5	313.2	305.9	325.5	307.6	340.5	311.2
Infective and parasitic diseases-	48.8	51.6	54.9	56.4	38.1	46.6	30.9
Respiratory conditions-----	173.1	173.0	165.0	177.8	180.6	174.7	168.5
Upper respiratory conditions--	62.1	71.5	78.3	72.4	57.1	46.4	27.6
Influenza-----	94.6	86.2	68.2	92.4	110.1	106.2	132.8
Other respiratory conditions--	16.4	15.4	18.5	13.0	13.3	22.1	*
Digestive system conditions-----	18.2	18.6	20.1	15.3	21.2	19.1	*
Injuries-----	46.2	39.0	42.4	35.7	37.9	61.2	64.5
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	25.8	21.1	24.6	22.9	11.5	34.7	40.6
Open wounds and lacerations--	6.6	5.9	*	*	*	*	16.2
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	4.2	3.9	6.6	*	*	*	*
Other current injuries-----	9.6	8.2	*	8.0	13.7	16.0	*
All other acute conditions-----	33.1	30.9	23.5	40.5	29.8	38.8	35.7
Female							
All acute conditions-----	436.2	450.6	461.5	440.7	446.0	425.5	328.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-	58.3	59.8	61.4	54.7	64.8	56.7	48.6
Respiratory conditions-----	237.3	242.4	251.2	234.0	239.6	239.0	181.3
Upper respiratory conditions--	87.1	92.4	110.9	75.1	85.7	82.3	50.3
Influenza-----	121.9	119.6	110.5	130.2	119.4	128.9	122.2
Other respiratory conditions--	28.3	30.5	29.7	28.8	34.5	27.8	*
Digestive system conditions-----	21.1	21.3	24.4	14.3	26.5	22.9	*
Injuries-----	40.2	40.6	45.0	37.5	37.2	43.2	27.4
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	20.7	21.4	24.5	21.1	16.1	20.8	*
Open wounds and lacerations--	4.5	3.4	*	*	*	7.2	*
Contusions, and superficial injuries-----	7.6	9.4	12.7	7.5	*	*	*
Other current injuries-----	7.4	6.4	*	7.8	*	11.4	*
All other acute conditions-----	79.2	86.4	79.4	100.1	77.8	63.7	57.5

Table 20. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	Region				
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
<u>Both sexes</u>					
Incidence of acute conditions in thousands					
All ages-----	400,751	96,826	111,328	120,194	72,404
Under 5 years-----	76,432	18,233	21,821	22,048	14,329
5-14 years-----	100,454	25,279	27,587	27,878	19,710
15-24 years-----	54,199	12,234	14,101	17,318	10,546
25-44 years-----	87,926	21,232	25,063	26,299	15,333
45-64 years-----	58,790	14,587	15,796	18,834	9,573
65+ years-----	22,951	5,260	6,960	7,818	2,913
<u>Male</u>					
All ages-----	180,915	42,584	52,345	53,438	32,548
Under 5 years-----	39,205	9,472	11,553	11,165	7,015
5-14 years-----	51,208	13,051	14,288	14,005	9,865
15-24 years-----	22,300	4,632	6,435	7,163	4,071
25-44 years-----	35,350	7,934	10,857	10,136	6,423
45-64 years-----	24,048	5,630	6,658	7,744	4,017
65+ years-----	8,804	1,866	2,555	3,225	1,158
<u>Female</u>					
All ages-----	219,836	54,242	58,983	66,756	39,856
Under 5 years-----	37,226	8,761	10,268	10,882	7,314
5-14 years-----	49,245	12,228	13,299	13,874	9,845
15-24 years-----	31,899	7,603	7,666	10,155	6,475
25-44 years-----	52,576	13,298	14,206	16,162	8,910
45-64 years-----	34,742	8,957	9,138	11,090	5,557
65+ years-----	14,147	3,395	4,404	4,592	1,755
<u>Both sexes</u>					
Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year					
All ages-----	218.8	211.8	211.2	215.8	249.3
Under 5 years-----	368.7	384.7	357.3	343.9	412.6
5-14 years-----	267.8	289.6	255.7	238.0	313.8
15-24 years-----	210.9	201.8	192.5	207.7	265.4
25-44 years-----	193.9	177.8	199.3	195.3	208.0
45-64 years-----	159.0	147.8	148.0	172.0	174.3
65+ years-----	136.1	120.3	133.1	162.5	118.7
<u>Male</u>					
All ages-----	203.7	192.2	202.6	199.9	230.8
Under 5 years-----	371.4	386.3	367.5	347.9	400.6
5-14 years-----	268.8	293.3	260.4	237.6	306.3
15-24 years-----	182.9	160.9	180.3	181.7	225.8
25-44 years-----	163.4	138.1	179.1	159.8	184.4
45-64 years-----	134.5	118.3	127.2	149.2	148.4
65+ years-----	117.2	99.8	109.0	149.5	101.7
<u>Female</u>					
All ages-----	233.1	230.2	219.6	230.6	266.8
Under 5 years-----	365.8	383.1	346.4	339.9	424.7
5-14 years-----	266.8	285.6	251.0	238.5	321.6
15-24 years-----	236.2	238.7	204.0	231.2	298.2
25-44 years-----	221.7	214.7	218.0	226.9	229.3
45-64 years-----	181.9	175.1	167.9	192.5	199.5
65+ years-----	151.2	135.6	152.7	173.1	133.5

NOTF: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 21. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	Region				
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
Both sexes					
Days of restricted activity in thousands					
All ages-----	1,607,304	380,771	434,561	522,306	269,666
Under 5 years-----	192,252	48,584	50,250	55,578	37,840
5-14 years-----	352,352	89,567	96,979	95,970	69,836
15-24 years-----	192,001	45,874	45,659	66,114	34,354
25-44 years-----	355,136	80,717	97,516	118,795	58,108
45-64 years-----	312,986	75,607	82,323	110,112	44,945
65+ years-----	202,575	40,421	61,833	75,737	24,584
Male					
All ages-----	683,398	164,856	184,563	220,479	113,500
Under 5 years-----	104,306	28,036	27,138	29,996	19,136
5-14 years-----	180,520	46,792	51,460	45,964	36,304
15-24 years-----	76,435	17,296	18,155	29,372	11,611
25-44 years-----	123,934	28,228	31,823	42,715	21,168
45-64 years-----	126,300	31,056	30,872	47,659	16,713
65+ years-----	71,904	13,448	25,116	24,772	8,568
Female					
All ages-----	923,905	215,915	249,998	301,827	156,166
Under 5 years-----	87,947	20,548	23,113	25,581	18,704
5-14 years-----	171,832	42,775	45,519	50,006	33,532
15-24 years-----	115,567	28,578	27,504	36,742	22,743
25-44 years-----	231,202	52,489	65,693	76,081	36,939
45-64 years-----	186,686	44,551	51,452	62,452	28,232
65+ years-----	130,671	26,973	36,717	50,965	16,017
Both sexes					
Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year					
All ages-----	877.6	832.9	824.5	938.0	928.5
Under 5 years-----	927.4	1,025.2	822.7	866.9	1,089.5
5-14 years-----	939.4	1,026.0	899.0	819.4	1,111.7
15-24 years-----	747.1	756.6	623.2	793.1	864.5
25-44 years-----	783.0	676.0	775.4	882.2	788.4
45-64 years-----	846.2	766.0	771.2	1,005.6	818.5
65+ years-----	1,201.1	924.3	1,182.3	1,574.6	1,001.8
Male					
All ages-----	769.3	744.2	714.3	824.6	804.7
Under 5 years-----	988.1	1,143.4	863.2	934.7	1,092.9
5-14 years-----	947.5	1,051.7	937.9	779.7	1,127.1
15-24 years-----	626.8	601.0	508.5	744.9	644.0
25-44 years-----	572.8	491.3	525.0	673.3	607.6
45-64 years-----	706.1	652.7	589.9	918.5	617.6
65+ years-----	957.4	719.5	1,071.0	1,148.4	752.2
Female					
All ages-----	979.6	916.3	930.6	1,042.7	1,045.4
Under 5 years-----	864.3	898.5	779.8	798.9	1,086.2
5-14 years-----	930.9	999.2	859.0	859.7	1,095.5
15-24 years-----	855.7	897.3	732.1	836.4	1,047.6
25-44 years-----	974.8	847.4	1,008.2	1,068.3	950.6
45-64 years-----	977.4	871.2	945.6	1,084.2	1,013.7
65+ years-----	1,396.7	1,077.6	1,272.7	1,921.0	1,218.0

Table 22. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	Region				
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
<u>Both sexes</u>					
Days of bed disability in thousands					
All ages-----	695,234	159,627	195,625	226,682	113,299
Under 5 years-----	82,442	18,754	25,842	23,319	14,527
5-14 years-----	160,892	38,338	46,275	43,516	32,762
15-24 years-----	90,296	21,511	20,259	33,645	14,881
25-44 years-----	157,803	34,719	43,838	53,121	26,125
45-64 years-----	122,055	29,508	34,300	42,029	16,218
65+ years-----	81,746	16,797	25,111	31,053	8,786
<u>Male</u>					
All ages-----	283,797	65,203	79,658	91,023	47,913
Under 5 years-----	45,787	10,674	14,993	14,007	6,114
5-14 years-----	77,958	20,423	22,182	18,269	17,083
15-24 years-----	32,281	5,776	7,566	14,146	4,794
25-44 years-----	54,526	11,953	13,408	19,417	9,748
45-64 years-----	47,897	10,520	12,940	17,351	7,085
65+ years-----	25,348	5,857	8,569	7,833	3,088
<u>Female</u>					
All ages-----	411,437	94,424	115,967	135,659	65,386
Under 5 years-----	36,655	8,080	10,850	9,312	8,413
5-14 years-----	82,934	17,915	24,093	25,247	15,679
15-24 years-----	58,014	15,735	12,693	19,499	10,088
25-44 years-----	103,277	22,767	30,430	33,703	16,377
45-64 years-----	74,159	18,989	21,359	24,678	9,133
65+ years-----	56,399	10,939	16,542	23,220	5,697
<u>Both sexes</u>					
Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year					
All ages-----	379.6	349.2	371.2	407.1	390.1
Under 5 years-----	397.7	395.7	423.1	363.7	418.3
5-14 years-----	428.9	439.2	429.0	371.6	521.5
15-24 years-----	351.3	354.8	276.5	403.6	374.5
25-44 years-----	347.9	290.8	348.6	394.5	354.5
45-64 years-----	330.0	298.9	321.3	383.8	295.4
65+ years-----	484.7	384.1	480.1	645.6	358.0
<u>Male</u>					
All ages-----	319.5	294.3	308.3	340.4	339.7
Under 5 years-----	433.8	435.3	476.9	436.5	349.2
5-14 years-----	409.2	459.0	404.3	309.9	530.4
15-24 years-----	264.7	200.7	211.9	358.8	265.9
25-44 years-----	252.0	208.0	221.2	306.1	279.8
45-64 years-----	267.8	221.1	247.3	334.4	261.8
65+ years-----	337.5	313.4	365.4	363.1	271.1
<u>Female</u>					
All ages-----	436.2	400.7	431.7	468.6	437.7
Under 5 years-----	360.2	353.3	366.1	290.8	488.6
5-14 years-----	449.3	418.5	454.7	434.0	512.2
15-24 years-----	429.5	494.0	337.8	443.9	464.7
25-44 years-----	435.4	367.6	467.0	473.2	421.4
45-64 years-----	388.3	371.3	392.6	428.4	327.9
65+ years-----	602.8	437.0	573.4	875.2	433.2

Table 23. Incidence of acute conditions and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	Region									
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
<u>Both sexes</u>	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands					Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	400,751	96,826	111,328	120,194	72,404	218.8	211.8	211.2	215.8	249.3
Infective and parasitic diseases---	44,680	16,311	8,648	15,172	4,548	24.4	35.7	16.4	27.2	15.7
Respiratory conditions-----	232,889	53,487	68,752	66,046	44,605	127.2	117.0	130.5	118.6	153.6
Upper respiratory conditions----	141,271	40,226	36,962	40,089	23,993	77.1	88.0	70.1	72.0	82.6
Influenza-----	83,451	11,249	29,457	23,477	19,266	45.6	24.6	55.9	42.2	66.3
Other respiratory conditions----	8,168	2,011	2,333	2,479	1,345	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.6
Digestive system conditions-----	20,478	4,280	5,804	7,274	3,120	11.2	9.4	11.0	13.1	10.7
Injuries-----	50,743	11,826	14,906	13,917	10,093	27.7	25.9	28.3	25.0	34.8
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	14,390	3,339	3,963	3,840	3,248	7.9	7.3	7.5	6.9	11.2
Open wounds and lacerations-----	14,451	3,497	4,306	4,100	2,548	7.9	7.6	8.2	7.4	8.8
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	9,555	2,124	2,700	2,589	2,142	5.2	4.6	5.1	4.6	7.4
Other current injuries-----	12,346	2,866	3,937	3,389	2,154	6.7	6.3	7.5	6.1	7.4
All other acute conditions-----	51,961	10,922	13,218	17,784	10,038	28.4	23.9	25.1	31.9	34.6
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	180,915	42,584	52,345	53,438	32,548	203.7	192.2	202.6	199.9	230.8
Infective and parasitic diseases---	20,455	7,341	4,019	6,694	2,401	23.0	33.1	15.6	25.0	17.0
Respiratory conditions-----	102,870	22,923	31,043	29,338	19,565	115.8	103.5	120.1	109.7	138.7
Upper respiratory conditions----	62,470	16,804	17,152	17,391	11,123	70.3	75.9	66.4	65.0	78.9
Influenza-----	36,632	5,158	12,815	10,856	7,804	41.2	23.3	49.6	40.6	55.3
Other respiratory conditions----	3,768	962	1,076	1,091	*	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.1	*
Digestive system conditions-----	9,033	1,684	2,707	3,117	1,525	10.2	7.6	10.5	11.7	10.8
Injuries-----	29,056	6,826	9,288	7,807	5,135	32.7	30.8	35.9	29.2	36.4
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	8,097	1,775	2,473	2,084	1,765	9.1	8.0	9.6	7.8	12.5
Open wounds and lacerations-----	9,065	2,264	2,861	2,473	1,467	10.2	10.2	11.1	9.2	10.4
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	4,961	1,007	1,529	1,618	807	5.6	4.5	5.9	6.1	5.7
Other current injuries-----	6,934	1,780	2,426	1,632	1,095	7.8	8.0	9.4	6.1	7.8
All other acute conditions-----	19,501	3,811	5,287	6,482	3,921	22.0	17.2	20.5	24.2	27.8
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	219,836	54,242	58,983	66,756	39,856	233.1	230.2	219.6	230.6	266.8
Infective and parasitic diseases---	24,225	8,970	4,629	8,478	2,148	25.7	38.1	17.2	29.3	14.4
Respiratory conditions-----	130,019	30,563	37,709	36,708	25,039	137.9	129.7	140.4	126.8	167.6
Upper respiratory conditions----	78,800	23,422	19,810	22,698	12,871	83.6	99.4	73.7	78.4	86.2
Influenza-----	46,819	6,092	16,642	12,622	11,463	49.6	25.9	62.0	43.6	76.7
Other respiratory conditions----	4,400	1,049	1,257	1,388	706	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.7
Digestive system conditions-----	11,445	2,596	3,097	4,158	1,594	12.1	11.0	11.5	14.4	10.7
Injuries-----	21,687	5,001	5,618	6,110	4,958	23.0	21.2	20.9	21.1	33.2
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	6,294	1,565	1,491	1,756	1,483	6.7	6.6	5.6	6.1	9.9
Open wounds and lacerations-----	5,387	1,233	1,445	1,627	1,082	5.7	5.2	5.4	5.6	7.2
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	4,594	1,117	1,171	971	1,335	4.9	4.7	4.4	3.4	8.9
Other current injuries-----	5,412	1,086	1,511	1,756	1,059	5.7	4.6	5.6	6.1	7.1
All other acute conditions-----	32,461	7,111	7,930	11,303	6,117	34.4	30.2	29.5	39.0	40.9

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 24. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.]

Sex and condition group	Region									
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of restricted activity in thousands					Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	1,607,304	380,771	434,561	522,306	269,666	877.6	832.9	824.5	938.0	928.5
Infective and parasitic diseases---	201,263	68,583	44,115	61,739	26,825	109.9	150.0	83.7	110.9	92.4
Respiratory conditions-----	764,128	168,333	212,051	250,281	133,463	417.2	368.2	402.4	449.5	459.5
Upper respiratory conditions-----	342,953	98,284	89,091	97,581	57,997	187.3	215.0	169.0	175.2	199.7
Influenza-----	348,655	54,333	104,462	125,129	64,731	190.4	118.8	198.2	224.7	222.9
Other respiratory conditions-----	72,520	15,716	18,497	27,571	10,736	39.6	34.4	35.1	49.5	37.0
Digestive system conditions-----	73,840	16,001	21,282	26,381	10,176	40.3	35.0	40.4	47.4	35.0
Injuries-----	300,820	70,516	82,761	92,211	55,332	164.3	154.2	157.0	165.6	190.5
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	158,780	37,851	43,769	47,762	29,398	86.7	82.8	83.0	85.8	101.2
Open wounds and lacerations-----	45,170	8,374	12,989	15,298	8,510	24.7	18.3	24.6	27.5	29.3
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	49,213	13,824	12,040	15,638	7,711	26.9	30.2	22.8	28.1	26.6
Other current injuries-----	47,657	10,468	13,963	13,513	9,714	26.0	22.9	26.5	24.3	33.4
All other acute conditions-----	267,252	57,337	74,352	91,694	43,869	145.9	125.4	141.1	164.7	151.0
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	683,398	164,856	184,563	220,479	113,500	769.3	744.2	714.3	824.6	804.7
Infective and parasitic diseases---	88,929	32,038	20,101	24,180	12,609	100.1	144.6	77.8	90.4	89.4
Respiratory conditions-----	323,187	71,618	89,146	106,764	55,659	363.8	323.3	345.0	399.3	394.6
Upper respiratory conditions-----	147,212	40,443	38,809	41,520	26,440	165.7	182.6	150.2	155.3	187.5
Influenza-----	150,469	25,216	43,408	56,340	25,505	169.4	113.8	168.0	210.7	180.8
Other respiratory conditions-----	25,506	5,958	6,929	8,904	3,714	28.7	26.9	26.8	33.3	26.3
Digestive system conditions-----	31,480	5,176	8,811	12,850	4,644	35.4	23.4	34.1	48.1	32.9
Injuries-----	161,948	38,995	45,450	48,558	28,945	182.3	176.0	175.9	181.6	205.2
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	83,956	20,170	23,982	23,647	16,157	94.5	91.1	92.8	88.4	114.6
Open wounds and lacerations-----	29,083	5,808	7,855	9,352	6,068	32.7	26.2	30.4	35.0	43.0
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	24,039	6,327	6,073	8,632	3,007	27.1	28.6	23.5	32.3	21.3
Other current injuries-----	24,871	6,690	7,540	9,928	3,713	28.0	30.2	29.2	25.9	26.3
All other acute conditions-----	77,854	17,030	21,055	28,126	11,643	87.6	76.9	81.5	105.2	82.6
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	923,905	215,915	249,998	301,827	156,166	979.6	916.3	930.6	1,042.7	1,045.4
Infective and parasitic diseases---	112,334	36,546	24,014	37,558	14,216	119.1	155.1	89.4	129.7	95.2
Respiratory conditions-----	440,941	96,715	122,905	143,517	77,805	467.5	410.5	457.5	495.8	520.8
Upper respiratory conditions-----	195,742	57,841	50,283	56,061	31,557	207.5	245.5	187.2	193.7	211.2
Influenza-----	198,186	29,117	61,054	68,789	39,226	210.1	123.6	227.3	237.6	262.6
Other respiratory conditions-----	47,014	9,757	11,568	18,667	7,022	49.8	41.4	43.1	64.5	47.0
Digestive system conditions-----	42,360	10,825	12,471	13,532	5,532	44.9	45.9	46.4	46.7	37.0
Injuries-----	138,872	31,522	37,310	43,652	26,387	147.2	133.8	138.9	150.8	176.6
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	74,824	17,681	19,787	24,115	13,241	79.3	75.0	73.7	83.3	88.6
Open wounds and lacerations-----	16,088	2,566	5,133	5,946	2,442	17.1	10.9	19.1	20.5	16.3
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	25,174	7,497	5,968	7,006	4,704	26.7	31.8	22.2	24.2	31.5
Other current injuries-----	22,786	3,777	6,423	6,585	6,000	24.2	16.0	23.9	22.7	40.2
All other acute conditions-----	189,398	40,306	53,297	63,568	32,227	200.8	171.1	198.4	219.6	215.7

Table 25. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions and days of bed disability per 100 persons per year, by region, sex, and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	Region									
	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West	All regions	North-east	North Central	South	West
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of bed disability in thousands					Days of bed disability per 100 persons per year				
All acute conditions-----	695,234	159,627	195,625	226,682	113,299	379.6	349.2	371.2	407.1	390.1
Infective and parasitic diseases---	98,399	32,986	22,202	29,142	14,069	53.7	72.2	42.1	52.3	48.4
Respiratory conditions-----	377,571	79,279	107,930	122,508	67,855	206.2	173.4	204.8	220.0	233.6
Upper respiratory conditions----	137,369	40,480	37,381	34,517	24,991	75.0	88.5	70.9	62.0	86.0
Influenza-----	198,940	28,966	60,594	71,851	37,528	108.6	63.4	115.0	129.0	129.2
Other respiratory conditions----	41,262	9,833	9,954	16,140	5,336	22.5	21.5	18.9	29.0	18.4
Digestive system conditions-----	36,085	8,061	12,109	10,977	4,938	19.7	17.6	23.0	19.7	17.0
Injuries-----	79,028	16,228	24,585	26,534	11,681	43.2	35.5	46.6	47.7	40.2
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	42,449	9,373	14,025	13,395	5,656	23.2	20.5	26.6	24.1	19.5
Open wounds and lacerations-----	10,136	*	3,551	4,354	*	5.5	*	6.7	7.8	*
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	10,893	2,839	2,912	3,336	1,805	5.9	6.2	5.5	6.0	6.2
Other current injuries-----	15,550	3,140	4,096	5,448	2,866	8.5	6.9	7.8	9.8	9.9
All other acute conditions-----	104,151	23,074	28,801	37,521	14,756	56.9	50.5	54.6	67.4	50.8
<u>Male</u>										
All acute conditions-----	283,797	65,203	79,658	91,023	47,913	319.5	294.3	308.3	340.4	339.7
Infective and parasitic diseases---	43,392	15,499	9,422	11,301	7,171	48.8	70.0	36.5	42.3	50.8
Respiratory conditions-----	153,730	33,193	44,368	48,260	27,909	173.1	149.8	171.7	180.5	197.9
Upper respiratory conditions----	55,182	16,513	15,194	12,403	11,072	62.1	74.5	58.8	46.4	78.5
Influenza-----	83,999	12,426	25,525	30,706	15,343	94.6	56.1	98.8	114.8	108.8
Other respiratory conditions----	14,548	4,255	3,649	5,151	*	16.4	19.2	14.1	19.3	*
Digestive system conditions-----	16,156	2,727	5,936	5,253	2,240	18.2	12.3	23.0	19.6	15.9
Injuries-----	41,080	8,121	11,617	14,407	6,935	46.2	36.7	45.0	53.9	49.2
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	22,927	3,970	7,389	7,589	3,979	25.8	17.9	28.6	28.4	28.2
Open wounds and lacerations-----	5,885	*	*	2,711	*	6.6	*	*	10.1	*
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	3,696	*	*	1,737	*	4.2	*	*	6.5	*
Other current injuries-----	8,572	2,846	2,240	2,370	*	9.6	12.8	8.7	8.9	*
All other acute conditions-----	29,439	5,662	8,315	11,803	3,659	33.1	25.6	32.2	44.1	25.9
<u>Female</u>										
All acute conditions-----	411,437	94,424	115,967	135,659	65,386	436.2	400.7	431.7	468.6	437.7
Infective and parasitic diseases---	55,007	17,486	12,780	17,841	6,899	58.3	74.2	47.6	61.6	46.2
Respiratory conditions-----	223,842	46,086	63,561	74,249	39,946	237.3	195.6	236.6	256.5	267.4
Upper respiratory conditions----	82,187	23,967	22,187	22,114	13,919	87.1	101.7	82.6	76.4	93.2
Influenza-----	114,941	16,540	35,069	41,146	22,185	121.9	70.2	130.5	142.1	148.5
Other respiratory conditions----	26,714	5,578	6,305	10,988	3,843	28.3	23.7	23.5	38.0	25.7
Digestive system conditions-----	19,929	5,334	6,173	5,725	2,698	21.1	22.6	23.0	19.8	18.1
Injuries-----	37,947	8,107	12,967	12,127	4,747	40.2	34.4	48.3	41.9	31.8
Fractures, dislocations, sprains, and strains-----	19,522	5,403	6,637	5,806	1,677	20.7	22.9	24.7	20.1	11.2
Open wounds and lacerations-----	4,251	*	2,153	1,643	*	4.5	*	8.0	5.7	*
Contusions and superficial injuries-----	7,197	2,179	2,323	1,599	*	7.6	9.2	8.6	5.5	*
Other current injuries-----	6,978	*	1,855	3,078	1,749	7.4	*	6.9	10.6	11.7
All other acute conditions-----	74,712	17,412	20,486	25,718	11,097	79.2	73.9	76.3	88.8	74.3

Table 26. Incidence of acute conditions per quarter and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands				Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	65,031	108,020	144,106	83,594	35.7	59.1	78.5	45.4
Under 5 years-----	13,024	20,341	26,304	16,763	62.9	98.0	126.9	80.9
5-14 years-----	15,161	26,203	36,950	22,139	40.7	70.0	98.3	58.7
15-24 years-----	8,285	15,736	19,053	11,126	32.9	61.6	73.6	42.5
25-44 years-----	14,951	24,514	30,122	18,340	33.0	54.1	66.4	40.4
45-64 years-----	9,721	15,177	22,655	11,238	26.4	41.1	61.1	30.2
65+ years-----	3,890	6,049	9,022	3,989	23.2	35.9	53.4	23.5
<u>Male</u>								
All ages----	30,814	47,130	64,170	38,802	34.9	53.1	72.1	43.5
Under 5 years-----	6,749	10,661	12,966	8,829	64.1	100.9	122.8	83.6
5-14 years-----	8,560	12,603	18,810	11,236	45.2	66.3	98.5	58.7
15-24 years-----	3,387	6,206	7,851	4,856	28.4	51.2	63.9	39.0
25-44 years-----	6,520	9,384	11,893	7,553	30.2	43.4	54.9	34.9
45-64 years-----	4,080	6,022	9,206	4,740	22.9	33.7	51.4	26.4
65+ years-----	*	*	3,444	*	*	*	45.8	*
<u>Female</u>								
All ages----	34,217	60,890	79,936	44,792	36.5	64.7	84.6	47.2
Under 5 years-----	6,275	9,680	13,337	7,935	61.8	95.0	131.1	78.0
5-14 years-----	6,602	13,601	18,140	10,903	36.0	73.8	98.0	58.8
15-24 years-----	4,898	9,530	11,202	6,270	36.9	71.0	82.5	45.6
25-44 years-----	8,431	15,130	18,229	10,786	35.5	63.8	76.9	45.5
45-64 years-----	5,641	9,154	13,449	6,497	29.7	48.0	70.3	33.8
65+ years-----	*	3,796	5,578	*	*	40.6	59.4	*

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 27. Incidence of acute conditions per quarter and number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Incidence of acute conditions in thousands				Number of acute conditions per 100 persons per quarter			
All acute conditions-----	65,031	108,020	144,106	83,594	35.7	59.1	78.5	45.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	5,921	9,910	16,233	12,616	3.3	5.4	8.8	6.9
Respiratory conditions-----	26,335	68,373	98,355	39,826	14.5	37.4	53.6	21.6
Upper respiratory conditions-----	18,068	45,343	52,260	25,600	9.9	24.8	28.5	13.9
Influenza-----	6,964	20,540	43,326	12,621	3.8	11.2	23.6	6.9
Other respiratory conditions-----	*	*	2,768	*	*	*	1.5	*
Digestive system conditions----	5,429	5,426	4,720	4,903	3.0	3.0	2.6	2.7
Injuries-----	14,776	11,375	11,809	12,782	8.1	6.2	6.4	6.9
All other acute conditions-----	12,570	12,935	12,989	13,467	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.3
<u>Male</u>								
All acute conditions-----	30,814	47,130	64,170	38,802	34.9	53.1	72.1	43.5
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	2,757	4,549	7,353	5,795	3.1	5.1	8.3	6.5
Respiratory conditions-----	12,326	29,409	43,690	17,446	14.0	33.2	49.1	19.5
Upper respiratory conditions-----	8,474	19,338	23,380	11,278	9.6	21.8	26.3	12.6
Influenza-----	3,111	8,829	19,261	5,431	3.5	10.0	21.6	6.1
Other respiratory conditions-----	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Digestive system conditions----	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Injuries-----	8,635	6,747	6,166	7,507	9.8	7.6	6.9	8.4
All other acute conditions-----	4,742	3,982	5,115	5,662	5.4	4.5	5.7	6.3
<u>Female</u>								
All acute conditions-----	34,217	60,890	79,936	44,792	36.5	64.7	84.6	47.2
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	3,164	5,361	8,879	6,820	3.4	5.7	9.4	7.2
Respiratory conditions-----	14,010	38,964	54,665	22,380	14.9	41.3	57.8	23.6
Upper respiratory conditions-----	9,594	26,006	28,881	14,321	10.2	27.6	30.6	15.1
Influenza-----	3,853	11,711	24,065	7,189	4.1	12.4	25.5	7.6
Other respiratory conditions-----	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Digestive system conditions----	3,075	2,984	2,874	2,512	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.6
Injuries-----	6,140	4,628	5,643	5,275	6.5	4.9	6.0	5.6
All other acute conditions-----	7,828	8,953	7,875	7,805	8.3	9.5	8.3	8.2

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 28. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of restricted activity in thousands				Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	268,118	388,749	585,780	364,656	147.3	212.6	319.2	198.1
Under 5 years-----	24,601	49,864	77,864	39,923	118.9	240.2	375.6	192.6
5-14 years-----	47,159	82,569	138,111	84,513	126.5	220.5	367.4	224.1
15-24 years-----	37,938	48,644	59,515	45,904	150.7	190.5	230.0	175.2
25-44 years-----	64,476	84,322	122,704	83,634	142.3	185.9	270.4	184.4
45-64 years-----	57,530	71,736	119,278	64,443	156.5	194.3	321.9	173.3
65+ years-----	36,414	51,614	68,308	46,240	217.2	306.3	404.1	273.0
<u>Male</u>								
All ages----	120,787	155,557	252,724	154,330	136.9	175.4	283.8	172.8
Under 5 years-----	15,906	26,883	40,626	20,891	151.0	254.3	384.8	197.9
5-14 years-----	26,873	41,738	69,941	41,968	141.9	219.5	366.3	219.1
15-24 years-----	13,930	16,525	27,783	18,197	117.0	136.4	226.0	146.2
25-44 years-----	24,827	28,792	43,930	26,384	115.0	133.1	202.8	121.9
45-64 years-----	24,714	25,565	47,911	28,110	138.9	143.1	267.5	156.4
65+ years-----	14,537	16,054	22,533	18,780	194.2	213.7	299.6	249.7
<u>Female</u>								
All ages----	147,331	233,191	333,056	210,326	157.1	247.7	352.5	221.9
Under 5 years-----	8,695	22,981	37,238	19,032	85.6	225.5	366.0	187.1
5-14 years-----	20,286	40,831	68,170	42,545	110.6	221.6	368.5	229.3
15-24 years-----	24,008	32,119	31,732	27,708	181.0	239.3	233.6	201.5
25-44 years-----	39,649	55,530	78,774	57,249	167.1	234.1	332.1	241.6
45-64 years-----	32,817	46,170	71,367	36,333	172.9	242.2	372.9	189.1
65+ years-----	21,877	35,560	45,775	27,459	235.8	380.8	487.8	291.6

Table 29. Days of restricted activity associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of restricted activity in thousands				Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter			
All acute conditions-----	268,118	388,749	585,780	364,656	147.3	212.6	319.2	198.1
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	28,469	34,300	72,789	65,705	15.6	18.8	39.7	35.7
Respiratory conditions-----	69,402	197,011	362,476	135,239	38.1	107.7	197.5	73.5
Upper respiratory conditions-----	40,930	103,076	139,171	59,777	22.5	56.4	75.8	32.5
Influenza-----	18,599	72,509	199,184	58,364	10.2	39.6	108.5	31.7
Other respiratory conditions-----	9,873	21,427	24,121	17,099	5.4	11.7	13.1	9.3
Digestive system conditions----	16,417	18,650	16,743	22,030	9.0	10.2	9.1	12.0
Injuries-----	81,918	71,524	71,504	75,874	45.0	39.1	39.0	41.2
All other acute conditions-----	71,913	67,263	62,269	65,808	39.5	36.8	33.9	35.7
<u>Male</u>								
All acute conditions-----	120,787	155,557	252,724	154,330	136.9	175.4	283.8	172.8
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	11,566	15,093	32,460	29,810	13.1	17.0	36.5	33.4
Respiratory conditions-----	33,521	83,340	153,632	52,693	38.0	94.0	172.5	59.0
Upper respiratory conditions-----	20,656	43,111	60,309	23,135	23.4	48.6	67.7	25.9
Influenza-----	7,956	32,482	85,352	24,679	9.0	36.6	95.9	27.6
Other respiratory conditions-----	*	7,747	7,971	*	*	8.7	9.0	*
Digestive system conditions----	6,434	7,460	6,435	11,151	7.3	8.4	7.2	12.5
Injuries-----	47,645	33,347	38,633	42,324	54.0	37.6	43.4	47.4
All other acute conditions-----	21,620	16,317	21,564	18,353	24.5	18.4	24.2	20.6
<u>Female</u>								
All acute conditions-----	147,331	233,191	333,056	210,326	157.1	247.7	352.5	221.9
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	16,902	19,207	40,329	35,895	18.0	20.4	42.7	37.9
Respiratory conditions-----	35,880	113,671	208,844	82,547	38.3	120.7	221.0	87.1
Upper respiratory conditions-----	20,274	59,964	78,862	36,642	21.6	63.7	83.5	38.7
Influenza-----	10,643	40,027	113,831	33,684	11.4	42.5	120.5	35.5
Other respiratory conditions-----	*	13,680	16,150	12,221	5.3	14.5	17.1	12.9
Digestive system conditions----	9,983	11,190	10,308	10,879	10.6	11.9	10.9	11.5
Injuries-----	34,273	38,178	32,871	33,551	36.6	40.5	34.8	35.4
All other acute conditions-----	50,293	50,946	40,705	47,454	53.6	54.1	43.1	50.1

Table 30. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of bed disability in thousands				Days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	97,116	160,214	278,231	159,673	53.4	87.6	151.6	86.7
Under 5 years-----	9,070	21,258	34,655	17,460	43.8	102.4	167.2	84.2
5-14 years-----	19,102	35,970	66,988	38,832	51.2	96.1	178.2	103.0
15-24 years-----	14,072	23,371	32,221	20,632	55.9	91.5	124.5	78.8
25-44 years-----	24,050	34,861	59,284	39,609	53.1	76.9	130.6	87.4
45-64 years-----	16,826	27,667	52,703	24,859	45.8	74.9	142.2	66.9
65+ years-----	13,998	17,087	32,379	18,282	83.5	101.4	191.5	107.9
<u>Male</u>								
All ages----	40,507	64,569	112,312	66,409	45.9	72.8	126.1	74.4
Under 5 years-----	*	11,780	18,757	9,280	*	111.4	177.7	87.9
5-14 years-----	9,575	18,227	30,992	19,164	50.6	95.9	162.3	100.0
15-24 years-----	*	8,429	13,634	6,712	*	69.6	110.9	53.9
25-44 years-----	7,196	13,257	21,705	12,368	33.3	61.3	100.2	57.1
45-64 years-----	8,313	10,660	16,880	12,043	46.7	59.7	94.2	67.0
65+ years-----	*	*	10,345	6,841	*	*	137.6	91.0
<u>Female</u>								
All ages----	56,609	95,645	165,919	93,265	60.4	101.6	175.6	98.4
Under 5 years-----	*	9,478	15,898	8,180	*	93.0	156.2	80.4
5-14 years-----	9,527	17,743	35,997	19,668	51.9	96.3	194.6	106.0
15-24 years-----	10,564	14,942	18,588	13,920	79.6	111.3	136.9	101.3
25-44 years-----	16,854	21,604	37,579	27,241	71.0	91.1	158.4	115.0
45-64 years-----	8,513	17,007	35,823	12,816	44.9	89.2	187.2	66.7
65+ years-----	8,053	14,871	22,034	11,441	86.8	159.2	234.8	121.5

Table 31. Days of bed disability associated with acute conditions per quarter and days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter, by sex and condition group: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and condition group	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Days of bed disability in thousands				Days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter			
All acute conditions-----	97,116	160,214	278,231	159,673	53.4	87.6	151.6	86.7
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	14,974	18,207	34,889	30,330	8.2	10.0	19.0	16.5
Respiratory conditions-----	29,599	89,666	187,695	70,611	16.3	49.0	102.3	38.4
Upper respiratory conditions-	15,835	39,303	57,914	24,317	8.7	21.5	31.6	13.2
Influenza-----	9,474	38,216	116,087	35,163	5.2	20.9	63.2	19.1
Other respiratory conditions-	*	12,148	13,693	11,132	*	6.6	7.5	6.0
Digestive system conditions----	7,280	7,920	9,014	11,871	4.0	4.3	4.9	6.4
Injuries-----	21,445	19,705	20,461	17,417	11.8	10.8	11.1	9.5
All other acute conditions-----	23,819	24,716	26,173	29,444	13.1	13.5	14.3	16.0
<u>Male</u>								
All acute conditions-----	40,507	64,569	112,312	66,409	45.9	72.8	126.1	74.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	*	8,113	14,919	14,383	*	9.1	16.8	16.1
Respiratory conditions-----	14,459	36,631	76,625	26,016	16.4	41.3	86.1	29.1
Upper respiratory conditions-	7,689	15,405	22,777	9,311	8.7	17.4	25.6	10.4
Influenza-----	*	16,879	49,257	13,499	*	19.0	55.3	15.1
Other respiratory conditions-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Digestive system conditions----	*	*	*	6,025	*	*	*	6.7
Injuries-----	11,190	9,303	9,876	10,711	12.7	10.5	11.1	12.0
All other acute conditions-----	*	6,792	7,525	9,274	*	7.7	8.5	10.4
<u>Female</u>								
All acute conditions-----	56,609	95,645	165,919	93,265	60.4	101.6	175.6	98.4
Infective and parasitic diseases-----	8,996	10,093	19,970	15,947	9.6	10.7	21.1	16.8
Respiratory conditions-----	15,140	53,036	111,070	44,595	16.1	56.3	117.5	47.0
Upper respiratory conditions-	8,146	23,898	35,137	15,005	8.7	25.4	37.2	15.8
Influenza-----	*	21,337	66,831	21,664	*	22.7	70.7	22.9
Other respiratory conditions-	*	7,801	9,102	7,926	*	8.3	9.6	8.4
Digestive system conditions----	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Injuries-----	10,254	10,402	10,585	6,706	10.9	11.0	11.2	7.1
All other acute conditions-----	17,970	17,924	18,648	20,170	19.2	19.0	19.7	21.3

Table 32. Incidence of acute respiratory conditions and associated disability days per quarter and number of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per quarter, by age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Age	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
	Incidence of acute respiratory conditions in thousands				Number of acute respiratory conditions per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	26,335	68,373	98,355	39,826	14.5	37.4	53.6	21.6
Under 5 years-----	6,903	14,169	18,166	8,141	33.4	68.3	87.6	39.3
5-14 years-----	6,474	16,337	25,039	9,559	17.4	43.6	66.6	25.3
15-24 years-----	2,994	9,791	12,610	4,935	11.9	38.3	48.7	18.8
25-44 years-----	5,703	14,783	20,144	8,973	12.6	32.6	44.4	19.8
45-64 years-----	3,197	9,652	16,434	6,090	8.7	26.1	44.4	16.4
65+ years-----	*	3,641	5,962	*	*	21.6	35.3	*
	Days of restricted activity in thousands				Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	69,402	197,011	362,476	135,239	38.1	107.7	197.5	73.5
Under 5 years-----	12,476	35,160	50,911	17,421	60.3	169.4	245.6	84.0
5-14 years-----	16,588	45,049	84,172	27,982	44.5	120.3	223.9	74.2
15-24 years-----	6,167	24,796	35,484	12,533	24.5	97.1	137.1	47.8
25-44 years-----	16,138	39,119	73,889	32,831	35.6	86.3	162.8	72.4
45-64 years-----	11,364	34,040	76,709	26,048	30.9	92.2	207.0	70.0
65+ years-----	6,669	18,848	41,311	18,425	39.8	111.9	244.4	108.8
	Days of bed disability in thousands				Days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	29,599	89,666	187,695	70,611	16.3	49.0	102.3	38.4
Under 5 years-----	*	14,930	22,786	7,410	*	71.9	109.9	35.7
5-14 years-----	8,916	21,366	44,298	15,111	23.9	57.1	117.8	40.1
15-24 years-----	*	13,656	22,121	6,973	*	53.5	85.5	26.6
25-44 years-----	6,562	17,350	38,882	19,246	14.5	38.3	85.7	42.4
45-64 years-----	*	16,142	39,447	13,125	*	43.7	106.5	35.3
65+ years-----	*	6,221	20,160	8,746	*	36.9	119.3	51.6

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 33. Incidence of injuries and associated disability days per quarter and number of injuries per 100 persons per quarter, by age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Age	1962		1963		1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
	Incidence of injuries in thousands				Number of injuries per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	14,776	11,375	11,809	12,782	8.1	6.2	6.4	6.9
Under 15 years----	5,611	3,971	3,320	5,371	9.7	6.8	5.7	9.2
15-44 years-----	5,065	4,798	5,119	5,185	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.2
45+ years-----	4,099	2,606	3,370	*	7.7	4.8	6.2	*
	Days of restricted activity in thousands				Days of restricted activity per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	81,918	71,524	71,504	75,874	45.0	39.1	39.0	41.2
Under 15 years----	14,354	12,555	8,316	14,725	24.8	21.6	14.3	25.2
15-44 years-----	30,927	22,788	26,100	29,139	43.9	32.1	36.6	40.7
45+ years-----	36,636	36,181	37,088	32,011	68.4	67.3	68.7	59.1
	Days of bed disability in thousands				Days of bed disability per 100 persons per quarter			
All ages----	21,445	19,705	20,461	17,417	11.8	10.8	11.1	9.5
Under 15 years----	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
15-44 years-----	6,191	6,251	6,421	7,672	8.8	8.8	9.0	10.7
45+ years-----	11,737	10,409	11,600	7,027	21.9	19.4	21.5	13.0

NOTE: Excluded from these statistics are all conditions involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention.

Table 34. Population used in obtaining rates shown in this publication, by residence, region, sex, and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	Residence							Region			
	Total	Urban				Rural nonfarm	Rural farm	North-east	North Central	South	West
		Total	Urbanized area		Other urban places						
			1 million+	Less than 1 million							
Population in thousands											
Both sexes											
All ages-----	183,146	127,077	53,248	45,085	28,744	42,511	13,558	45,716	52,703	55,685	29,043
Under 5 years-----	20,731	14,353	5,793	5,285	3,275	5,030	1,348	4,739	6,108	6,411	3,473
5-14 years-----	37,510	24,830	10,243	9,000	5,587	9,590	3,090	8,730	10,787	11,712	6,282
15-24 years-----	25,700	17,868	7,149	6,331	4,388	5,923	1,909	6,063	7,327	8,336	3,974
25-44 years-----	45,353	32,247	14,034	11,489	6,723	10,360	2,746	11,940	12,577	13,466	7,370
45+ years-----	53,852	37,780	16,029	12,980	8,770	11,607	4,464	14,244	15,904	15,759	7,945
45-64 years-----	36,986	26,114	11,343	9,035	5,736	7,682	3,190	9,871	10,674	10,950	5,491
65+ years-----	16,866	11,666	4,687	3,945	3,034	3,925	1,275	4,373	5,230	4,810	2,454
Under 6 years-----	24,776	17,061	6,901	6,305	3,855	6,073	1,643	5,682	7,262	7,678	4,155
6-16 years-----	40,235	26,607	10,923	9,578	6,106	10,203	3,426	9,444	11,532	12,571	6,688
17-44 years-----	64,283	45,630	19,395	16,222	10,013	14,628	4,024	16,346	18,005	19,677	10,256
Male											
All ages-----	88,833	60,939	25,677	21,518	13,744	20,962	6,932	22,152	25,839	26,737	14,104
Under 5 years-----	10,556	7,378	3,031	2,677	1,670	2,515	663	2,452	3,144	3,209	1,751
5-14 years-----	19,052	12,572	5,148	4,572	2,851	4,918	1,563	4,449	5,487	5,895	3,221
15-24 years-----	12,195	8,288	3,305	2,890	2,093	2,894	1,012	2,878	3,570	3,943	1,803
25-44 years-----	21,635	15,339	6,704	5,435	3,201	4,971	1,325	5,746	6,061	6,344	3,484
45+ years-----	25,396	17,362	7,489	5,944	3,929	5,664	2,370	6,627	7,577	7,346	3,845
45-64 years-----	17,886	12,416	5,485	4,259	2,672	3,801	1,670	4,758	5,233	5,189	2,706
65+ years-----	7,510	4,946	2,004	1,685	1,257	1,864	700	1,869	2,345	2,157	1,139
Under 6 years-----	12,599	8,755	3,590	3,197	1,968	3,039	805	2,923	3,728	3,838	2,110
6-16 years-----	20,441	13,466	5,500	4,856	3,110	5,225	1,750	4,812	5,903	6,342	3,384
17-44 years-----	30,397	21,356	9,099	7,520	4,737	7,033	2,007	7,789	8,631	9,211	4,765
Female											
All ages-----	94,313	66,138	27,571	23,567	15,000	21,549	6,625	23,563	26,863	28,947	14,939
Under 5 years-----	10,176	6,975	2,761	2,608	1,605	2,516	685	2,287	2,964	3,202	1,722
5-14 years-----	18,458	12,258	5,094	4,427	2,736	4,672	1,528	4,281	5,299	5,817	3,061
15-24 years-----	13,506	9,580	3,844	3,441	2,295	3,029	897	3,185	3,757	4,393	2,171
25-44 years-----	23,718	16,908	7,331	6,054	3,523	5,389	1,421	6,194	6,516	7,122	3,886
45+ years-----	28,456	20,418	8,541	7,036	4,841	5,943	2,094	7,617	8,326	8,413	4,100
45-64 years-----	19,100	13,698	5,858	4,776	3,064	3,881	1,520	5,114	5,441	5,760	2,785
65+ years-----	9,356	6,720	2,683	2,260	1,777	2,062	574	2,503	2,885	2,653	1,315
Under 6 years-----	12,177	8,305	3,311	3,107	1,887	3,034	838	2,758	3,534	3,840	2,045
6-16 years-----	19,794	13,141	5,423	4,722	2,996	4,977	1,676	4,632	5,629	6,229	3,304
17-44 years-----	33,886	24,274	10,296	8,702	5,276	7,595	2,017	8,556	9,374	10,466	5,491

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States in Current Population Reports Series F-20, F-25 and F-60

Table 35. Population of currently employed persons, by sex and age: United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Age	Both sexes	Male	Female
	Population in thousands		
All ages-17+ years-----	67,954	44,614	23,339
17-44 years-----	40,358	26,555	13,802
45+ years-----	27,596	18,059	9,537

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports, Series P-20, P-25, and P-60; and Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly report, Employment and Earnings.

Table 36. Population used in obtaining rates shown in this publication, by quarter, sex, and age:
United States, July 1962-June 1963

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

Sex and age	1962		1963	
	July-September	October-December	January-March	April-June
<u>Both sexes</u>	Population in thousands			
All ages-----	182,005	182,859	183,540	184,104
Under 5 years-----	20,693	20,760	20,732	20,729
5-14 years-----	37,281	37,439	37,596	37,710
15-24 years-----	25,175	25,541	25,877	26,197
25-44 years-----	45,322	45,350	45,378	45,343
45-64 years-----	36,771	36,919	37,053	37,186
65+ years-----	16,763	16,850	16,904	16,939
Under 15 years-----	57,975	58,199	58,328	58,439
15-44 years-----	70,496	70,891	71,255	71,540
45+ years-----	53,534	53,769	53,957	54,125
<u>Male</u>				
All ages-----	88,253	88,700	89,042	89,302
Under 5 years-----	10,534	10,570	10,557	10,556
5-14 years-----	18,935	19,015	19,094	19,156
15-24 years-----	11,910	12,117	12,296	12,450
25-44 years-----	21,594	21,627	21,661	21,649
45-64 years-----	17,794	17,859	17,914	17,971
65+ years-----	7,486	7,512	7,520	7,521
Under 15 years-----	29,469	29,585	29,651	29,712
15-44 years-----	33,504	33,745	33,956	34,099
45+ years-----	25,280	25,370	25,434	25,492
<u>Female</u>				
All ages-----	93,752	94,159	94,497	94,802
Under 5 years-----	10,159	10,190	10,175	10,174
5-14 years-----	18,346	18,424	18,501	18,554
15-24 years-----	13,264	13,424	13,581	13,748
25-44 years-----	23,728	23,723	23,717	23,694
45-64 years-----	18,977	19,060	19,138	19,215
65+ years-----	9,278	9,339	9,384	9,418
Under 15 years-----	28,505	28,614	28,676	28,728
15-44 years-----	36,992	37,147	37,298	37,441
45+ years-----	28,255	28,398	28,523	28,633

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

APPENDIX I

TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

Background of This Report

This report is one of a series of statistical reports prepared by the National Health Survey. It is based on information collected in a continuing nationwide sample of households in the Health Interview Survey, a major part of the program.

The Health Interview Survey utilizes a questionnaire which, in addition to personal and demographic characteristics, obtains information on illnesses, injuries, chronic conditions and impairments, and other health topics. As data relating to each of these various broad topics are tabulated and analyzed, separate reports are issued which cover one or more of the specific topics. The present report is based on the consolidated sample for 52 weeks of interviewing ending June 1963.

The population covered by the sample for the Health Interview Survey is the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States living at the time of the interview. The sample does not include members of the Armed Forces, U.S. nationals living in foreign countries, or crews of vessels. It should also be noted that the estimates shown do not represent a complete inventory of injuries for the specified calendar period since no adjustment has been made for persons who incurred injuries during the 2-week-recall period but who died prior to the interview.

Statistical Design of the Health Interview Survey

General plan.—The sampling plan of the survey follows a multistage probability design which permits a continuous sampling of the civilian population of the United States. The first stage of this design consists of drawing a sample of 357 from the 1,900 geographically defined primary sampling units (PSU's) into which the United States has been divided. A PSU is a county, a group of contiguous counties, or a standard metropolitan statistical area.

With no loss in general understanding, the remaining stages can be combined and treated in this discussion as an ultimate stage. Within PSU's then, ultimate stage units called segments are defined in such a man-

ner that each segment contains an expected nine households. A segment consists of a cluster of neighboring households or addresses. Two general types of segments are used: (1) area segments which are defined geographically, and (2) B segments which are defined from a list of addresses from the Decennial Census and Survey of Construction. Each week a random sample of about 90 segments is drawn. In the approximate 800 households in those segments, household members are interviewed concerning factors related to health.

Since the household members interviewed each week are a representative sample of the population, samples for successive weeks can be combined into larger samples. Thus the design permits both continuous measurement of characteristics of high incidence or prevalence in the population and, through the larger consolidated samples, more detailed analysis of less common characteristics and smaller categories. The continuous collection has administrative and operational advantages as well as technical assets, since it permits field work to be handled with an experienced, stable staff.

Sample size and geographic detail.—The national sample plan for the 12-month period ending June 1963 included about 134,000 persons from 42,000 households in about 4,700 segments.

The overall sample was designed in such a fashion that tabulations can be provided for each of the major geographic regions and for urban and rural sectors of the United States.

Estimating methods.—Each statistic produced by the survey—for example, the number of work-loss days occurring in a specified period—is the result of two stages of ratio estimation. In the first of these, the control factor is the ratio of the 1960 decennial population count to the 1960 estimated population in the Na-

tional Health Survey's first-stage sample of PSU's. These factors are applied for some 25 color-residence classes.

Later, ratios of sample-produced estimates of the population to official Bureau of the Census figures for current population in about 60 age-sex-color classes are computed, and serve as second-stage factors for ratio estimating.

The effect of the ratio-estimating process is to make the sample more closely representative of the population by age, sex, color, and residence, thus reducing sampling variance.

As noted, each week's sample represents the population living during that week and characteristics of that population. Consolidation of samples over a time period, say a calendar quarter, produces estimates of average characteristics of the U.S. population for that calendar quarter. Similarly, population data for a year are averages of the four quarterly figures.

For statistics measuring the number of occurrences during a specified time period, such as the number of cases of influenza, or number of bed-disability days, a similar computational procedure is used, but the statistics are interpreted differently. For these items, the questionnaire asks for the respondent's experience during the 2 calendar weeks prior to the week of interview. In such instances the estimated quarterly total for the statistic is simply 6.5 times the average 2-week estimate produced by the 13 successive samples taken during the period. The annual total is the sum of the four quarters. Thus, the experience of persons interviewed during a year—experience which actually occurred for each person in a 2-calendar-week interval prior to week of interview—is treated as though it measured the total of such experience during the year. Such interpretation leads to no significant bias.

General Qualifications

Nonresponse.—Data were adjusted for nonresponse by a procedure which imputes to persons in a household which was not interviewed the characteristics of

interview, was interviewed individually. Proxy respondents within the household were employed for children and for adults not available at the time of the interview, provided the respondent was closely related to the person about whom information was being obtained.

There are limitations to the accuracy of diagnostic and other information collected in household interviews. For diagnostic information, the household respondent can, at best, pass on to the interviewer only the information the physician has given the family. For conditions not medically attended, diagnostic information is often no more than a description of symptoms. However, other facts, such as the number of disability days caused by the condition, can be obtained more accurately from household members than from any other source since only the persons concerned are in a position to report this information.

Rounding of numbers.—The original tabulations on which the data in this report are based show all estimates to the nearest whole unit. All consolidations were made from the original tabulations using the estimates to the nearest unit. In the final published tables the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand, although these are not necessarily accurate to that detail. Devised statistics, such as rates and percent distributions, are computed after the estimates on which these are based have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Population figures.—Some of the published tables include population figures for specified categories. Except for certain overall totals by age and sex, which are adjusted to independent estimates, these figures are based on the sample of households in the National Health Survey. These are given primarily to provide denominators for rate computation, and for this purpose are more appropriate for use with the accompanying measures of health characteristics than other population data that may be available. In some instances these will permit users to recombine published data into classes more suitable to their specific needs. With the exception of the overall totals by age and sex, mentioned above, the population figures differ from corresponding figures (which are derived from different sources) published in reports of the Bureau of the Census. For population data for general use, see the official estimates presented in Bureau of the Census reports in the P-20, P-25, and P-60 series.

Reliability of Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewing personnel and procedures. As in any survey, the results are also subject to measurement error.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also reflects part of the variation which arises in the measurement process. It does not include estimates of any biases which might lie in the data.

The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2½ times as large.

The relative standard error of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself, and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Included in this Appendix are charts from which the relative standard errors can be determined for estimates shown in the report. In order to derive relative errors which would be applicable to a wide variety of health statistics and which could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the charts provide an estimate of the approximate relative standard error rather than the precise error for any specific aggregate or percentage.

Three classes of statistics for the health survey are identified for purposes of estimating variances.

Narrow range.—This class consists of (1) statistics which estimate a population attribute, e.g., the number of persons in a particular income group, and (2) statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference is usually either 0 or 1, on occasion may take on the value 2, and very rarely, 3.

Medium range.—This class consists of other statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference will rarely lie outside the range 0 to 5.

Wide range.—This class consists of statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference frequently will range from 0 to a number in excess of 5, e.g., the number of days of bed disability experienced during the year.

In addition to classifying variables according to whether they are narrow-, medium-, or wide-range, statistics in the survey are further defined as:

Type A. - Statistics on prevalence, and incidence data for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 12 months.

Type B. - Incidence-type statistics for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 2 weeks.

Only the charts on sampling error applicable to data contained in this report are presented.

General rules for determining relative sampling errors.—The "guide" on page 50, together with the following rules, will enable the reader to determine approximate relative standard errors from the charts for estimates presented in this report.

Rule 1. Estimates of aggregates: Approximate relative standard errors for estimates of aggregates, such as incidence of acute conditions, are obtained from appropriate curves on pages 51-53. The number of persons in the total U.S. population or in an age-sex class of the total population is adjusted to official Bureau of the Census figures and is not subject to sampling error.

Rule 2. Estimates of percentages in a percent distribution: Relative standard errors for percentages in a percent distribution of a total are obtained from appropriate curves on pages 54-56. For values which do not fall on one of the curves presented in the chart, visual interpolation will provide a satisfactory approximation.

Rule 3. Estimates of rates where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator: Not required for statistics presented in this report.

Rule 4. Estimates of rates where the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator: This rule applies where a unit of the numerator often occurs more than once for any one unit in the denominator. For example, in the computation of the number of persons injured per 100 currently employed persons per year, it is possible that a person in the denominator could have sustained more than one of the injuries included in the numerator. Approximate relative standard errors for rates of this kind may be computed as follows:

(a) Where the denominator is the total U.S. population, or includes all persons in one or more of the age-sex groups of the total population, the relative error of the rate is equivalent to the relative error of the numerator which can be obtained directly from the appropriate chart.

(b) In other cases, obtain the relative standard error of the numerator and of the denominator from the appropriate curve. Square each of these relative errors, add the resulting values, and extract the square root of the sum. This procedure will result in an upper bound, and often will overstate the error.

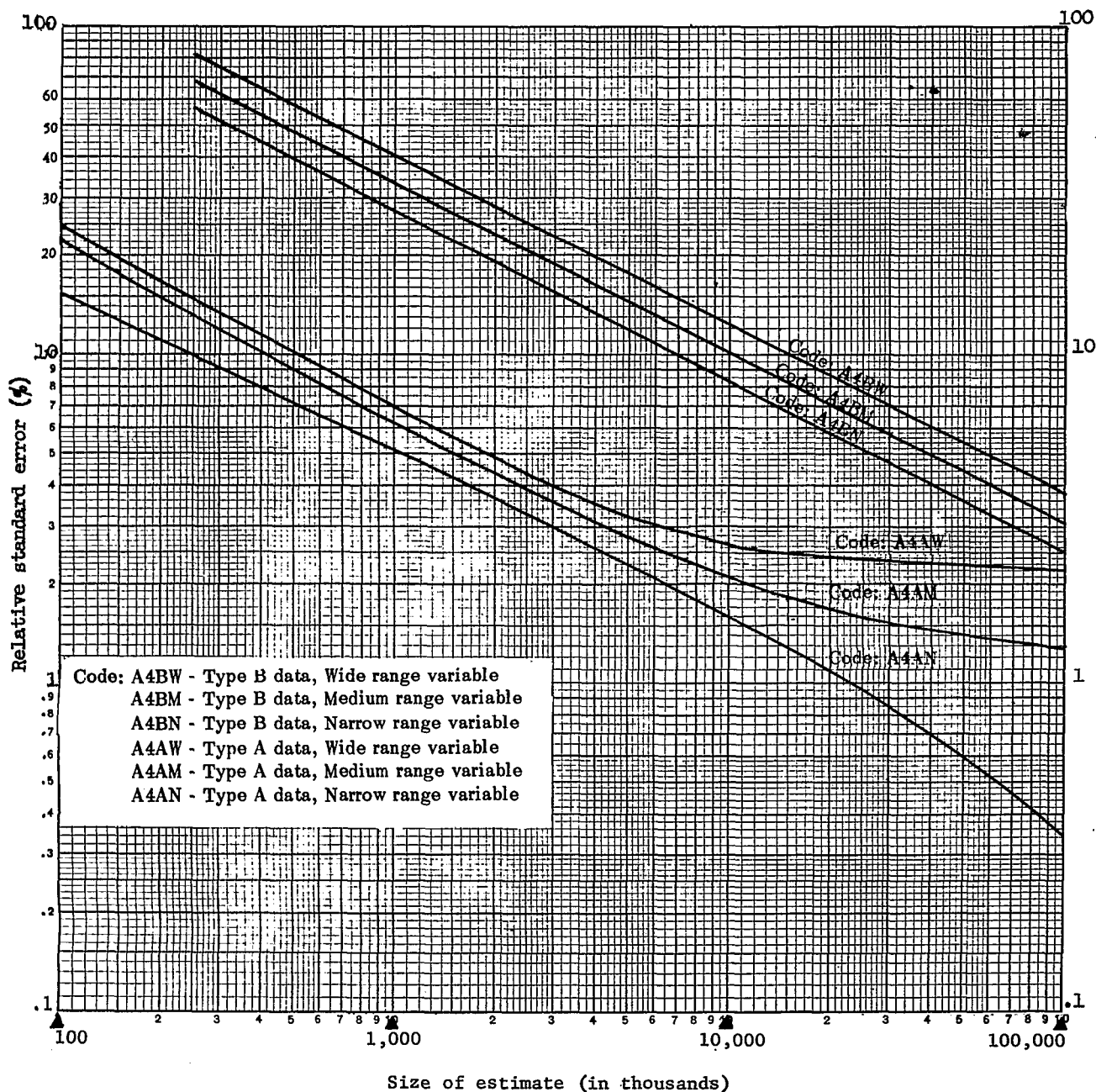
Guide to Use of Relative Standard Error Charts

The code shown below identifies the appropriate curve to be used in estimating the relative standard error of the statistic described. The four components of each code describe the statistic as follows: (1)

A = aggregate, P = percentage; (2) the number of calendar quarters of data collection; (3) the type of the statistic as described on page 49, and (4) the range of the statistic as described on page 49.

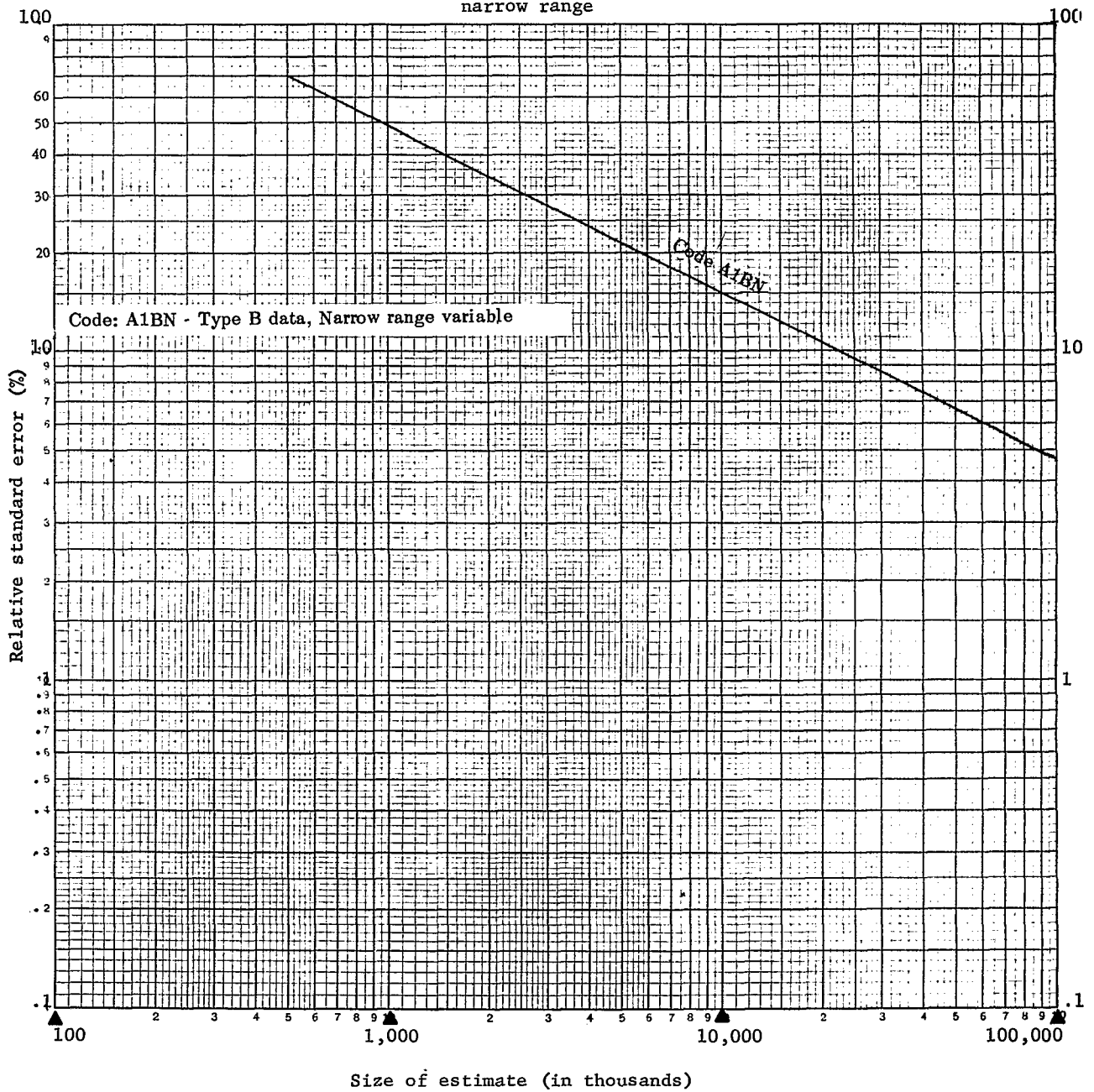
Statistic	Use:		
	Rule	Code	on page
Number of:			
Persons by residence or region-----	1	A4AN	51
Acute conditions:			
Per quarter-----	1	A1BN	52
Per year-----	1	A4BN	51
Disability days:			
Per quarter-----	1	A1BW	53
Per year-----	1	A4BW	51
Persons in the U.S. population, or in any age-sex category thereof-----	Not subject to sampling error		
Percentage distribution of:			
Persons by residence or region-----	2	P4AN-M	54
Disability days in a year-----	2	P4BW	55
Acute conditions in a year-----	2	P4BN-M	56
Incidence rates for acute conditions:			
Per 100 total U.S. population or per 100 persons in any age-sex group of the total U.S. population:			
Per quarter-----	4(a)	A1BN	52
Per year-----	4(a)	A4BN	51
Per 100 persons in any other population group per year-----	4(b)	{ Numer.: A4BN Denom.: A4AN	51 51
Number of disability days:			
Per 100 total U.S. population or per 100 persons in any age-sex group of the total U.S. population:			
Per quarter-----	4(a)	A1BW	53
Per year-----	4(a)	A4BW	51
Per 100 persons in any other population group per year-----	4(b)	{ Numer.: A4BW Denom.: A4AN	51 51
Per case for acute conditions:			
Per quarter-----	4(b)	{ Numer.: A1BW Denom.: A1BN	53 52
Per year-----	4(b)	{ Numer.: A4BW Denom.: A4AN	51 51

Relative standard errors for aggregates based on four quarters of data collection
for data of all types and ranges



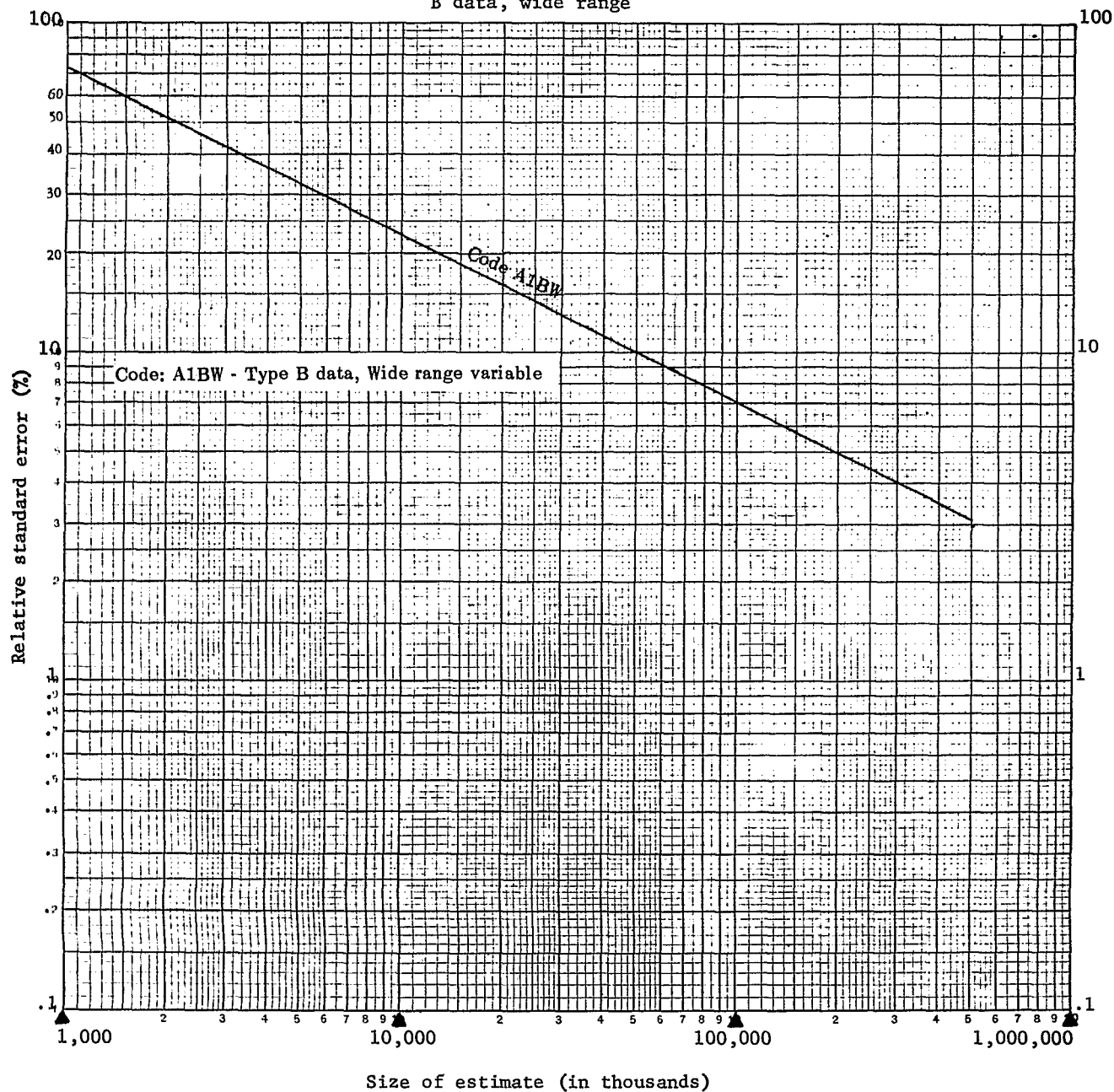
Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 2,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range Type A statistic (code: A4AN) has a relative standard error of 3.6 percent, (read from scale at left side of chart), or a standard error of 72,000 (3.6 percent of 2,000,000). For a Wide range Type B statistic (code: A4BW), an aggregate of 6,000,000 has a relative error of 16.0 percent or a standard error of 960,000 (16 percent of 6,000,000).

Relative standard errors for aggregates based on one quarter of data for type B data,
narrow range



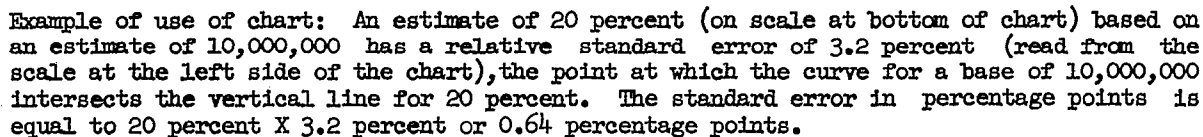
Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 6,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range Type B statistic has a relative standard error of 19.3 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 1,158,000 (19.3 percent of 6,000,000).

Relative standard errors for aggregates based on one quarter of data collection for type
B data, wide range

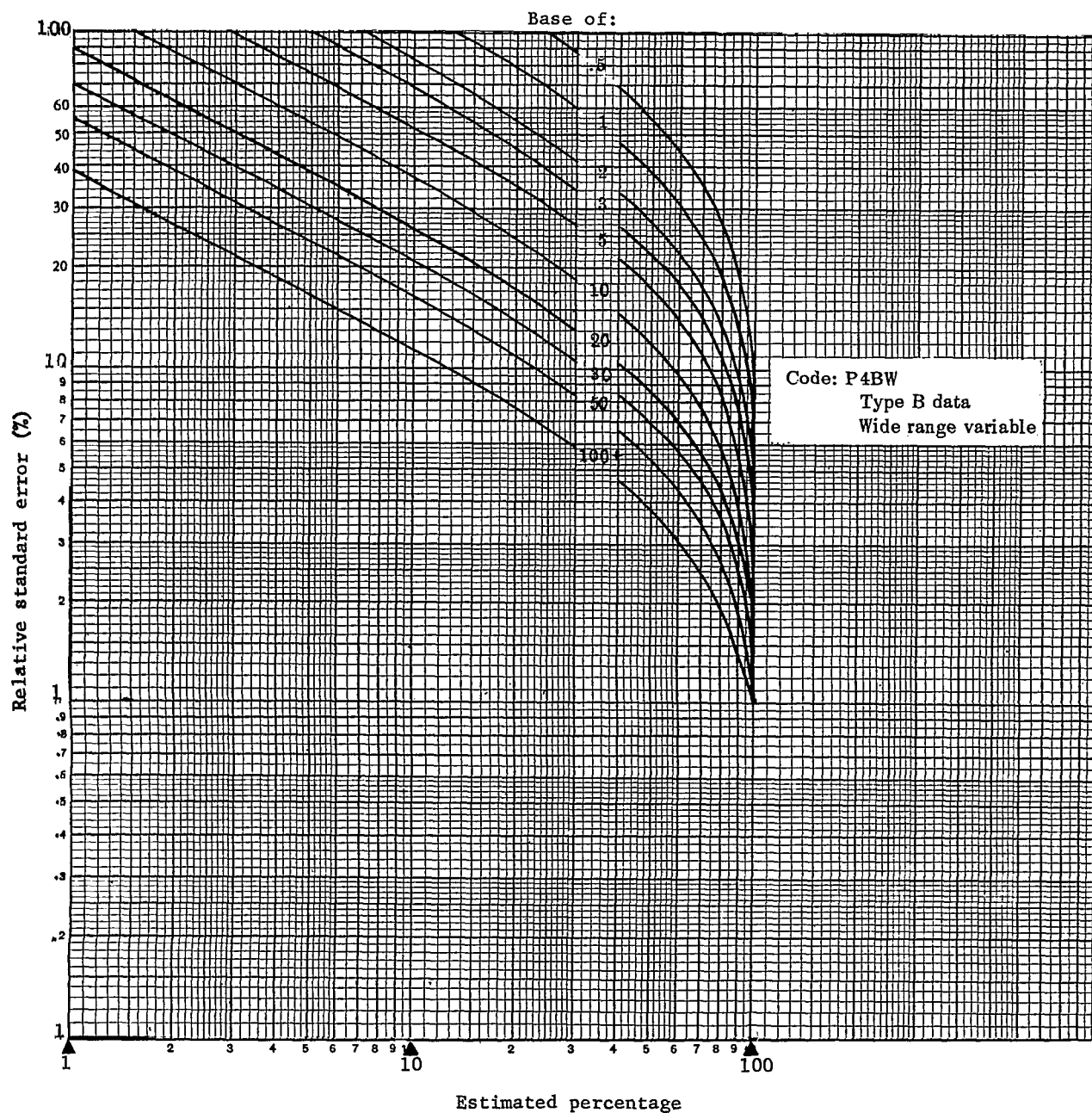


Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 20,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a wide range type B statistic has a relative standard error of 16.0 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 3,200,000 (16.0 percent of 20,000,000).

(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



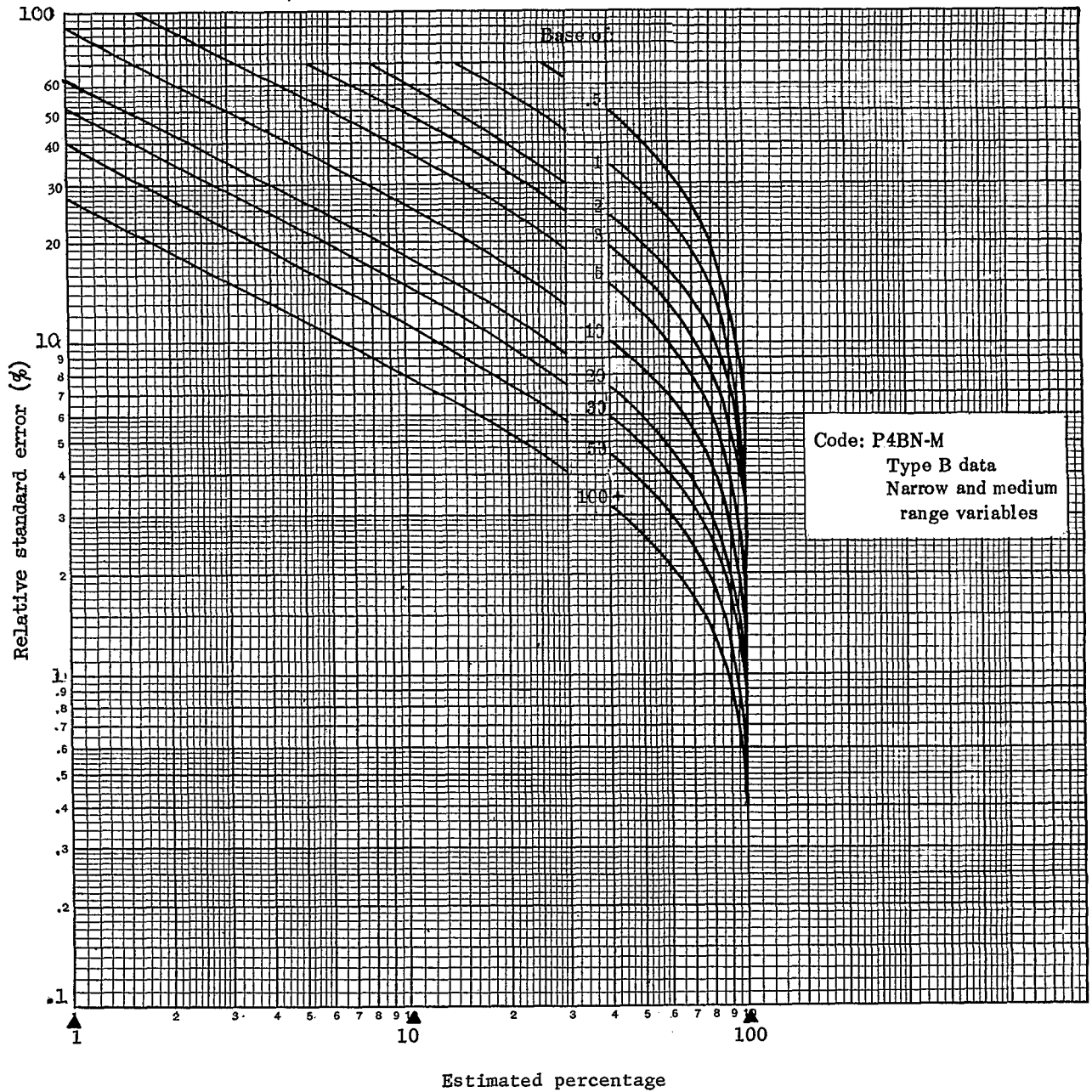
Relative standard errors for percentages based on four quarters of data collection
for type B data, Wide range
(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 24.5 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 24.5 percent or 4.9 percentage points.

Relative standard errors for percentages based on four quarters of data collection
for type B data, Narrow and Medium range

(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 17.0 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 17.0 percent or 3.4 percentage points.

APPENDIX II

DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Terms Relating to Conditions

Condition.—A morbidity condition, or simply a condition, is any entry on the questionnaire which describes a departure from a state of physical or mental well-being. It results from a positive response to one of a series of "illness-recall" questions. In the coding and tabulating process, conditions are selected or classified according to a number of different criteria, such as, whether they were medically attended; whether they resulted in disability; whether they were acute or chronic; or according to the type of disease, injury, impairment, or symptoms reported. For the purposes of each published report or set of tables, only those conditions recorded on the questionnaire which satisfy certain stated criteria are included.

Acute conditions are classified by type according to the International Classification of Diseases, 1955 Revision, with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household-interview-type survey.

Acute condition.—An acute condition is defined as a condition which has lasted less than 3 months and which has involved either medical attention or restricted activity. Because of the procedures used to estimate incidence, the acute conditions included in this report are the conditions which had their onset during the 2 weeks prior to the interview week and which involved either medical attention or restricted activity during that 2-week period. However, it excludes certain conditions which are always classified as chronic (listed below) even though the onset occurred within 3 months.

Conditions always classified as chronic:

Asthma	Stomach ulcer
Hay fever	Any other chronic stomach trouble
Tuberculosis	Kidney stones or chronic kidney trouble
Chronic bronchitis	Arthritis or rheumatism
Repeated attacks of sinus trouble	Mental illness
Rheumatic fever	Diabetes
Hardening of the arteries	Thyroid trouble or goiter
High blood pressure	Any allergy
Heart trouble	Epilepsy
Stroke	Chronic nervous trouble
Trouble with varicose veins	Cancer

Hemorrhoids or piles	Chronic skin trouble
Tumor, cyst, or growth	Hernia or rupture
Chronic gallbladder or liver trouble	Prostate trouble
Deafness or serious trouble with hearing	Paralysis of any kind
Serious trouble with seeing, even when wearing glasses	Repeated trouble with back or spine
Cleft palate	Club foot
Any speech defect	Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm, or back
Missing fingers, hand, or arm—toes, foot, or leg	Condition present since birth
Palsy	

Condition groups.—Conditions are classified according to the International Classification of Diseases, 1955 Revision, with certain modifications adopted to make the code more suitable for a household-interview survey. In this report, all tables which have data classified by type of condition employ a five-category regrouping plus several selected subgroups. The International Classification code numbers included in each category are shown below:

<u>Condition Groups</u>	<u>International Classification Code Numbers</u>
I Infective and parasitic diseases	020-138
II Respiratory conditions	470-501, 511, 517-525, 527, 783
Upper respiratory	470-475, 511, 517
Influenza	480-483
Other respiratory	490-501, 518-525, 527, 783
III Digestive system conditions	530-539, 543-553, 570, 571, 573-587, 784, 785
IV Injuries	N800-N885, N890-N895, N900-N994, N996-N999
V Other conditions	All other acute code numbers

Onset of condition.—A condition is considered to have had its onset when it was first noticed. This could be the time the person first felt sick or became injured, or it could be the time when the person or his family was first told by a physician that he had a condition of which he was previously unaware.

Incidence of conditions.—The incidence of conditions is the estimated number of conditions having their onset in a specified time period. As previously mentioned, minor acute conditions, involving neither restricted activity nor medical attention are excluded from the statistics. The incidence data shown in some reports are further limited to various subclasses of conditions, such as "incidence of conditions involving bed disability."

Activity-restricting condition.—An activity restricting condition is a condition which has caused at least 1 day of restricted activity during the 2 calendar weeks before the interview week. (See definition of "Restricted-activity day.") The incidence of acute activity-restricting conditions is estimated from the number of such conditions reported as having started in the 2-week period, but a condition which did not result in restricted activity until after the end of the 2-week period in which it had its onset is not included.

Bed-disabling condition.—A condition involving at least 1 day of bed disability is called a bed-disabling condition. (See definition of "Bed-disability day.") The incidence of acute bed-disabling conditions is defined in a manner analogous to the incidence of acute activity-restricting conditions.

Medically attended condition.—A condition is considered to be medically attended if a physician has been consulted about it either at its onset or at any time thereafter. Medical attention includes consultation either in person or by telephone for treatment or advice. Advice from the physician transmitted to the patient through the nurse is counted as well as visits to physicians in clinics or hospitals. If during the course of a single visit the physician is consulted about more than one condition for each of several patients, each condition of each patient is counted as medically attended.

Discussions of a child's condition by the physician and a responsible member of the household are considered as medical attention even if the child was not seen at that time.

For the purpose of this definition, the term "physician" includes doctors of medicine and osteopathic physicians.

Terms Relating to Disability

Disability.—Disability is the general term used to describe any temporary or long-term reduction of a person's activity as a result of an acute or chronic condition.

Disability days are classified according to whether they are days of restricted activity, bed-days, work-loss days, or school-loss days. All days of bed disability are, by definition, days of restricted activity. The converse form of this statement is, of course, not true. Days lost from work and days lost from school are also days of restricted activity for the working and school-age populations. Hence, restricted activity is the most inclusive term used in describing disability days.

Condition-days of restricted activity, bed disability, etc.—Condition-days of restricted activity, bed disability, and so forth are days of the various forms of disability associated with any one condition. Since any particular day of disability may be associated with more than one condition, the sum of days for all conditions adds to more than the total number of person-days of disability.

Restricted-activity day.—A day of restricted activity is one on which a person substantially reduces the amount of activity normal for that day because of a specific illness or injury. The type of reduction varies with the age and occupation of the individual as well as with the day of the week or season of the year. Restricted activity covers the range from substantial reduction to complete inactivity for the entire day.

Bed-disability day.—A day of bed disability is one on which a person stays in bed for all or most of the day because of a specific illness or injury. It is considered to be a day only if the period of bed disability includes more than half of the daylight hours. All hospital days for inpatients are considered to be days of bed disability even if the patient was not actually in bed at the hospital.

Work-loss day.—A day lost from work is a normal working day on which a person did not work at his job or business because of a specific illness or injury. If the person's regular work day is less than a whole day and the entire work day was lost, it would be counted as a whole work day lost. The number of days lost from work is determined only for persons 17 years of age or over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at, or had a job or business. (See definition of "Currently employed persons.")

School-loss day.—A day lost from school is a normal school day on which a child did not attend school because of a specific illness or injury. The number of days lost from school is determined only for children 6-16 years of age.

Demographic Terms

Age.—The age recorded for each person is the age at last birthday. Age is recorded in single years and grouped in a variety of distributions depending upon the purpose of the table.

Quarter.—The quarters used by the U.S. National Health Survey are actually 13-week periods rather than 3 calendar months. Since each 13-week period begins on a Monday and ends on a Sunday, the actual dates of the beginning and end of each 13-week period may overlap into another calendar quarter. Therefore, the time periods in the table headings are the approximate rather than the precise periods during which the interviewing was conducted.

Currently employed persons.—Currently employed persons are all persons 17 years of age or over who reported that at any time during the 2-week period covered by the interview they either worked at, or had a job or business. Current employment includes paid work as an employee of someone else, self-employment in business, farming, or professional practice, and unpaid work in a family business or farm. Persons who were temporarily absent from their job or business because of a temporary illness, vacation, strike, or bad weather are considered as currently employed if they expected to work as soon as the particular event causing their absence no longer existed.

Free-lance workers are considered as having a job if they had a definite arrangement with one or more employees to work for pay according to a weekly or monthly schedule, either full-time or part-time. Excluded from the currently employed population are such persons who have no definite employment schedule but who work only when their services are needed.

Also excluded from the currently employed population are (1) persons who were not working, even though having a job or business, but were on layoff or looking for work, (2) persons receiving revenue from an enterprise in whose operation they did not participate, (3) persons doing housework or charity work for which they received no pay, and (4) seasonal workers during the unemployment season.

The number of currently employed persons estimated by the U.S. National Health Survey (NHS) will differ from the estimates prepared by the Current Population Survey (CPS), Bureau of the Census, for several reasons. In addition to sampling variability they include three primary conceptual differences, namely: (1) NHS estimates are for persons 17 years of age or over; CPS estimates are for persons 14 years of age or over. (2) NHS uses a 2-week-reference period while CPS uses a 1-week-reference period. (3) NHS is a continuing survey with separate samples taken weekly, while CPS is a monthly sample taken for the survey week which includes the 12th of the month.

Residence.—The definition of urban-rural areas used in the U.S. National Health Survey is the same as that used in the 1960 census. The urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages, and towns (except towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin); (b) the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, of urbanized areas (see below); (c) towns in New England and townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania which contain no incorporated municipalities as subdivisions and have either 25,000 inhabitants or more or a population of 2,500 to 25,000 and a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; (d) counties in States other than the New England States, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania that have no incorporated municipalities within their boundaries and have a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; and (e) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more not included in any urban fringe. The remaining population is classified as rural.

Size of place.—All persons residing in an urbanized area are included in the urban population. An urbanized area, according to the 1960 census definition, contains at least one city which had 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1960, as well as the surrounding closely settled incorporated places and unincorporated areas.

The remaining urban population is classified as living in urban places outside urbanized areas. These urban places are grouped according to size.

Farm and nonfarm residence.—The rural population is subdivided into the rural-farm population which comprises all rural residents living on farms, and the rural-nonfarm population which comprises the remaining rural population. The farm population includes persons living in rural territory on places of 10 or more acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$50 or more during the previous 12 months or on places of less than 10 acres from which sales of farm products amounted to \$250 or more during the preceding 12 months. Other persons living in rural territory were classified as nonfarm. Persons were also classified as nonfarm if their household paid rent for the house but their rent did not include any land used for farming.

Sales of farm products refer to the gross receipts from the sale of field crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products (milk, wool, etc.), poultry and poultry products, and nursery and forest products produced on the place and sold at any time during the preceding 12 months.

Region.—For the purpose of classifying the population by geographic area, the States are grouped into four regions. These regions, which correspond to those used by the Bureau of the Census, are as follows:

Region

States Included

Northeast----- Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont,
Massachusetts, Rhode Island,
Connecticut, New York,
New Jersey, Pennsylvania
North Central --- Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois,
Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa,
Missouri, North Dakota,
South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South----- Delaware, Maryland, District of
Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia,
North Carolina, South Carolina,
Georgia, Florida, Kentucky,
Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi,
Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma,
Texas
West----- Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado,
New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada,
Alaska, Washington, Oregon,
California, Hawaii

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APPENDIX III

QUESTIONNAIRE

The items below show the exact content and wording of the basic questionnaire used in the nationwide household survey of the U.S. National Health Survey. The actual questionnaire is designed for a household as a unit and includes additional spaces for reports on more than one person, condition, accident, or hospitalization. Such repetitive spaces are omitted in this illustration.

CONFIDENTIAL - The National Health Survey is authorized by Public Law 652 of the 84th Congress (70 Stat 489; 42 U.S.C. 305). All information which would permit identification of the individual will be held strictly confidential, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey, and will not be disclosed or released to others for any other purposes (22 FR 1687).																	
FORM NHS-6 (4-10-62) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE																	
NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY										1. Questionnaire of _____ Questionnaires							
2. (a) Address or description of location _____ (b) Mailing address if not shown in (a): Include city, zone and State _____ (c) Type of living quarters: ☐ Housing unit ☐ Other unit (d) Name of Special Dwelling Place _____ Code _____						3. Ident. Code 4. Reg. office Code 5. Sub-sample weight 6. PSU No. 7. Segment No. 7. (e) Segment type 8. Serial No.		If this questionnaire is for "extra" unit in NTA or B Segment enter: Original unit Segment List Sheet No. _____, Line No. _____, Serial No. _____, "Extra" unit discovered by Item No. _____.									
L Ask Items 9 and 10 ONLY, if "rural" box is checked: ☐ Rural ☐ All other 9. Do you own or rent this place? ☐ Own (Ask 10(a)) ☐ Rent (Ask 10(b)) ☐ Rent free (Ask 10(c)) 10. If "Own" or "rent free" in Item 9, ask: (a) Does this place have 10 or more acres? If "rent" in Item 9, ask: (b) Does the place you rent have 10 or more acres? ☐ Yes ☐ No (c) During the past 12 months did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from the place amount to \$50 or more? ☐ Yes ☐ No (d) During the past 12 months did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from the place amount to \$250 or more? ☐ Yes ☐ No						11. Ask in ALL segments: Besides the people mentioned, does anyone else get to his quarters by using the entrance to (Specify Item 2(a) address and point to entrance where convenient)? ☐ Yes (Fill Table X for each quarters NOT listed.) ☐ No 12. Ask in ALL segments: (Ask only if Item 2(a) address indicates a SINGLE-UNIT structure.) Are there any occupied or vacant living quarters BESIDES YOUR OWN - in the basement? on this floor? or on any other floor of this building? ☐ Yes (Fill Table X for each quarters NOT listed.) ☐ No 13. Ask in TA and NTA segments ONLY. (Ask at all units EXCEPT in apartment houses.) Is there any other building on this property for people to live in - either occupied or vacant? ☐ Yes (Fill Table X for each quarters NOT listed.) ☐ No 14. What is the telephone number here? _____ or ☐ No phone											
15. RECORD OF CALLS AT HOUSEHOLDS																	
Item		Date	1	Com.	2	Com.	3	Com.	4	Com.	5	Com.					
Entire household		Time															
Record of return calls for individual respondents	Col. No. _____	Date															
		Time															
	Col. No. _____	Date															
		Time															
Col. No. _____	Date																
	Time																
Col. No. _____	Date																
	Time																
Col. No. _____	Date																
	Time																
16. REASON FOR NONINTERVIEW																	
TYPE	A			B			C			Z							
Reason:	☐ Refusal (Describe in "Footnotes") ☐ No one at home - repeated calls ☐ Temporarily absent ☐ Other (Specify)			☐ Vacant - non-seasonal ☐ Vacant - seasonal ☐ Usual residence elsewhere ☐ Armed Forces ☐ Other (Specify)			☐ Demolished ☐ In sample by mistake ☐ Eliminated in sub-sample ☐ Other (Specify)			Interview not obtained for: Cols. _____ because:							
17. Signature of interviewer _____										18. Code _____							
TABLE X - LIVING QUARTERS DETERMINATIONS AT LISTED ADDRESS																	
Line number	Questionnaire Item No.	Are these (Specify location) quarters for more than one group of people?		LOCATION OF UNIT (Examples: Basement, 2nd floor)	USE OR CHARACTERISTICS						CLASSIFICATION		IF HU IN B SEGMENT ASK:		Remarks		
		Yes (Fill one line for each group.)	No		OCCUPIED		ALL QUARTERS				Not a separate unit (Add occupants to this questionnaire)	Fill separate questionnaire and interview	In what year were these (Specify location) quarters created? (If 1959 or 1960, also specify "Y" if first half or "L" if last half.)	What was the name of the household head of these quarters on April 1, 1960?			
					Do the occupants of these (Specify location) quarters live and eat with any other group of people?		Do these (Specify location) quarters have:		A kitchen or cooking equipment for exclusive use?								
					Yes	No	Direct access from the outside or through a common hall?	Yes	No	Yes						No	
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	Yes (5a)	No (5b)	Yes (6a)	No (6b)	Yes (7a)	No (7b)	(8)	HU (9a)	Other unit (9b)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
1																	
2																	
3																	
4																	
5																	

1. (a) What is the name of the head of this household? (Enter name in first column) (b) What are the names of all other persons who live here? (List all persons who live here) (c) I have listed (Read names). Is there anyone else staying here now such as friends, relatives, or roomers? ☐ Yes (List) ☐ No (d) Have I missed anyone who usually lives here but is now — Temporarily in a hospital? ☐ Yes (List) ☐ No Away on business? ☐ Yes (List) ☐ No On a visit or vacation? ☐ Yes (List) ☐ No (e) Do any of the people in this household have a home elsewhere? ☐ Yes (Apply household membership rules; if not a household member, delete) ☐ No (Leave on questionnaire) If any adult males listed, ask: (f) Are any of the persons in this household now on full-time active duty with the Armed Forces of the United States? ☐ Yes (Delete) ☐ No		Last name (1) First name and initial				
2. How are you related to the head of the household? (Enter relationship to head, for example: head, wife, daughter, grandson, mother-in-law, partner, roomer, roomer's wife, etc.)		Relationship ☐ Head				
3. How old were you on your last birthday?		Age ☐ Under 1 year				
4. Race (Check one box for each person)		☐ White ☐ Negro ☐ Other				
5. Sex (Check one box for each person)		☐ Male ☐ Female				
If 17 years old or over, ask:		☐ Und 17 yrs. ☐ Never married				
6. Are you now married, widowed, divorced, separated or never married? (Check one box for each person)		☐ Married ☐ Divorced ☐ Widowed ☐ Separated				
If 17 years old or over, ask:		☐ Und. 17 yrs.				
7. (a) What were you doing most of the past 12 months — (For males): working, or doing something else? (For females): keeping house, working or doing anything else? If "Something else" checked, and person is 45 years old or over, ask: (b) Are you retired?		☐ Working ☐ Keeping house ☐ Something else ☐ Yes ☐ No				
H Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with Question 8 you are to interview for himself or herself, each adult person who is at home.		☐ At home ☐ Und. 19 yrs. ☐ Not at home				
8. Were you sick at any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That is, the 2-week period which ended this past Sunday night?) (a) What was the matter? (b) Anything else?		☐ Yes ☐ No				
9. Last week or the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for any condition (besides ... which you told me about)? (a) For what conditions? (b) Anything else?		☐ Yes ☐ No				
10. Last week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries? (a) What were they? (b) Anything else?		☐ Yes ☐ No				
11. Did you ever have on (any other) accident or injury that still bothers you or affects you in any way? (a) In what way does it bother you? (Record present effects) (b) Anything else?		☐ Yes ☐ No				
12. Has anyone in the family - you, your --, etc. - had any of these conditions DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS? (Read Card A, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)		☐ Yes ☐ No				
13. Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? (Read Card B, condition by condition; record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person)		☐ Yes ☐ No				
14. At the present time do you have any other ailments, conditions, or problems with your health? (a) What is the condition? (Record condition itself if still present; otherwise record present effects.) (b) Any other problems with your health?		☐ Yes ☐ No				
15. (a) Have you been in a hospital at any time since _____, a year ago? If "Yes," ask: (b) How many times were you in the hospital during that period?		☐ Yes ☐ No _____ No. of times				
16. (a) Has anyone in the family been a patient in a nursing home, rest home, or any similar place since _____, a year ago? If "Yes," ask: (b) Who was this? (c) How many times were you in a nursing home or rest home during that period?		☐ Yes ☐ No _____ No. of times (1)				
INTERVIEWER: Examine ages and relationships in Questions 2 and 3 for children one year old or under, then check the appropriate box in Question 17(a).						
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%; vertical-align: top;"> 17. (a) ☐ Baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 17(b)) ☐ No baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 18) </td> <td style="width: 25%; vertical-align: top;"> (b) Are birth(s) for baby (babies) and delivery for mother shown in Table II? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 18) ☐ No (Go to Q. 17(c)) </td> <td style="width: 25%; vertical-align: top;"> (c) Was -- born in the hospital? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 17(d)) ☐ No (Go to Q. 18) </td> <td style="width: 25%; vertical-align: top;"> (d) When was -- born? (Enter month, day and year) Month _____ Day _____ Year _____ (If birthdate is since date shown in Qs. 15 and 16, fill one line of Table II for mother and one line for child.) </td> </tr> </table>			17. (a) ☐ Baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 17(b)) ☐ No baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 18)	(b) Are birth(s) for baby (babies) and delivery for mother shown in Table II? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 18) ☐ No (Go to Q. 17(c))	(c) Was -- born in the hospital? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 17(d)) ☐ No (Go to Q. 18)	(d) When was -- born? (Enter month, day and year) Month _____ Day _____ Year _____ (If birthdate is since date shown in Qs. 15 and 16, fill one line of Table II for mother and one line for child.)
17. (a) ☐ Baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 17(b)) ☐ No baby (babies) one year or under listed. (Go to Q. 18)	(b) Are birth(s) for baby (babies) and delivery for mother shown in Table II? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 18) ☐ No (Go to Q. 17(c))	(c) Was -- born in the hospital? ☐ Yes (Go to Q. 17(d)) ☐ No (Go to Q. 18)	(d) When was -- born? (Enter month, day and year) Month _____ Day _____ Year _____ (If birthdate is since date shown in Qs. 15 and 16, fill one line of Table II for mother and one line for child.)			

18. (a) I have some questions about health insurance. We don't want to include insurance that pays ONLY for accidents, but we are interested in all other kinds. Do you, your --, etc., have insurance that pays all or part of the bills when you go to the hospital? If "Yes," ask: (b) Who is covered by hospital insurance? (Check the "Yes" box in 18(a) for each person covered) (c) What is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans?	☐ Yes ☐ No Name of plan(s) -----
19. (a) Excluding insurance that pays ONLY for accidents, do you, your --, etc., have insurance that pays all or part of the surgeon's bill for an operation? If "Yes," ask: (b) Who is covered by insurance for surgeons' bills? (Check the "Yes" box in 19(a) for each person covered) (c) What is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans?	☐ Yes ☐ No Name of plan(s) -----
20. (a) Do you, your --, etc., have insurance that pays any part of doctors' bills for home calls and office visits? If "Yes," ask: (b) Who is covered by insurance for doctors' bills? (Check the "Yes" box in 20(a) for each person covered) (c) What is the name of the plan (or plans)? Any other plans? (d) Does it (each plan) pay for home calls and office visits for most kinds of sickness?	☐ Yes ☐ No Name of plan(s) ----- ☐ Yes ☐ No
If Male and 17 years old or over, ask: 21. (a) Did you ever serve in the Armed Forces of the United States? If "Yes," ask: (b) Was any of your service during a war or was it peace-time only? If "War," ask: (c) During which war did you serve? If "Peace-time" only, ask: (d) Was any of your service between June 27, 1950 and January 31, 1955?	(1) ☐ Fem. or und. 17 yrs. ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ War ☐ Peace-time only ☐ WW II ☐ Korean ☐ Other ☐ Yes ☐ No
If 17 years old or over, ask: 22. (a) What is the highest grade you attended in school? (Circle highest grade attended or check "None") (b) Did you finish the -- grade (year)?	☐ Und. 17 yrs. Elem: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 High: 1 2 3 4 College: 1 2 3 4 5+ ☐ None ☐ Yes ☐ No
Ask for all persons 17 years old or over: 23. (a) Did you work at any time last week or the week before? If "No," ask BOTH 23(b) and 23(c): (b) Even though you did not work last week or the week before do you have a job or business? (c) Were you looking for work or on layoff from a job?	☐ Und. 17 yrs. ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No
If "Yes," in Question 23(a), (b), or (c), ask: 24. (a) For whom did you work? (b) What kind of business or industry was this? (c) What kind of work were you doing? Ask only for persons 20 years old or over: (d) Have you been a _____ or doing this kind of work for the past three years?	Name of employer ----- Industry ----- Occupation ----- ☐ Und. 20 yrs. ☐ Yes ☐ No
25. Class of worker (Fill from information in Q. 24 (a) - (c); or, if not clear, ask additional questions)	☐ Private-paid ☐ Gov't ☐ Own ☐ Non-paid
26. Which of these income groups represents your total family income for the past 12 months, that is, your's, your --'s, etc.? (Show Card H). Include income from all sources, such as wages, salaries, rents from property, social security or retirement benefits, help from relatives, etc.	Group -----
R (For Q. 8-16) For persons 19 years old or over, show who responded for (or was present during the asking of) Q. 8-16. If persons responded for self, show whether entirely or partly. For persons under 19 show who responded for them.	☐ Responded for self-entirely ☐ Responded for self-partly Col. _____ was respondent
T INTERVIEWER: Enter the total number of hospitalizations for each person from Questions 15 and 16, or check the "None" box. Fill one line of Table II for each separate stay in the hospital.	Total No. of hospitalizations _____ or ☐ None

Table I - ILLNESSES, IMPAIRMENTS, AND INJURIES									
Line number	Col. No. of person	Question No.	Did you EVER at any time talk to a doctor about ...?	Ask for all illnesses and present effects of old injuries: (a) If doctor talked to: What did the doctor say it was? — did he give it a medical name? (b) If doctor not talked to: Record original entry and ask: (d-2) - (d-5) as required. Ask for all injuries during past 2 weeks: What part of the body was hurt? What kind of injury was it? Anything else? (Also, fill Table A for all injuries)	Ask if the entry in Col. (d-1) is: An Impairment, or a Symptom, or came from Question 11 or 13. What was the cause of ...? (If "Cause" is an injury, also fill Table A)	Ask only if 6 years old or over and blindness, or eye trouble of any kind. Can you see well enough to read ordinary newspaper print with glasses?	Ask for any entry in Col. (d-1) or Col. (d-2) that includes the words: Allergy* Tumor Asthma "Condition" Cyst "Disease" Growth "Trouble" Stroke* What kind of ... is it? *For an allergy or stroke ask: How does the allergy (stroke) affect you?	Ask only for: Impairments and injuries And for: Abscesses Inflammation Aches Neuralgia Bleeding Neuritis Blood Clot Pains Boils Sores Cancer Soreness Cyst Tumor Growth Ulcers Infection Weakness What part of the body is affected? Show detail for: Ear or eye - (One or both) Head - (Skull, scalp, face) Neck - (Upper, middle, lower) Arm - (Shoulder, upper, elbow, lower, wrist, hand; one or both) Leg - (Hip, upper, knee, lower, ankle, foot; one or both)	LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE did ... cause you to cut down on the things you usually do? Check one: No Yes (Go to Col. (A)) (e) (f)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d-1)	(d-2)	(d-3)	(d-4)	(d-5)	(e)	(f)
1		☐ Yes ☐ No			☐ Yes ☐ No				
2		☐ Yes ☐ No			☐ Yes ☐ No				
3		☐ Yes ☐ No			☐ Yes ☐ No				
4		☐ Yes ☐ No			☐ Yes ☐ No				
5		☐ Yes ☐ No			☐ Yes ☐ No				

Table II - HOSPITALIZATION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS									
Line number	Col. No. of person	Question No.	USE YOUR CALENDAR				For what condition did you enter the hospital — do you know the medical name? (If medical name not known, enter respondent's description.) (Entry must show "Cause," "Kind," and "Part of body" in same detail as required in Table I.)		
			You said that you were in the hospital (once, twice, etc.) during the past year — When did you enter the hospital (the last time)? (Enter month, day and year; if exact date not known, obtain estimate.)	How many nights were you in the hospital? (If exact number not known accept best estimate)	Complete from entries in Columns (c) and (d); or, if not clear ask the questions. How many of these — nights were in the past 12 months?	How many of these — nights were lost week or the week before?		Was this person still in the hospital last Sunday night?	
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)		
1			Month Day Year	Nights	Nights	Nights	☐ Yes ☐ No		
2			Month Day Year	Nights	Nights	Nights	☐ Yes ☐ No		
3			Month Day Year	Nights	Nights	Nights	☐ Yes ☐ No		
4			Month Day Year	Nights	Nights	Nights	☐ Yes ☐ No		

Table A - ACCIDENTS AND INJURIES			
Line No. from Table I	1. When did the accident happen?	2. At the time of the accident, what part of the body was hurt? What kind of injury was it? Anything else?	
	Year	Part(s) of body	Kind of injury (injuries)
Accident happened last week or week before (Go to Q. 3) ☐ (If 1961, 1962, or 1963 also enter month): Month			
3. (a) Was a car, truck, bus or other motor vehicle involved in the accident in any way?	☐ Yes ☐ No (Go to Q. 4)		
(b) Was more than one motor vehicle involved?	☐ Yes (More than one) ☐ No		
(c) Was it (either one) moving at the time?	☐ Yes ☐ No		
4. (a) Where did the accident happen — at home or some other place?	☐ At home (inside house) ☐ At home (adjacent premises) ☐ Some other place If "Some other place," ask: (b) What kind of place was it? 3. ☐ Street and highway (includes roadway) 6. ☐ School (includes school premises) 4. ☐ Farm 7. ☐ Place of recreation and sports, except at school 5. ☐ Industrial place (includes premises) 8. ☐ Other (Specify the place where accident happened)		
5. Were you at work at your job or business when the accident happened?	1. ☐ Yes 2. ☐ No 3. ☐ While in Armed Services 4. ☐ Under 17 at time of accident		

Table I - ILLNESSES, IMPAIRMENTS, AND INJURIES																							
Did you have to cut down for as much as a day?	How many days during that two-week period?	During that two-week period, how many days did you keep you in bed all or most of the day?	If 6-16 years old ask: How many days did you keep you from school last week or the week before?	If 17 years old or over ask: LAST WEEK or the WEEK BEFORE how many days did you keep you from work? (For females add) not counting work around the house?	Did you first notice ... (did it happen) during the past 3 months OR before that time?		To interviewer: CON-TINUE if Col. (k) is checked, or the condition is on Card A or is an impairment; otherwise, STOP	About how many days during the past 12 months has ... kept you in bed all or most of the day?	If 1 or more more days in Col. (n) and Col. (e) is checked, ask: How many of these days were during last week or the week before?	Were you EVER hospitalized for this condition?	Ask after completing last condition for each person.												
					Check one No (Go to Col. (k)) (-1)	Yes (-2)					(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(l)	(m)	(n)	(o)	(p)	(q)	(r)	(s)
		Days or None	Days or None	Days or None																			
		Days or None	Days or None	Days or None																			
		Days or None	Days or None	Days or None																			
		Days or None	Days or None	Days or None																			
		Days or None	Days or None	Days or None																			

Table II - HOSPITALIZATION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS		
Were any operations performed on you during this stay at the hospital? If "Yes," ask: (a) What was the name of the operation? (b) Any other operations?	What is the name and address of the hospital you were in? (Enter full name of hospital, street or highway on which it is located, city and State; if city not known, enter county.)	To interviewer: Carry this condition through Table I, if it does not appear there and "1" or more nights in Col. (f) or an Impairment or a Condition on Card A (x)
☐ Yes ☐ No	Name of hospital Street City and State	
☐ Yes ☐ No	Name of hospital Street City and State	
☐ Yes ☐ No	Name of hospital Street City and State	
☐ Yes ☐ No	Name of hospital Street City and State	

Table A - ACCIDENTS AND INJURIES			
Line No. from Table I	1. When did the accident happen?	2. At the time of the accident, what part of the body was hurt? What kind of injury was it? Anything else?	
	Year	Part(s) of body	Kind of injury (injuries)
Accident happened last week or week before (Go to Q. 3)	(If 1961, 1962, or 1963 also enter month): Month		
3. (a) Was a car, truck, bus or other motor vehicle involved in the accident in any way? ☐ Yes ☐ No (Go to Q. 4)			
(b) Was more than one motor vehicle involved? ☐ Yes (More than one) ☐ No			
(c) Was it (either one) moving at the time? ☐ Yes ☐ No			
4. (a) Where did the accident happen — at home or some other place? 1. ☐ At home (inside house) 2. ☐ At home (adjacent premises) ☐ Some other place			
If "Some other place," ask: (b) What kind of place was it? 3. ☐ Street and highway (includes roadway) 6. ☐ School (includes school premises) 4. ☐ Farm 7. ☐ Place of recreation and sports, except at school 5. ☐ Industrial place (includes premises) 8. ☐ Other (Specify the place where accident happened)			
5. Were you at work at your job or business when the accident happened? 1. ☐ Yes 2. ☐ No 3. ☐ While in Armed Services 4. ☐ Under 17 at time of accident			

Card A NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY Check List of Chronic Conditions Has anyone in the family had any of these conditions during the past 12 months? <table border="0"> <tr> <td>1. Asthma</td> <td>16. Any other chronic stomach trouble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. Tuberculosis</td> <td>17. Kidney stones or chronic kidney trouble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Chronic bronchitis</td> <td>18. Mental illness</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Repeated attacks of sinus trouble</td> <td>19. Arthritis or rheumatism</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5. Rheumatic fever</td> <td>20. Diabetes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6. Hardening of the arteries</td> <td>21. Thyroid trouble or goiter</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7. High blood pressure</td> <td>22. Any allergy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8. Heart trouble.</td> <td>23. Epilepsy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9. Stroke</td> <td>24. Chronic nervous trouble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10. Trouble with varicose veins</td> <td>25. Cancer</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11. Hemorrhoids or piles</td> <td>26. Chronic skin trouble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12. Hay fever</td> <td>27. Hernia or rupture</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13. Tumor, cyst or growth</td> <td>28. Prostate trouble</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14. Chronic gallbladder or liver trouble</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>15. Stomach ulcer</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	1. Asthma	16. Any other chronic stomach trouble	2. Tuberculosis	17. Kidney stones or chronic kidney trouble	3. Chronic bronchitis	18. Mental illness	4. Repeated attacks of sinus trouble	19. Arthritis or rheumatism	5. Rheumatic fever	20. Diabetes	6. Hardening of the arteries	21. Thyroid trouble or goiter	7. High blood pressure	22. Any allergy	8. Heart trouble.	23. Epilepsy	9. Stroke	24. Chronic nervous trouble	10. Trouble with varicose veins	25. Cancer	11. Hemorrhoids or piles	26. Chronic skin trouble	12. Hay fever	27. Hernia or rupture	13. Tumor, cyst or growth	28. Prostate trouble	14. Chronic gallbladder or liver trouble		15. Stomach ulcer		Card B NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY Check List of Selected Impairments Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions? - Deafness or serious trouble hearing with one or both ears - Serious trouble seeing with one or both eyes even when wearing glasses - Cleft palate - Any speech defect - Missing fingers, hand, or arm—toes, foot, or leg - Palsy - Paralysis of any kind - Repeated trouble with back or spine - Club foot - Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back - Any condition present since birth	Card D NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY For: Workers and other persons except Housewives and Children - Not able to work at all. - Able to work but limited in amount of work or kind of work. - Able to work but limited in kind or amount of other activities. - Not limited in any of these ways.
1. Asthma	16. Any other chronic stomach trouble																															
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Card E NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY For: Housewife - Not able to keep house at all. - Able to keep house but limited in amount or kind of housework. - Able to keep house but limited in kind or amount of other activities. - Not limited in any of these ways.	Card F NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY For: Children from 6 through 16 years old - Not able to go to school at all. - Able to go to school but limited to certain types of schools or in school attendance. - Able to go to school but limited in other activities. - Not limited in any of these ways.	Card G NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY For: Children under 6 years old - Not able to take part at all in ordinary play with other children. - Able to play with other children but limited in amount or kind of play. - Not limited in any of these ways.	Card H NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY Family Income during past 12 months Group A. Under \$500 (Including loss) Group B. \$500 - \$999 Group C. \$1,000 - \$1,999 Group D. \$2,000 - \$2,999 Group E. \$3,000 - \$3,999 Group F. \$4,000 - \$4,999 Group G. \$5,000 - \$5,999 Group H. \$7,000 - \$9,999 Group I. \$10,000 and over																													

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